

User's Manual S1

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Tecra S1 Series Portable Personal Computer User's Manual First edition March 2003

Disclaimer

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Memory Stick is a registered trademark and i.LINK is a trademark of Sony Corporation. CompactFlash is a trademark of SunDisk Corporation.

EU Declaration of Conformity



This product carries the CE-Mark in accordance with the related European Directives. Responsibility for CE-Marking rests with TOSHIBA Europe GmbH, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

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Optical disk drive standards

Tecra S1 series computer is shipped with one of the following drives preinstalled: CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, CD-R/RW, CD-RW/DVD-ROM or DVD Multi drive.

The drive has one of the following labels:

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT LASERSCHUTZKLASSE 1 PRODUKT TO EN60825 **CAUTION:** This appliance contains a laser system and is classified as a "CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT." To use this model properly, read the instruction manual carefully and keep this manual for your future reference. In case of any trouble with this model, please contact your nearest "AUTHORISED service station." To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

CAUTION: USE OF CONTROLS OR ADJUSTMENTS OR PERFORMANCE OF PROCEDURES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE OWNER'S MANUAL MAY RESULT IN HAZARDOUS RADIATION EXPOSURE.

Before it is shipped, the Class 1 Laser is certified to meet the United States Chapter 21 Standards of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS 21 CFR).

For any other country, the drive is certified to meet the Class 1 Laser standards of IEC825 and EN60825.

General Precautions

TOSHIBA computers are designed to optimize safety, minimize strain and withstand the rigors of portability. However, certain precautions should be observed to further reduce the risk of personal injury, damage to the computer or impared performance.

Be certain to read the general precautions below and to note the cautions included in the text of the manual.

Stress injury

Carefully read the Safety Instruction Manual. It contains information on prevention of stress injuries to your hands and wrists than can be caused by extensive keyboard use. Chapter 3, Getting Started, includes information on work space design, posture and lighting that can help reduce physical stress.

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Heat Warning

Avoid prolonged physical contact with the computer. If the computer is used for long periods, its surface can become very warm. While the temperature will not feel hot to the touch, if you maintain physical contact with the computer for a long time (if you rest the computer on your lap, or if you keep your hands on the palm rest, for example) your skin might suffer low-heat injury.

If the computer has been used for a long time, avoid direct contact with the metal plate supporting the I/O ports. It can become hot.

The surface of the AC adaptor can become hot when in use. This condition does not indicate a malfunction. If you need to transport the AC adaptor, disconnect it and let it cool before moving it.

Do not lay the AC adaptor on a material that is sensitive to heat. The material could be damaged.

Mobile phones

Use of mobile phones can interfere with the PC sound system. The PC operation is not impaired but it is recommended that a distance of 30cm is maintained between the PC & the mobile phone.

Pressure or impact damage

Do not apply heavy pressure to the computer or subject it to strong impact. Excessive pressure or impact can cause damage to computer components or otherwise cause malfunctions.

PC card overheating

Some PC cards can become hot with prolonged use. If two cards are installed, both can become hot even if only one is used extensively. Overheating of a PC card can result in errors or instability in the PC card operation. Also, be careful when you remove a PC card that has been used for a long time.

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Central Processing Unit ("CPU") Performance

Disclaimer

CPU performance in your computer product may vary from specifications under the following conditions:

- Use of certain peripheral products
- Use of battery power instead of AC power
- Use of certain multimedia games or videos with special effects
- Use of standard telephone lines or low speed network connections
- Use of complex modeling software, such as high end computer aided design applications
- Use of the computer in areas with low air pressure (high altitude > 1,000 meters or > 3,280 feet above sea level)
- Use of the computer at temperatures outside the range of 5°C to 35°C (41°F to 95°F) or > 25°C (77°F) at high altitude (all temperature references are approximate).

CPU performance may also vary from specifications due to design configuration.

Under some conditions, your computer product may automatically shutdown. This is a normal protective feature designed to reduce the risk of lost data or damage to the product when used outside recommended conditions. To avoid risk of lost data, always make back-up copies of data by periodically storing it on an external storage medium. For optimum performance, use your computer product only under recommended conditions. Read additional restrictions in bundled documents. Contact TOSHIBA Service and Support for more information.

CE compliance

This product and the original options are designed to observe the related EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) and safety standards. However, TOSHIBA should not guarantee that this product still observes these EMC standards if options or cables not produced by TOSHIBA are connected or implemented. In this case the persons who have connected / implemented those options / cables have to assure that the system (PC plus options / cables) still fulfils the required standards. To avoid in general EMC problems following advice should be observed:

- Only CE marked options should be connected / implemented
- Only best shielded cables should be connected

Working environment

This product was designed to fulfil the EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) requirements to be observed for so-called "Residential, commercial and light industry environments".

TOSHIBA do not approve the use of this product in working environments other than the above mentioned "Residential, commercial and light industry environments".

For example, the following environments are not approved:

- Industrial Environments (environments with a mains voltage >230V~)
- Medical Environments
- Automotive Environments
- Aircraft Environments



If this product is supplied with a network port, please refer to the paragraph "Network connection".

Any consequences resulting from the use of this product in working environments that are not approved are not the responsibility of TOSHIBA Europe GmbH.

The consequences of the use of this product in non-approved working environments may be:

- Interference with other devices or machines in the near surrounding area
- Malfunction of, or data loss from, this product caused by disturbances generated by other devices or machines in the near surrounding area

Therefore TOSHIBA strongly recommend that the electromagnetic compatibility of this product should be suitably tested in all non-approved working environments before use. In the case of automobiles or aircraft, the manufacturer or airline respectively should be asked for permission before use of this product.

Furthermore, for general safety reasons, the use of this product in environments with explosive atmospheres is not permitted.

Network connection (class A warning)

If this product has networking capabilities and will be connected to a network, Class A radiation limits will be observed (in accordance with technical conventions). This means that if the product will be used in a domestic environment, other devices in the near surrounding may suffer interference. Consequently, please do not use this product in such environments (for example a living room), otherwise you could be held responsible for any ensuing interference.

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Modem warning notice

Conformity Statement

The equipment has been approved to [Commission Decision "CTR21"] for pan-European single terminal connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN).

However, due to differences between the individual PSTNs provided in different countries/regions the approval does not, of itself, give an unconditional assurance of successful operation on every PSTN network termination point.

In the event of problems, you should contact your equipment supplier in the first instance.

Network Compatibility Statement

This product is designed to work with, and is compatible with the following networks. It has been tested to and found to conform with the additional requirements contained in EG 201 121.

Germany	- ATAAB AN005, AN006, AN007, AN009, AN010, and DE03, 04, 05, 08, 09, 12, 14, 17
Greece	- ATAAB AN005, AN006 and GR01, 02, 03, 04
Portugal	- ATAAB AN001, 005, 006, 007, 011 and P03, 04, 08, 10
Spain	- ATAAB AN005, 007, 012, and ES01
Switzerland	- ATAAB AN002
All other countries/regions	- ATAAB AN003, 004

Specific switch settings or software setup are required for each network. The hookflash (timed break register recall) function is subject to separate national type approval. It has not been tested for conformity to national type regulations, and no guarantee of successful operation of that specific function on specific national networks can be given.

Information to Wireless LAN Users

Wireless Interoperability

The TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card products are designed to be interoperable with any Wireless LAN product that is based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) radio technology, and is compliant to:

- The IEEE 802.11 Standard on Wireless LANs (Revision B), as defined and approved by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.
- The Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) certification as defined by the WECA Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance.

Wireless LAN and your Health

Wireless LAN products, like other radio devices, emit radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by Wireless LAN devices however is far much less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices like for example mobile phones.

Because Wireless LAN products operate within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, TOSHIBA believes Wireless LAN is safe for use by consumers. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature.

In some situations or environments, the use of Wireless LAN may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the organisation. These situations may for example include:

- Using the Wireless LAN equipment on board of aeroplanes, or
- In any other environment where the risk of interference to other devices or services is perceived or identified as harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies on the use of wireless devices in a specific organisation or environment (e.g. airports), you are encouraged to ask for authorisation to use the Wireless LAN device prior to turning on the equipment.

Regulatory Information

The TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. This device complies with the following radio frequency and safety standards.

Europe - EU Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC with essential test suites as per standards:

- EN 60950 Safety of Information Technology equipment
- ETS 300 328 Technical requirements for radio equipment
- ETS 300 826 General EMC requirements for radio equipment.

België/Belgique

For outdoor usage only channel 10 (2457 MHz) and 11 (2462 MHz) is allowed.

For private usage outside buildings across public grounds over less than 300m no special registration with IBPT/BIPT is required. Registration to IBPT/BIPT is required for private usage outside buildings across public grounds over more than 300m. An IBPT/BIPT license is required for public usage outside building.

For registration and license please contact IBPT/BIPT.

Gebruik buiten gebouw alleen op kanalen 10 (2457 MHz) en 11 (2462 MHz). Voor privégebruik buiten gebouw over publieke groud over afstand kleiner dan 300m geen registratie bij BIPT/IBPT nodig; voor gebruik over afstand groter dan 300m is wel registratie bij BIPT/IBPT nodig. Voor publiek gebruik buiten gebouwen is licentie van BIPT/IBPT verplicht. Voor registratie of licentie kunt u contact opnemen met BIPT.

L'utilisation en extérieur est autorisé sur le canal 10 (2457 MHz) et 11 (2462 Mhz).

Dans le cas d'une utilisation privée, à l'extérieur d'un bâtiment, au-dessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est nécessaire pour une distance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance supérieure à 300m un enregistrement auprès de l'IBPT est requise. Pour une utilisation publique à l'extérieur de bâtiments, une licence de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.

Deutschland:

License required for outdoor installations. Check with reseller for procedure to follow

Anmeldung im Outdoor-Bereich notwendig, aber nicht genehmigungspflichtig. Bitte mit Händler die Vorgehensweise abstimmen.

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Restricted frequency band: only channels 10 and 11 (2457 MHz and 2462 MHz respectively) may be used in France. License required for every
installation, indoor and outdoor installations. Please contact ART for procedure to follow.
Bande de fréquence restreinte : seuls les canaux 10 à 11 (2457 et 2462 MHz respectivement) doivent être utilisés en France.
Toute utilisation, qu'elle soit intérieure ou extérieure, est soumise à autorisation. Vous pouvez contacter l'Autorité de Régulation des Télécommuniations (http://www.art-telecom.fr) pour la procédure à suivre.
License required for indoor use. Use with outdoor installations not allowed
E'necessaria la concessione ministeriale anche per l'uso interno.
Verificare con i rivenditori la procedura da seguire. L'uso per installazione in esterni non e' permessa.
License required for outdoor installations. Check with reseller for procedure to follow
Licentie verplicht voor gebruik met buitenantennes. Neem contact op met verkoper voor juiste procedure

Caution: Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation.

The radiated output power of the TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimised. When using this device in combination with Wireless LAN Outdoor Antenna products, a certain separation distance between antenna and nearby persons has to be kept to ensure RF exposure compliance. The distance between the antennas and the user should not be less than 5.0cm.

Refer to the Regulatory Statements as identified in the documentation that comes with those products for additional information.

The TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits.

Nevertheless, it is advised to use the TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card in such a manner that human contact during normal operation is minimised.

Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no quarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

TOSHIBA is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorised modification of the devices included with this TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than specified by TOSHIBA.

The correction of interference caused by such unauthorised modification, substitution or attachment will be the responsibility of the user.

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Taiwan

Article 14	Unless approved, for any model accredited low power radio frequency electric machinery, any company, trader or user shall not change the frequency, increase the power or change the features and functions of the original design.
Article 17	Any use of low power radio frequency electric machinery shall not affect the aviation safety and interfere with legal communications. In event that any interference is found, the use of such electric machinery shall be stopped immediately, and reusing of such products can be resumed until no interference occurs after improvement.
	The legal communications mentioned in the above item refer to radio communications operated in accordance with telecommunication laws and regulations.
	Low power radio frequency electric machinery shall resist against interference from legal communications or from industrial, scientific and medical radio emission electric machinery.

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Using this equipment in Japan

In Japan, the frequency bandwidth of 2,400~2,483.5MHz for second generation low-power data communication systems such as this equipment overlaps that of mobile object identification systems (premises radio station and specified low-power radio station).

1. Sticker

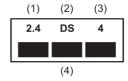
Please put the following sticker on devices incorporating this product.

In the frequency bandwidth of this equipment, industrial device, scientific device, medical device like microwave oven, licensed premises radio station and non-licensed specified low-power radio station for mobile object identification system (RF-ID) that is used in product line of factories, (Other Radio Stations) are used.

- Please make sure before using this equipment that no Other Radio Stations are used in the neighbourhood.
- 2. In case that RF interference occurs to Other Radio Stations from this equipment, please change promptly the frequency for use, place to use, or stop emitting Radio.
- Please contact TOSHIBA Direct PC if you have a problem, such as interference from this equipment to Other Radio Stations.

2. Indication

The indication shown below appears on this equipment.



- (1) 2.4: This equipment uses a frequency of 2.4GHz.
- (2) DS: This equipment uses DS-SS modulation.
- (3) 4: The interference range of this equipment is less than 40m.
- (4): This equipment uses a frequency bandwidth from 2,400mhz to 2,483.5MHz.

It is impossible to avoid the band of mobile object identification systems.

Electronic communication device authorisation

This device obtains the Technical Conditions Compliance Approval, and it belongs to the device class of radio equipment of low-power data communication system radio station stipulated in the Telecommunications Business Law.

The following restrictions apply:

- Do not disassemble or modify the device.
- Do not remove the authorisation label from the device.

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Device Authorisation

This device obtains the Technical Regulation Conformity Certification, and it belongs to the device class of radio equipment of low-power data communication system radio station stipulated in the Radio Law of Japan.

The following restrictions apply:

- Do not disassemble of modify the device.
- Do not remove the authorisation label from the device.

Regulatory statements

General

This product complies with any mandatory product specification in any country/region where the product is sold. In addition, the product complies with the following.

European Union (EU) and EFTA

This equipment complies with the R&TTE directive 1999/5/EC and has been provided with the CE mark accordingly.

United States of America and Canada

Tested To Comply With FCC Standards FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE. See FCC 47CFR part 15.19(b)(2)

This device complies with part15 of the FCC rules and with RSS-210 / RSS-139 of the Industry Canada. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note that any changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the FCC authorisation to operate this equipment.

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Canada

IC Notice

To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing.

Pour empêcher un brouillage radioélectrique au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, cet appareil doit être utilisé à l'interieur et loin des fenêtres afin de founir un écran de blindage maximal. Au cas aù un installation en plain air, le materiel doit faire l'objet d'une licence.

EU Declaration of Conformity

Toshiba declares, that this product conforms to the following standards:

Supplementary Information:

"The product complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and/or the R&TTE Directive 1999/05/EEC."

This product is carrying the CE-Mark in accordance with the related European Directives. Responsible for CE-Marking is Toshiba Europe GmbH, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

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Countries/regions where type approvals, or use permission is in process, or already obtained for the built-in, or optionally available Wireless LAN Mini PCI-Card, and/or Bluetooth[™].



Do not use this equipment in Countries/Regions, in which this equipment is not approved. Contact one of your TOSHIBA Worldwide Computer Representatives in Appendix C for further information.

Australia	Austria	Azerbaijan
Bahrain	Belgium	Bulgaria
Canada	Czech Republic	Denmark
Egypt	Estonia	Finland
France	Germany	Greece
Hong Kong	Hungary	Iceland
India	Indonesia	Ireland
Italy	Japan	Korea
Kuwait	Latvia	Lebanon
Lichtenstein	Lithunania	Luxemburg
Malaysia	Malta	Monaco
Morocco	Netherlands	Norway
New Zealand	Oman	Philippines
Poland	Portugal	Romania
Russia	Saudi Arabia	Singapore
Slovakia	Slovenia	South Africa
Spain	Sri Lanka	Sweden
Switzerland	Taiwan	Thailand
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Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the Tecra S1 Series computer. This powerful, lightweight notebook computer is designed to provide years of reliable, high-performance computing.

This manual tells how to set up and begin using your tecra S1 Series computer. It also provides detailed information on configuring your computer, basic operations and care, using optional devices and troubleshooting.

If you are a new user of computers or if you're new to portable computing, first read over the *Introduction* and *The Grand Tour* chapters to familiarize yourself with the computer's features, components and accessory devices. Then read *Getting Started* for step-by-step instructions on setting up your computer.

If you are an experienced computer user, please continue reading the preface to learn how this manual is organized, then become acquainted with this manual by browsing through its pages. Be sure to look over the *Special features* section of the *Introduction*, to learn about features that are uncommon or unique to the computers and carefully read *HW Setup and Passwords*. If you are going to install PC cards or connect external devices such as a printer, be sure to read Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

Manual contents

This manual is composed of nine chapters, nine appendixes, a glossary, and an index.

Chapter 1, *Introduction*, is an overview of the computer's features, capabilities, and options.

Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, identifies the components of the computer and briefly explains how they function.

Chapter 3, *Getting Started*, provides a quick overview of how to begin operating your computer and gives tips on safety and designing your work area.

Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*, includes tips on care of the computer and on using the TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device, Slim Select Bay modules, optical media drive, external diskette drive, Wireless LAN, LANs, microphone and internal modem.

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Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, describes special keyboard functions including the keypad overlay and hotkeys.

Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, gives details on the computer's power resources and battery save modes.

Chapter 7, *HW Setup and Passwords*, explains how to configure the computer using the HW Setup program. It also tells how to set a password.

Chapter 8, Optional Devices, describes the optional hardware available.

Chapter 9, *Troubleshooting*, provides helpful information on how to perform some diagnostic tests, and suggests courses of action if the computer doesn't seem to be working properly.

The Appendixes provide technical information about your computer.

The Glossary defines general computer terminology and includes a list of acronyms used in the text.

The Index quickly directs you to the information contained in this manual.

Conventions

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

Abbreviations

On first appearance, and whenever necessary for clarity, abbreviations are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example: Read Only Memory (ROM). Acronyms are also defined in the Glossary.

Icons

Icons identify ports, dials, and other parts of your computer. The indicator panel also uses icons to identify the components it is providing information on.

Keys

The keyboard keys are used in the text to describe many computer operations. A distinctive typeface identifies the key top symbols as they appear on the keyboard. For example, **Enter** identifies the Enter key.

Tecra S1 Series xxv

Key operation

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the key top symbols separated by a plus sign (+). For example, **Ctrl + C** means you must hold down **Ctrl** and at the same time press **C**. If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

Display



ABC

Names of windows or icons or text generated by the computer that appears on its display screen is presented in the type face you see to the left.

Text generated by the computer is usually preceded by the screen icon.

Messages

Messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each type of message is identified as shown below.



Pay attention! A **caution** informs you that improper use of equipment or failure to follow instructions may cause data loss or damage your equipment.



Please read. A **note** is a hint or advice that helps you make best use of your equipment.

Tecra S1 Series xxvi

Chapter 1

Introduction

This chapter provides an equipment checklist and it identifies the computer's features, utilities and options.



Some of the features described in this manual may not function properly if you use an operating system that was not preinstalled by TOSHIBA.

Equipment checklist

Carefully unpack your computer. Save the box and packing materials for future use.

Hardware

Check to make sure you have all the following items:

- Tecra S1 series Portable Personal Computer
- Universal AC adaptor and power cord
- USB diskette drive (Provided with some models)
- Modular cable

Software

Windows XP Professional Service Pack 1

The following software is preinstalled:

Microsoft® Windows XP Professional

User's Manual 1-1

- Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Modem driver
- Display Driver for Windows
- TOSHIBA Utilities
- Wireless LAN driver
- Sound Driver for Windows
- DVD Video Player
- LAN Driver
- Infrared Device Driver
- TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device utility
- TOSHIBA Power Saver
- TOSHIBA Console
- Online manual
- Documentation
 - Tecra S1 Series Portable Personal Computer User's Manual
 - Tecra S1 Series QuickStart
 - Microsoft Windows XP manual
 - Safety Instruction Manual
 - Warranty information
- Product Recovery CD-ROM or DVD-ROM
- Tools & Utilities CD-ROM

If any of the items are missing or damaged, contact your dealer immediately.

Features

The computer uses TOSHIBA's advanced Large Scale Integration (LSI), Comple-mentary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) technology extensively to provide compact size, minimum weight, low power usage, and high reliability. This computer incorporates the following features and benefits:

Processor

Processor	The computer is equipped with an Intel® processor, which incorporates a math coprocessor, a 64 KB level 1 cache memory and a 1MB level 2 cache memory. It also supports Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep™ technology.	
	1.3 GHz	Intel® Pentium® M Processor 1.3 GHz
	1.4 GHz	Intel® Pentium® M Processor 1.4 GHz
	1.6 GHz	Intel® Pentium® M Processor 1.6 GHz
	Other proce	essors may be offered in the future.



Some models of the computers carry Intel® CentrinoTM technology, which is based on three separate technologies of Intel® Pentium® M, Intel® PRO/Wireless Network Connection, and Intel® 855 Chipset Family.

Memory

Slots	PC2100 128 or 256 MB or 512MB memory modules can be installed in the two memory slots for a maximum of 1GB system memory.
Level 2 cache	A 1MB level 2 cache is provided to maximize performance.
Video RAM	32 MB of RAM is provided for video display.

Disks

Built-in	The computer has an integrated, 2 ½" hard disk drive (HDD) for nonvolatile storage of data and software. It comes in the following sizes. ■ 30.0GB(27.94 billion bytes) ■ 40.0GB(37.26 billion bytes) Other hard disk drives may be offered in the future.		
Diskette drive	3½" 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte connects to the USB port. (Windows® XP does not support 720-kilobyte diskettes.)		
CD-ROM drive	A maximum 24-speed CD-ROM drive supports the following formats: ■ Photo CD TM ■ CD-R (read only) ■ CD-ROM ■ CD-Rewritable (read only) ■ CD-DA ■ CCD-Text ■ CD-ROM x A Mode 2 (Form1, Form2) ■ Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)		
DVD-ROM drive	A full-size, DVD-ROM drive module lets you run either digital versatile or compact disks without using an adaptor. It runs DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. This drive supports the same formats as the CD-ROM drive plus the following: DVD-ROM DVD-Video		
CD-RW/ DVD-ROM drive	Some models are equipped with a full-size, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at up to 24 speed and CD-RW at up to 24 speed. See Chapter 4, Operating Basics, for details. For reading, this drive supports the following formats:		
	 DVD-ROM DVD-Video CD-DA CD-Text Photo CD™ (single/ multi-session) CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2 (Form1, Form2) Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA) CD-G (Audio CD only) Addressing Method 2 		

DVD Multi drive (optional)

A full-size DVD Multi drive lets you read/write DVD-R, DVD-RW, DVD-RAM, CD-R and CD-RW discs. DVD Multi media can be read, written and erased with random access like a diskette. Data can be rewritten hundreds of thousands of times over the life of a disc. For reading, this drive supports the same formats as the DVD-ROM drive. Refer to chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, for details.

Display

The computer's LCD panel supports high-resolution video graphics. The screen can be set at a wide range of viewing angles for maximum comfort and readability.

and readability.			
Built-in	Thin-film transistor color LCD is available in three sizes:		
	14.1" XGA-TFT, 1024 horizontal x 768 vertical pixels		
	■ 15.0" XGA-TFT, 1024 horizontal x 768 vertical pixels		
Graphics controller	A 64 bit graphics controller maximizes display performance. Refer to Appendix E for more information.		
Keyboard			
Built-in	85 keys or 86 keys, compatible with IBM enhanced keyboard, embedded numeric overladedicated cursor control, and keys. See Chapter 5. The Keyboard, for details.		
TOSHIBA Dual Po	ointing Device		
Touch pad	A Touch pad and control buttons in the palm resenable control of the on-screen pointer and scrolling of windows.		
AccuPoint	This pointer control stick, located in the center of		

the keyboard, provides convenient control of the

Tecra S1 Series 1-5

cursor.

Power

Battery pack	The computer is powered by one rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack.
RTC battery	The internal RTC battery backs up the Real Time Clock (RTC) and calendar.
AC adaptor	The AC adaptor provides power to the system and recharges the batteries when they are low. It comes with a detachable power cord. Because it is universal, it can receive a range of AC voltage between 100 and 240 volts.

Ports

Headphone	Enables connection of a stereo headphone		
Microphone	Enables connection of a monaural microphone		
Parallel	Parallel printer or other parallel device (ECP compatible).		
Serial	RS-232C compatible port (16550 UART compatible)		
Infrared	This infrared port is compatible with Infrared Data Association (IrDA 1.1) Fast InfraRed (FIR) standards. It enables cableless 4 Mbps data transfer with IrDA 1.1 compatible external devices.		
External monitor	A 15-pin, analog VGA port supports VESA DDC2B compatible functions.		
PS/2 keyboard/mouse	Connects an external PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse.		
Docking	Special port for connecting an optional Port Replicator.		
Universal Serial Bus	Three Universal Serial Bus (USB) enables chain connection of a number of USB-equipped devices to one port on your computer.		

Slots

PC Card	A PC Card slot accommodates: ■ Two 5 mm Type II ■ One 10.5 mm Type III Refer to Chapter 8, Optional Devices, for details.		
SD Card	The SD Card slot accommodates: SD Cards Refer to Chapter 8, Optional Devices, for details		
Multimedia			
Sound system	Sound Blaster TM Pro TM and Windows Sound System compatible sound system provides internal speaker as well as jacks for an external microphone and headphone. It also has a volume control dial.		
Video-out jack	This RCA video jack lets you transfer NTSC or PAL data to external devices.		
Communication	es .		
Modem	An internal modem provides capability for data and fax communication. It supports V.92(US/Canda) and V.90(other countries/regions). The speed of data transfer and fax depends on analog telephone line conditions. It has a modem jack for connecting to a telephone line.		
LAN	The computer is equipped with a LAN card that supports Ethernet LAN (10 Mbit/s, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 Mbit/s, 100BASE-Tx). It is preinstalled as a standard device in some markets.		

Wireless LAN

Some computers in this series are equipped with a wireless LAN mini-PCI card that is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum radio technology that complies with the IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision A or B).

Revision-A supports data transfer up to 54 Mbit/s. Revision-B supports data transfer up to 11 Mbit/s. Turbo Mode (USA,Canada only) supports data transfer up to 108 Mbit/s. It has Frequency Channel Selection (5 GHz or 2.4 GHz) and allows roming over multiple channels.

Slim SelectBay

Modules

Slim Select Bay is a single-drive bay that accommodates a CD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM drive, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, DVD Multi drive, optional Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor or optional Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack. The TOSHIBA Mobile Extension enables hot insertion of modules when you are using a plug and play operating system.

Security

Security lock slot

Connects an optional security lock to anchor the computer to a desk or other large object

Software

Operating System

Windows®XP Professional is available. Refer to the preinstalled software section at the front of this chapter.

TOSHIBA Utilities

A number of utilities and drivers are preinstalled to make your computer more convenient to use. Refer to the Utilities section in this chapter.

Plug and Play

When you connect an external device to the computer or when you install a component, Plug and Play capability enables the system to recognize the connection and make the necessary configurations automatically.

Special features

The following features are either unique to TOSHIBA computers or are advanced features, that make the computer more convenient to use. Availability or use of specific features may vary according to the operating system.

Hotkeys	Key combinations let you quickly modify the system configuration directly from the keyboard without running a system configuration program.		
Keypad overlay	Keys with gray lettering make up the keypad overlay, which lets you use the keyboard for tenkey operations or cursor control.		
Display automatic power off	This feature automatically cuts off power to the internal display when there is no keyboard input for a time specified. Power is restored when any key is pressed. You can specify the time in the Turn off monitor item of the Power Save Mode window in Power Saver.		
HDD automatic power off	This feature automatically cuts off power to the hard disk drive when it is not accessed for a tin specified. Power is restored when the hard disk is accessed. You can specify the time in the <i>Tu off hard disks item</i> of the Power Save Mode window in Power Saver.		
System automatic power off	This feature automatically turns off power to the system when there is no input for a time specified. You can specify the time in the When the system standby time has passed item of the System Power Mode window in Power Saver.		
Battery save mode	This feature lets you save battery power. You can specify the Power Save Mode in the Running on batteries item of the Power Save Modes window in Power Saver.		
Power on password	Three levels of password security are available: supervisor and user. This feature prevents unauthorized access to your computer.		
Instant security	A hotkey function blanks the screen and disables the computer providing quick and easy data security.		

Panel power on/off	when the display back on when specify the set	rns power to the computer off ay panel is closed and turns it the panel is opened. You can ting in the When I close the lid tem Power Mode window in	
Auto power on	This feature lets you set a time and date for the computer to turn on automatically. The feature is useful for receiving remote communications while you are asleep or away. You can specify the setting in Scheduled Tasks.		
Standby	If you have to interrupt your work, you can turn off the power without exiting from your software. Data is maintained in the computer's main memory. When you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.		
Hibernation	This feature lets you turn off the power without exiting from your software. The contents of main memory is saved to the hard disk, when you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.		
Heat dispersal	internal temper internal temper cooling fan is to is lowered. Use	n overheating, the CPU has an rature sensor. If the computer's rature rises to a certain level, the urned on or the processing speed to the Fan item of the <i>Power Save</i> or in Power Saver.	
	Maximum Performance	Turns on fan first, then if necessary lowers CPU processing speed.	
	Performance	Uses a combination of fan and lowering the CPU processing speed.	
	Battery optimized	Lowers the CPU processing speed first, then if necessary turns on the fan.	

Utilities

This section describes preinstalled utilities and tells how to start them. For details on operations, refer to each utility's online manual, help files or read.me files.

Power Saver Utility	To access this power savings management program, open the Control Panel and select the TOSHIBA Power Saver icon.
HW Setup	This program lets you customize your hardware settings according to the way you work with your computer and the peripherals you use. To start the utility, click the Windows Start button and click Control Panel. In the Control Panel, select the TOSHIBA HW Setup icon.
TOSHIBA Controls	This utility has four sections to let you do the following: Buttons: Assign applications to the Internet button (default setting is the browser) and to the TOSHIBA Console button (default setting is the TOSHIBA Console).
DVD Video Player	The DVD Video Player is used to play DVD-Video. It has an on-screen interface and functions. Click Start, point to All Programs, point to InterVideo WinDVD 4, then click InterVideo WinDVD 4.
Drag'n Drop CD	This easy-to-use software lets you record CDs with just a few mouse clicks. You can create CDs/DVDs in several formats including audio CDs that can be played on a standard stereo CD player and data CDs to store the files and folders on your hard drive. This software can be used only on models with CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive or DVD Multi drive.
TOSHIBA Mobile Extension	This utility enables hot insertion of Slim Select Bay modules, that is, you can remove/insert Slim Select Bay modules while the computer is on. To activate this utility, select TOSHIBA Mobile Extension from TOSHIBA Console.

ConfigFree	ConfigFree is a suite of utilities to allow easy control of communication device and network connections. ConfigFree also allows you to find communication probrems and create profiles for easy switching between location and communication networks.
	You can boot ConfigFree from the menu bar as follows:
	Windows XP: [Start] - [All Programs] - [TOSHIBA ConfigFree] - [ConfigFree]
TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device utility	This utility has the following functions: To disable/enable TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device with Fn + F9 keys.To customize the functions of TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device easily.

General options

You can add a number of options to make your computer even more powerful and convenient to use. The following options are available:

Memory expansion	Two memory expansion slots are available for installing 128 or 256 or 512MB memory modules. The modules are PC2100, 200-pin, SO Dual In-line (SO-DIMM).
Main battery pack	An additional battery pack 9 cells type (PA3257*), 6 cells type (PA3248*) can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. The battery pack is identical to the one that came with your computer. Use it as a spare or replacement.
AC adaptor	If you use your computer at more than one site, it may be convenient to purchase an additional AC adaptor for each site so you will not have to carry the adaptor with you.
3½" USB diskette drive	A 3½" diskette drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskettes. It connects to a USB port. (Windows®XP does not support 720-kilobyte diskettes.)

Security lock	A slot is available to attach a security cable to the computer to deter theft.
Advanced Port Replicator II	The Advanced Port Replicator II provides the ports available on the computer in addition to separate PS/2 mouse and PS/2 keyboard ports, a digital visual interface (DVI) port, i.LINK™ (IEEE1394) port, line-in jack and line-out jack.



The Tecra S1 does not support the DVI and i.LINK ports on the Advanced Port Replicator II.

Slim SelectBay options

The following modules can be installed in the Slim Select Bay.

DVD-ROM drive	Refer to the Features section for details.
CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive	Refer to the Features section for details.
CD-ROM drive	Refer to the Features section for details.
DVD Multi drive	Refer to the Features section for details.
Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor	An adaptor lets you insert an optional HDD described in Chapter 8, Optional Devices.
Hard disk drive	You can increase your computer's data storage capacity with an additional hard disk drive in the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor.
Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack	The secondary battery increases your computer's battery power and operating time when a main battery is also installed.

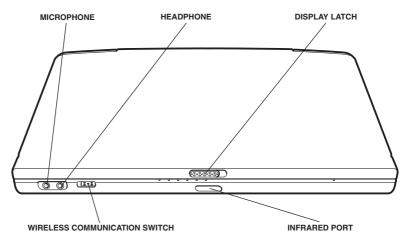
Chapter 2

The Grand Tour

This chapter identifies the various components of your computer. Become familiar with each component before you operate the computer.

Front with the display closed

The figure below shows the computer's front with its display panel in the closed position.



Front of the computer with display closed

Display latch	This latch secures the LCD panel in its closed position. Slide the latch to open the display.
Microphone jack	A standard 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a monaural microphone or other device for audio input.

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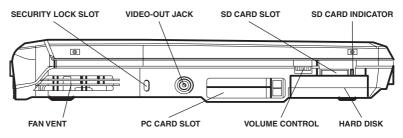
\mathbf{C}	Headphone jack	A standard 3.5 mm mini headphone jack enables connection of a stereo headphone (16 ohm minimum) or other device for audio output. When you connect headphones, the internal speaker is automatically disabled.
ř"	Infrared port	This infrared port is compatible with Infrared Data Association (IrDA 1.1) standards. It enables cableless 4 Mbps, 1.152 Mbps, 115.2 Kbps, 57.6 Kbps, 38.4 Kbps, 19.2 Kbps or 9.6 Kbps data transfer with IrDA 1.1 compatible external devices.
Off	Wireless communication switch	Slide this switch toward the left of the computer to turn on Wireless communication. Slide it toward the right of the computer to turn off the functions.



Set the switch to off in airplanes and hospitals. Check the Wireless communication indicator. It will stop glowing when the wireless communication.

Left side

The figure below shows the computer's left side.







■∈∋∈ Security lock slot

A security cable attaches to this slot. The optional security cable anchors your computer to a desk or other large object to deter theft.



Volume control

Use this dial to adjust the volume of the system speaker and headphones.



SD card slot

This slot lets you transfer data from the device to your computer.

SD card Indicator

This LED glows green when the computer is accessing the SD card Slot.



Keep foreign objects out of the SD card slot. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.

Fan vent

Provides air flow for the fan.



Be careful not to block the fan vent. Also be careful to keep foreign objects out of the vents. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.



Video-out jack

Plug an RCA video connector into this jack.



PC card slot

A PC card slot can accommodate two 5 mm PC cards (Type II) or one 10.5 mm PC card (Type III). The slot supports 16-bit PC cards and CardBus PC cards.

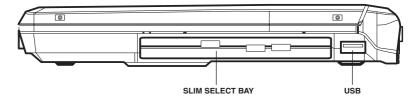


Keep foreign objects out of the PC card slot. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.

Hard Disk Provides access to read and write.

Right side

The figure below shows the computer's right side.



The right side of the computer

Slim Select Bay

A CD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM drive, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, DVD Multi drive, Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor, secondary battery pack can be installed in the Slim Select Bay.



Universal Serial Bus port

The Universal Serial Bus (USB) port complies with USB2.0 standard, which enables data transfer speeds 40 times faster than the USB1.1 standards.(The port also supports USB1.1.)



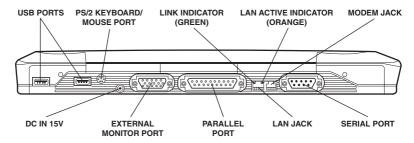
Keep foreign objects out of the USB connectors. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.



Operation of all functions of all USB devices has not been confirmed. some functions might not execute properly.

Back side

The figure below shows the computer's back panel.



The back side of the computer



Universal Serial Bus Ports

Two Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports comply with USB 2.0 standard, which enables data transfer speeds 40 times faster than the USB 1.1 standards.(The ports also support USB 1.1)



Keep foreign objects out of the USB connectors. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.



Operation of all functions of all USB devices has not been confirmed. some functions might not execute properly.



PS/2 keyboard/ mouse port

Use this port to connect an external PS/2 compatible keyboard or mouse. The computer automatically recognizes which device you have connected when you turn on the power.



This jack lets you connect to a LAN. The adaptor has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-Tx). The LAN has two indicators. See Chapter 4, Operating Basics, for details.

LAN active indicator (orange)

This indicator glows orange when data is being exchanged between the computer and the LAN.

Link indicator (green)

This indicator glows green when the computer is connected to a LAN and the LAN is functioning properly.



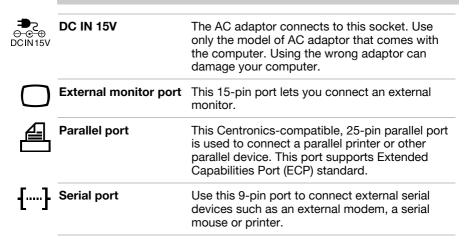
Modem jack

A modem jack lets you use a modular cable to connect the modem directly to a telephone line. The modem is not supported in some marketing regions.



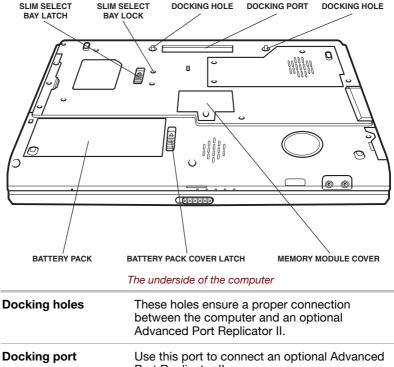
In case of a lightning storm, unplug the modem cable from the telephone iack.

Do not connect the modem to a digital telephone line (ISDN). A digital line will damage the modem.



Underside

The figure below shows the underside of the computer. Make sure the display is closed before turning over your computer.





Port Replicator II.



Keep foreign objects out of the docking port. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.

	Battery pack	The battery pack powers the computer when the AC adaptor is not connected. The Batteries section in Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> , describes how to access the battery pack. Additional battery packs can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer to extend the computer's battery operating time.
>	Battery pack cover latch	Slide this latch to release or the battery pack. This latch moves only when the computer is upside down.



Memory module cover

This cover protects two memory module sockets. One or two modules are preinstalled.



Slim Select Bay lock

There are two screw holes next to the Slim Select Bay latch. One screw is initially set in the front hole, which is the unlock position. To lock the Slim Select Bay latch, set the screw in the back hole.



Use a point size 0 Phillips screwdriver.

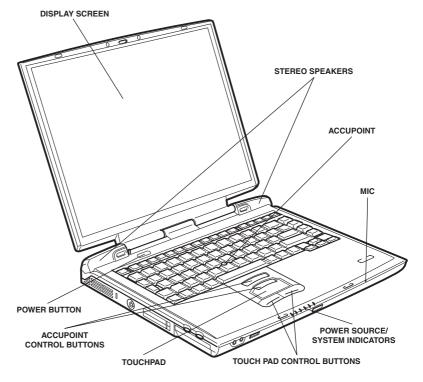


Slim Select Bay latch

Slide this latch to free the Slim Select Bay for removal.

Front with the display open

The figure below shows the front of the computer with the display open. To open the display, slide the latch on the front of the display and lift up. Position the display at a comfortable viewing angle.



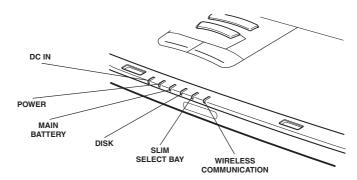
The front with the display open

Display screen	The full-color LCD displays high-contrast text and graphics The computer's LCD consist of one of below: 14" XGA, LCD consists of up to 1024 × 768 pixels or dots. 15" XGA, LCD consists of up to 1024 × 768 pixels or dots. The computer has a Thin-Film Transistor (TFT) display.
	When the computer operates on power through the AC adaptor, the display screen's image will be somewhat brighter than when it operates on battery power. The lower brightness level is intended to save battery power.
Power button	Press the power button to turn the computer's power on and off.
AccuPoint	A pointer control device located in the center of the keyboard is used to control the on-screen pointer. Refer to the AccuPoint section in Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> .
AccuPoint control buttons	Control buttons below the keyboard let you select menu items or manipulate text and graphics designated by the on-screen pointer.
Power source/ system indicators	LEDs let you monitor the status of various computer functions. Details are given in the Indicators section.
Sensor switch	This switch shuts down the computer when you close the cover and the panel power on/off feature is enabled.
Stereo Speakers	The speakers emit sound generated by your software as well as audio alarms, such as low battery condition, generated by the system.
Touch pad	Moves the pointer and selects or activates items on the screen. Can be set to perform other mouse functions, such as scrolling, selecting, and double-clicking.
Touch pad Control Buttons	Function like the left and right buttons on an external mouse.
Microphone	Input single-channel sound.Can be used whether the notebook is open or closed.

System indicators

The figure below shows the system indicators, which light when various computer operations are in progress.

System indicators



The system indicator panel

⊅ح	DC IN	The DC IN indicator glows green when DC power is supplied from the AC adaptor. If the adaptor's output voltage is abnormal or if the power supply malfunctions, this indicator flashes orange.
ψ	Power	The Power indicator glows green when the computer is on. If you turn off the computer in Standby mode, this indicator flashes orange (one second on, two seconds off) .
ф	Main Battery	The Main Battery indicator shows the condition of the battery's charge: Green indicates full charge, orange indicates battery charging and flashing orange indicates a low battery charge. Refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> .
	Disk	The Disk indicator glows green when the computer is accessing a disk drive.



Slim SelectBay

The **Slim Select Bay** indicator glows green when the computer is accessing a CD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM drive, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, DVD multi drive, Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor or secondary battery pack in the Slim Select Bay. When the secondary battery is charging, the indicator glows orange.



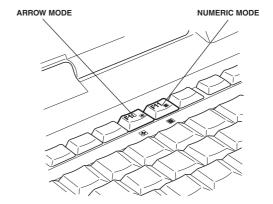
Wireless communication

The **Wireless communication** indicator glows orange when the Wireless communication function is turned on.

Keyboard indicators

The figures below show the positions of the keypad overlay indicators and the **CapsLock** indicator.

When the **F10** key indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you enter numbers. When the **F11** key indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you control the cursor.



Keypad overlay indicators



Arrow mode

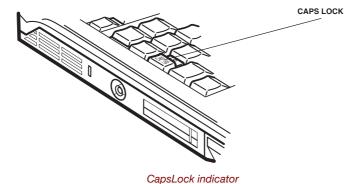
When the Arrow mode indicator lights green, you can use the keypad overlay (white labeled keys) as cursor keys. Refer to the *Keypad overlay* section in Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.



Numeric mode

You can use the keypad overlay (white labeled keys) for numeric input when the Numeric mode indicator lights green. Refer to the *Keypad overlay* section in Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.

When the CapsLock indicator glows the keyboard is in all-caps mode.



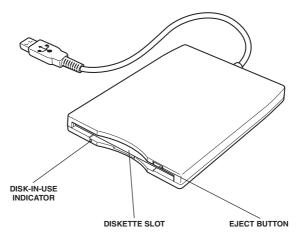
CapsLock Indicato

Caps Lock

This indicator glows green when the alphabet keys are locked in uppercase.

USB diskette drive

A 3½" diskette drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskettes. It connects to the USB port.



USB diskette drive

Disk-In-Use Indicator	This indicator lights when the diskette is being accessed.
Diskette slot	Insert diskette in this slot.

Eject button

When a diskette is fully seated in the drive, the eject button pops out. To remove a diskette, push in the eject button and the diskette pops out partially for removal.



Check the **Disk-In-Use** indicator when you use the diskette drive. Do not press the eject button or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could destroy data and damage the diskette or the drive.



The external diskette drive should be placed on a flat, horizontal surface when in use. Do not set the drive on an incline greater than 200 while it is operating.

Do not set anything on top of the diskette drive.

Slim Select Bay modules

The Slim Select Bay can accommodate the following modules: DVD-ROM drive, CD-ROM drive, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, DVD multi drive, optional Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor and optional Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack.

DVD-ROM drive

An optional full-size DVD-ROM drive module lets you run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It may be selected as a standard component or as an option.



The read speed is slower at the centre of a disk and faster at the outer edge. The minimum (centre) and maximum (outer edge) for DVDs and CDs are:

DVD 8-speed (maximum)
CD 24-speed (maximum)

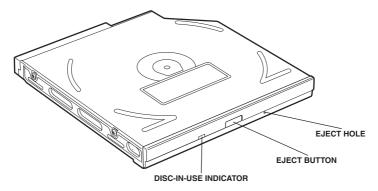
This drive supports the following formats:

DVD ROM
DVD Video

■ Photo CD
■ CD-R (read only)

■ CD-ROM
■ CD-Rewritable (read only)

■ CD-ROM x A■ CD-DA■ CD-EXTRA■ CD-Text



The optical media device

Disc-In-Use Indicator	This indicator lights when the CD/DVD is being accessed.
Eject button	Press the eject button to open the drawer partially.
Eject hole	Insert a slender object to open the drawer when the power to the computer is off.



Check the **Slim Select Bay** indicator when you use the DVD-ROM drive. Do not press the eject button, disconnect a drive or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could damage the DVD/CD or the drive.

Region codes

DVD-ROM drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD media, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

Code	Region
1	Canada, United States
2	Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East
3	Southeast Asia, East Asia
4	Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean
5	Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia
6	China

CD-ROM drive

An optional full-size, maximum 10-speed CD-ROM drive module lets you run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") compact discs without using an adaptor. It may be selected as a standard component or as an option.

This drive supports the following formats:

■ Photo CD
■ CD-R (read only)

■ CD-ROM
■ CD-Rewritable (read only)

■ CD-DA
■ CD-Text

CD-ROM x A Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)

Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)



The physical features of this drive are similar to those of the DVD-ROM drive. Refer to the illustration in the DVD-ROM drive section.



Check the **Slim Select Bay** indicator when you use the CD-ROM drive. Do not press the eject button, disconnect a drive or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could damage the CD or the drive.

CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive

The full-size CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive module lets you record data to rewritable CDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. The computer is configured with either a DVD-ROM drive or CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive.



The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.

DVD read8 speed (maximum)CD read24 speed (maximum)CD-R write24 speed (maximum)CD-RW write24speed (maximum)

This drive supports the following formats:

DVD-ROM DVD-Video

■ Photo CD
■ CD-R (read only)

■ CD-ROM
■ CD-Rewritable (read only)

■ CD-DA
■ CD-Text

CD-ROM x A Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)

■ Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)

CD-R describes compact discs that can be written only once. The recorded data cannot be erased or changed. Use 24-speed CD-R discs.

CD-RW describes compact discs that can be recorded more than once. Use either 1, 2, or 4 multi speed CD-RW disks or high-speed 4- to 24-speed discs. The write speed of the high-speed CD-RW discs i s maximum 24-speed.

Use Drag'n Drop CD to write compact discs.



The physical features of this drive are similar to those of the DVD-ROM drive. Refer to the illustration in the **DVD-ROM** drive section.



Check the **Slim Select Bay** indicator when you use the CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive. Do not press the eject button, disconnect a drive or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could damage the CD/DVD or the drive.

CD-RW/DVD-ROM drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD media, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

Code	Region
1	Canada, United States
2	Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East
3	Southeast Asia, East Asia
4	Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean
5	Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia
6	China

DVD Multi drive

The full-size DVD Multi drive module lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without using an adaptor.

An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD, an indicator on the drive glows and Slim Select Bay indicator glows.



The read speed is slower at the center of a disc and faster at the outer edge.

DVD read 8 speed (maximum)

DVD-R write 1 speed
DVD-RW write 1 speed
DVD-RAM write 2 speed

CD read 24 speed (maximum)
CD-R write 16 speed (maximum)
CD-RW write 8 speed (maximum)

This drive supports the following formats:

■ DVD-ROM■ DVD-Video■ CD-DA■ CD-Text

■ Photo CD (single/multi-session)

■ CD-ROM Mode1, Mode2

■ CD-ROM XA Mode2 (Form1, Form2)

■ Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)

■ CD-G (Audio CD only)

Addressing Method 2

DVD Multi drives and disc are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD-Video, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

Code	Region
1	Canada, United States
2	Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East
3	Southeast Asia, East Asia
4	Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean
5	Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia
6	China



Use the WinDVD 4 application to view DVD-Video discs.

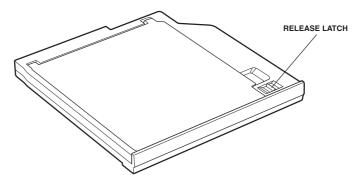
CD-R and DVD-R discs can be written only once. The recorded data cannot be erased or changed.

CD-RW discs can be recorded more than once. Use either 1, 2, or 4 multi speed CDRW discs or high-speed 4- to 10-speed discs. The write speed of the high-speed CD-RW discs is maximum 10-speed.

DVD-RW/-RAM discs can be recorded more than once.

Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor

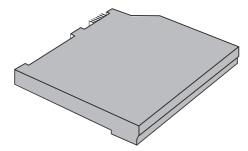
You can increase your computer's data storage capacity by installing an optional, integrated, 2 ½" HDD in the Slim Select Bay.



The Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor

Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack

An optional battery pack can be installed in the Slim Select Bay to increase the computer's battery power and operating time. For details, refer to the documentation accompanying the secondary battery pack. Refer to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, for details on installing a Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack.

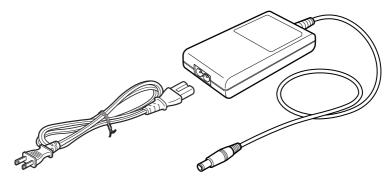


The Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack

AC adaptor

The AC adaptor converts AC power to DC power and reduces the voltage supplied to the computer. It can automatically adjust to any voltage from 100 to 240 volts and to any frequency from 50 to 60 hertz, enabling you to use the computer in almost any country.

To recharge the battery, simply connect the AC adaptor to a power source and the computer. See Chapter 6 *Power and Power-Up Modes* for details.



The AC adaptor



Use of the wrong adaptor could damage the computer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage in such case. The current rating for the computer is 5.0 amperes.

Chapter 3

Getting Started

This chapter provides basic information to get you started using your computer. It covers the following topics:

■ Setting up your work space — for your health and safety



Be sure also to read the Safety Instruction Manual. This guide, which is included with the computer, explains product liability.

- Connecting the AC adaptor
- Opening the display
- Turning on the power
- Starting up for the first time
- Turning off the power
- Restarting the computer
- Restoring the preinstalled software

If you are a new user, follow the steps in each section of this chapter as you prepare to operate your computer.



All users should be sure to carefully read the section Restoring the preinstalled software.

User's Manual 3-1

Setting up your work space

Establishing a comfortable work site is important for you and your computer. A poor work environment or stressful work habits can result in discomfort or serious injury from repetitive strain to your hands, wrists or other joints. Proper ambient conditions should also be maintained for the computer's operation. This section discusses the following topics:

- General conditions
- Placement of the computer and peripheral devices
- Seating and posture
- Lighting
- Work habits

General conditions

In general, if you are comfortable, so is your computer, but read the following to make sure your work site provides a proper environment.

- Make sure there is adequate space around the computer for proper ventilation.
- Make sure the AC power cord connects to an outlet that is close to the computer and easily accessible.
- The temperature should be 5 to 35 degrees Centigrade (41 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit) and the relative humidity should be 20 to 80 percent.
- Avoid areas where rapid or extreme changes in temperature or humidity may occur.
- Keep the computer free of dust, moisture, and exposure to direct sunlight.
- Keep the computer away from heat sources, such as electric heaters.
- Do not use the computer near liquids or corrosive chemicals.
- Do not place the computer near objects that create strong magnetic fields (e.g., stereo speakers).
- Do not operate the computer in close proximity to a mobile phone.
- Leave ample ventilation room for the fan. Do not block the vents.

Placement of computer

Position the computer and peripheral devices to provide comfort and safety.

- Set the computer on a flat surface at a comfortable height and distance. The display should be no higher than eye level to avoid eye strain.
- Place the computer so that it is directly in front of you when you work and make sure you have adequate space to easily operate other devices.
- Allow adequate space behind the computer to let you freely adjust the display. The display should be angled to reduce glare and maximize visibility.
- If you use a paper holder, set it at about the same height and distance as the computer.

Seating and posture

The height of your chair in relation to the computer and keyboard as well as the support it gives your body are primary factors in reducing work strain. Refer to the following tips and to figure 3-1.



Posture and positioning of the computer

- Place your chair so that the keyboard is at or slightly below the level of your elbow. You should be able to type comfortably with your shoulders relaxed.
- Your knees should be slightly higher than your hips. If necessary, use a foot rest to raise the level of your knees to ease pressure on the back of your thighs.
- Adjust the back of your chair so it supports the lower curve of your spine.
- Sit straight so that your knees, hips and elbows form approximately 90 degree angles when you work. Do not slump forward or lean back too far.

Lighting

Proper lighting can improve legibility of the display and reduce eye strain.

- Position the computer so that sunlight or bright indoor lighting does not reflect off the screen. Use tinted windows, shades or other screen to eliminate sun glare.
- Avoid placing the computer in front of bright light that could shine directly in your eyes.
- If possible, use soft, indirect lighting in your computer work area. Use a lamp to illuminate your documents or desk, but be sure to position the lamp so that it does not reflect off the display or shine in your eyes.

Work habits

A key to avoiding discomfort or injury from repetitive strain is to vary your activities. If possible, schedule a variety of tasks into your work day. If you must spend long periods at the computer, finding ways to break up the routine can reduce stress and improve your efficiency.

- Sit in a relaxed posture. Good positioning of your chair and equipment as described earlier can reduce tension in your shoulders or neck and ease back strain.
- Vary your posture frequently.
- Occasionally stand up and stretch or exercise briefly.
- Exercise and stretch your wrists and hands a number of times during the day.
- Frequently, look away from the computer and focus your eyes on a distant object for several seconds, for example 30 seconds every 15 minutes.
- Take frequent short breaks instead of one or two long breaks, for example, two or three minutes every half hour.
- Have your eyes examined regularly and visit a doctor promptly, if you suspect you might be suffering from a repetitive strain injury.

A number of books are available on ergonomics and repetitive strain injury or repetitive stress syndrome. For more information on these topics or for pointers on exercises for such stress points as hands and wrists, please check with your library or book vendor. Also refer to the computer's *Safety Instruction Manual*.

Connecting the AC adaptor

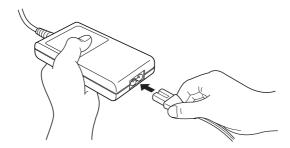
Attach the AC adaptor when you need to charge the battery or you want to operate from AC power. It is also the fastest way to get started, because the battery pack will need to be charged before you can operate from battery power.

The AC adaptor can be connected to any power source supplying from 100 to 240 volts and 50 or 60 hertz. For details on using the AC adaptor to charge the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.



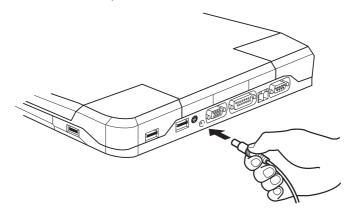
Use of the wrong adaptor could damage your computer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage in such case. The current rating for the computer is 5.0 amperes.

1. Connect the power cord to the AC adaptor.



Connecting the power cord to the AC adaptor

Connect the AC adaptor's DC output plug to the DC IN port on the back side of the computer.



Connecting the adaptor to the computer

Plug the power cord into a live wall outlet. The Battery and DC IN indicator on the front of the computer should glow.

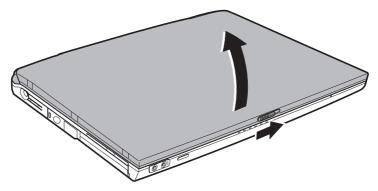
Opening the display

The display panel can be rotated in a wide range of angles for optimal viewing.

- 1. Slide the display latch on the front of the computer to the right to unlatch the display panel.
- 2. Lift the panel up and adjust it to the best viewing angle for you.



When you open the display, hold it with both hands and lift up slowly.



Opening the display panel

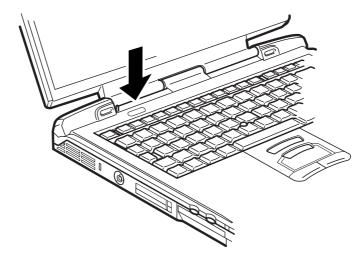
Turning on the power

This section describes how to turn on the power.



After you turn on the power for the first time, do not turn it off until you have set up the operating system (OS) and the OS has started up.

- 1. If the external diskette drive is connected, make sure it is empty. If a diskette is in the drive, press the eject button and remove the diskette.
- 2. Open the display panel.
- 3. Press and hold the button for two or three seconds.



Turning on the power

Starting up for the first time

When you first turn on the power, the computer's initial screen is the Microsoft Windows® XP Professional Startup Screen Logo.

Follow the on-screen directions.

Turning off the power

The power can be turned off in one of the following modes: Shut down (Boot), Hibernation or Standby mode.

Shut Down mode (Boot mode)

When you turn off the power in Shut Down mode, no data is saved and the computer will boot to the operating system's main screen.

- 1. If you have entered data, save it to the hard disk or to a diskette.
- Make sure all disk(disc)activity has stopped, then remove any CD/DVDs or diskette.



Make sure the Disk, Slim Select Bay and Slim Select Bay's module indicators are off. If you turn off the power while a disk(disc) is being accessed, you can lose data or damage the disk(disc).

- Click start then click Turn off computer. From the Turn off computer menu select Turn off.
- 4. Turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.

Hibernation mode

The hibernation feature saves the contents of memory to the hard disk when the computer is turned off. The next time the computer is turned on, the previous state is restored. The hibernation feature does not save the status of peripheral devices.



While entering hibernation mode, the computer saves the contents of memory to the HDD. Data will be lost if you remove the battery or disconnect the AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the **Disk** indicator to go out.

Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in hibernation mode. Data will be lost.

Benefits of hibernation

The hibernation feature provides the following benefits:

Saves data to the hard disk when the computer automatically shuts down because of a low battery.



For the computer to shut down in hibernation mode, the hibernation feature must be enabled in two places in TOSHIBA Power Saver: the Hibernate window and the Battery Alarm item of the Alarm window. Otherwise, the computer will shut down in Standby mode. If battery power becomes depleted, data saved in Standby will be lost.

- You can return to your previous working environment immediately when you turn on the computer.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the duration set by the System hibernate feature.
- You can use the panel power off feature.

Starting Hibernation

To enter Hibernation mode, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click Start.
- 2. Select Turn Off Computer.
- Open the Turn Off Computer dialog box. Hibernate is not displayed.
- 4. Press the **Shift** key. The **Standby** item will change to **Hibernate**.
- Select Hibernate.

Automatic Hibernation

The computer will enter Hibernate mode automatically when you press the power button or close the lid. First, however, make the appropriate settings according to the steps below.

- 1. Open the Control Panel.
- Open Performance and Maintenance and open TOSHIBA Power Saver.
- 3. Select the **Hibernate** window, select the **Enable Hibernate support** check box and click the **Apply** button.
- 4. Select the Power Save Modes window.
- Double-click Power Mode (Full Power, Normal, etc.) and open the System Power Mode window.
- Enable the desired Hibernation settings for When I press the power button and When I close the lid.
- 7. Click the OK button.

Data save in hibernation mode

When you turn off the power in hibernation mode, the computer takes a moment to save current memory data to the hard disk. During this time, the Built-in HDD indicator will light.

After you turn off the computer and memory is saved to the hard disk, turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.

Standby mode

In standby mode the power remains on, but the CPU and all other devices are in sleep mode.



Before entering Standby mode, be sure to save your data.

Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in standby mode. The computer or the module could be damaged.

Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in standby mode (unless the computer is connected to an AC power source). Data in memory will be lost.

If you carry the computer on board an aircraft or into a hospital, be sure to shut down the computer in hibernation mode or in shutdown mode to avoid radio signal interference.

Benefits of standby

The standby feature provides the following benefits:

- Restores the previous working environment more rapidly than does hibernation.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the duration set by the System Standby feature.
- You can use the panel power off feature.

Executing standby



You can also enable Standby by pressing Fn + F3. See Chapter 5, Keyboard, for details.

You can enter standby mode in one of three ways:

- 1. Click Start, click Turn Off Computer and click Stand by.
- Close the display panel. This feature must be enabled. Refer to the System Power Mode item in Power Saver Utility described in the Control Panel.
 - Open Performance and Maintenance and open TOSHIBA Power Saver.
- Press the power button. This feature must be enabled. Refer to the System Power Mode item in Power Saver Utility described in the Control Panel.
 - Open Performance and Maintenance and open TOSHIBA Power Saver.

When you turn the power back on, you can continue where you left when you shut down the computer.



When the computer is shut down in standby mode, the power indicator glows orange.

If you are operating the computer on battery power, you can lengthen the operating time by shutting down in hibernation mode. Standby mode consumes more power.

Standby limitations

Standby will not function under the following conditions:

- Power is turned back on immediately after shutting down.
- Memory circuits are exposed to static electricity or electrical noise.

Restarting the computer

Certain conditions require that you restart the computer system. For example, if:

- You change certain computer settings.
- An error occurs and the computer does not respond to your keyboard commands.

There are three ways to restart the computer system:

- Click start then click Turn off computer. From the Turn off computer menu select Restart.
- 2. If the computer is already on, press Ctrl + Alt + Del.
- Press the power button and hold it down for five seconds. Wait 10 to 15 seconds, then turn the power on again by pressing the power button.

Restoring the preinstalled software

If preinstalled files are damaged, use the Product Recovery CD-ROM or the TOSHIBA Tools & Utilities CD-ROM to restore them.

Restoring the complete system

To restore the operating system and all preinstalled software, follow the steps below.



When you reinstall the Windows operating system, the hard disk will be reformatted and all data will be lost.

- Load the Product Recovery CD-ROM in the drive and turn off the computer's power.
- 2. Hold down the F12 key and turn on the power. When the TOSHIBA logo appears, release the F12 key.
- 3. Use the up or down cursor key to select the CD-ROM drive in the displayed menu. For details, refer to the Boot priority section in Chapter 7, HW Setup and Passwords.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- If your computer came with additional software installed, this software can not be recovered from the Recovery CD. Re-install these applications (e.g. Works Suite, DVD Player, Games, etc) separately from other media.

Restoring Toshiba utilities and drivers

If Windows is working properly, individual drivers or applications can be separately restored. Use the Tools & Utilities CD-ROM according to instructions in the booklet contained in the CD box to reinstall Toshiba utilities and drivers.

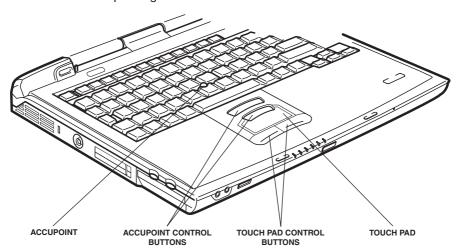
Chapter 4

Operating Basics

This chapter gives information on basic operations including using the TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device, USB diskette drive, optical media drives, the microphone, the internal modem, Wireless LAN, LAN and changing Slim Select Bay modules. It also provides tips on caring for your computer, diskettes and CD/DVDs.

TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device

The computer is equipped with a dual point system: a Touch pad and an AccuPoint pointing stick.



Touch pad, AccuPoint and control buttons

User's Manual 4-1

Using the Touch pad

To use the Touch pad, simply touch and move your finger tip across it in the direction you want the on-screen pointer to go.

Two buttons below the Touch pad are used like the buttons on a mouse pointer. Press the left button to select a menu item or to manipulate text or graphics designated by the pointer. Press the right button to display a menu or other function depending on the software you are using.



You can also tap the Touch pad to perform functions similar to those of the left button.

Click: Tap the Touch pad once

Double click: Tap twice

Drag and drop: Tap to select the material you want to move. Leave your finger on the Touch pad after the second tap and move the material.

Using the AccuPoint

To use the AccuPoint, simply push it with your finger tip in the direction you want to move the on-screen pointer.

Two buttons above the Touch pad work in the same way with the AccuPoint as they do with the Touch pad. Refer to the *Using the Touch Pad* section for details.

AccuPoint precautions

Certain conditions can affect the on-screen pointer when using AccuPoint. For example, the pointer may travel contrary to AccuPoint operation or an error message may appear, if

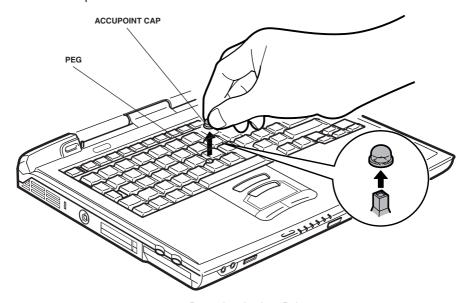
- You touch the AccuPoint during power-up.
- You apply constant, soft pressure during power-up.
- There is a sudden temperature change.
- Strong stress is applied to the AccuPoint.

If an error message appears, reboot the computer. If an error message does not appear, wait a moment for the pointer to stop, then continue operation.

Replacing the cap

The AccuPoint cap is an expendable item that should be replaced after prolonged use.

 To remove the AccuPoint cap, firmly grasp the cap and pull it straight up.



Removing the AccuPoint cap

2. Position a new cap on the peg and press it into place.



The peg is square, so be careful to align the cap's square hole with the peg.

Using the USB diskette drive

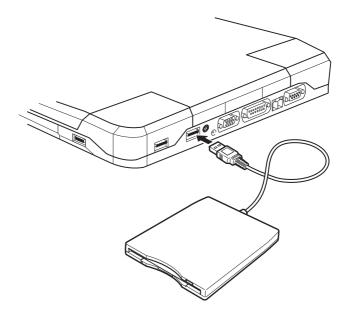
A 3½" diskette drive connects to the computer's USB port. It accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskettes. Refer to Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, for more information.

Connecting 3 1/2" diskette drive

To connect the drive, plug the diskette drive connector into a USB port. Refer to the following figure.



Make sure the connector is right side up and properly aligned with the socket. Do not try to force the connection, doing so can damage the connecting pins.



Connecting the USB diskette drive



If you connect the diskette drive after turning on the computer, it will take about 10 seconds for the computer to recognize the drive. Do not disconnect and reconnect before 10 seconds has elapsed.

Disconnecting 3 1/2" diskette drive

When you have finished using the diskette drive, follow the procedures below to disconnect it:

1. Wait for the indicator light to go out to make sure all diskette activity has stopped.



If you disconnect the diskette drive or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the drive you may lose data or damage the diskette or the drive.

- 2. Open the Safety Remove Hardware icon on the system tray.
- 3. Click Diskette drive.
- **4.** Pull the diskette drive connector out of the USB port.

Changing Slim Select Bay modules

This section explains how to change modules in the Slim Select Bay. The illustrations show replacement of the DVD-ROM drive with the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor. Therefore, the text refers to those modules. However, the procedures are the same for any of the modules: CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, CD-ROM drive, DVD Multi drive and Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack.



To avoid injury, do not put your hand into the Slim Select Bay slot. Before removing or inserting a second battery pack, turn off the computer's power.



The TOSHIBA Mobile Extension is preinstalled to support hot swapping under Windows. Refer to Chapter 1, Introduction, for information on using this utility to change modules while the computer's power is on.

Removing a module

Remove the DVD-ROM drive as described below.

- 1. Check all disk indicators to make sure no disks are operating.
- 2. Turn the computer upside down.



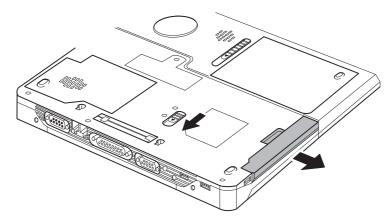
Wait for all disc indicators to go out before you turn over the computer and be careful to lay the computer down gently. Shock can damage the HDD or other components.

- **3.** Be sure the screw near the icon securing the Slim Select Bay.
- **4.** Make sure the screw in the Slim Select Bay lock is set in the hole for the unlock position.
- **5.** Slide the Slim Select Bay latch to the unlock position.

6. Graps the DVD-ROM drive and Slide it out.



The DVD-ROM drive and other Slim Select Bay modules can become hot with use. Be careful when removing the module.

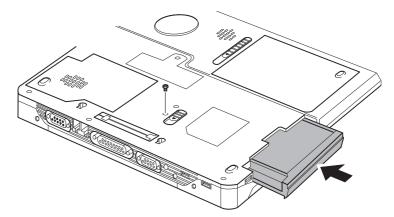


Removing the DVD-ROM drive

Installing a module

Install the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor as described below.

- 1. Insert the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor in the computer as shown below and press until the ejector clicks.
- 2. If you want to lock the Slim Select Bay module, set the screw of the Slim Select Bay lock in the back hole.



Installing the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor

Using optical media drives

The text and illustrations in this section refer primarily to the DVD-ROM drive. However, operation is the same for the CD-ROM,

CD-RW/DVD-ROM and DVD Multi drives. The full-size drive provides high-performance execution of CD/DVD-ROM-based programs. You can run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CD/DVDs without an adaptor. An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD-ROM, an indicator on the drive glows and the **Slim Select Bay** indicator glows.



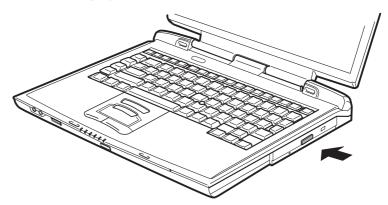
Use the WinDVD 4 application to view DVD-Video discs.

If you have a CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, refer also to the *Writing CDs* section for precautions on writing to CDs.

Loading discs

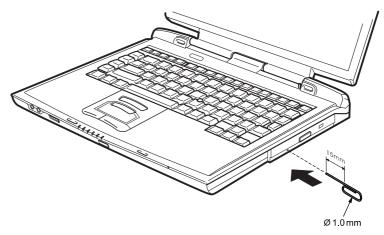
To load CD/DVDs, follow the steps below and refer to figures 4-6 to 4-10.

1. a. When the power is on, press the DVD-ROM eject button to open the drawer slightly.



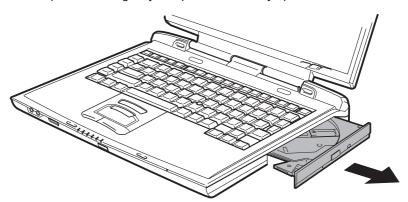
Pressing the DVD-ROM eject button

b. Pressing the eject button will not open the drawer when the DVD-ROM drive's power is off. If the power is off, you can open the drawer by inserting a slender object (about 1.5 mm) such as a straightened paper clip into the eject hole just to the right of the eject button.



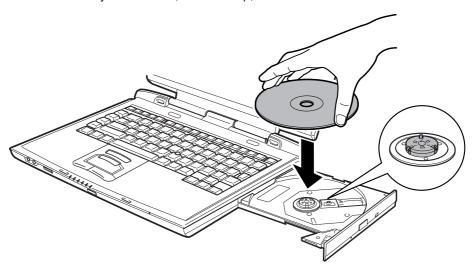
Manual release with the eject hole

2. Grasp the drawer gently and pull until it is fully opened.



Pulling the drawer open

3. Lay the CD/DVD, label side up, in the drawer.



Inserting a CD/DVD



When the drawer is fully opened, the edge of the computer will extend slightly over the CD/DVD tray. Therefore, you will need to turn the CD/DVD at an angle when you place it in the tray. After seating the CD/DVD, however, make sure it lies flat, as shown in figure 4-9.



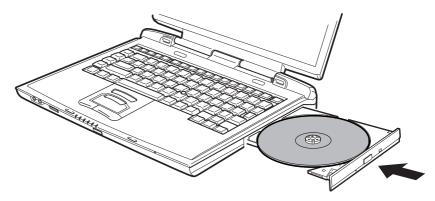
Do not touch the laser lens. Doing so could cause misalignment. Be careful to keep foreign matter from entering the drive. Check the back edge of the tray to make sure it carries no debris before closing the drive.

4. Press gently at the center of the CD/DVD until you feel it click into place. The CD/DVD should lie below the top of the spindle, flush with the spindle base.

5. Push the center of the drawer to closd it. Press gently until it locks into place.



If the CD/DVD is not seated properly when the drawer is closed, the CD/DVD might be damaged. Also, the drawer might not open fully when you press the eject button.



Closing the DVD-ROM drawer

Removing discs

To remove the CD/DVD, follow the steps below and refer to figure 4-11.



Do not press the eject button while the computer is accessing the DVD-ROM drive. Wait for the **DVD-In-Use** indicator to go out before you open the drawer. Also, if the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the drawer, wait for it to stop before you remove it.

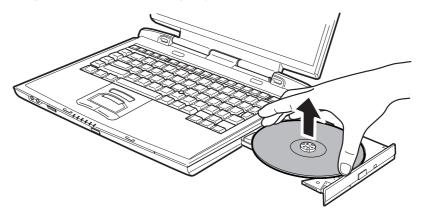
1. To pop the drawer partially open, press the eject button. Gently pull the drawer out until it is fully opened.



When the drawer pops open slightly, wait a moment to make sure the CD/DVD has stopped spinning before pulling the drawer fully open.

Turn off the power before you use the eject hole. If the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the drawer, the CD/DVD could fly off the spindle and cause injury.

2. The CD/DVD extends slightly over the sides of the drawer so you can grasp it. Hold the CD/DVD gently and lift it out.



Removing a CD/DVD

3. Push the center of the drawer to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.

Writing CDs on CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive

Depending on the type of drive installed, you may be able to write CDs. The CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive lets you write as well as read CD-ROMs. Observe the precautions in this section to ensure the best performance for writing CDs. For information on loading and unloading CDs refer to the *Using optical media drive* section.



CD-R discs can be written to only once. CD-RW discs can be rewritten many times.

Before writing or rewriting

Please observe the following points when you write or rewrite the data.

We recommend the following manufacturers of CD-R and CD-RW media.

Media quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

CD-R: TAIYOYUDENCO.,LTD.

Mitsui Chemicals Inc.

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd. Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

CD-RW: MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd.

TOSHIBA has confirmed the operation of CD-R and CD-RW media of the manufacturers above. Operation of other media cannot be guaranteed.

- CD-RW can generally be rewritten about 1,000 times. However, the actual number of rewrites is affected by the quality of the media and the way it is used.
- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor when you write or rewrite.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer at full power. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance HDD access speed. They may cause unstable operation and damage data.
- Write from the computer's HDD to the CD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than Drag'n Drop CD has not been confirmed. Therefore, operation with other software cannot be guaranteed.

When writing or rewriting

Note the following when you write or rewrite a CD-R or CD-RW.

- Always copy data from the HDD to the CD. Do not use cut-and-paste. The original data will be lost if there is a write error.
- Do not perform any of the following actions:
 - Operate the computer for any other function, including use of a mouse or Touch Pad, closing/opening the LCD panel.
 - Start a communication application such as a modem.
 - Apply impact or vibration to the PC.
 - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following: PC card, SD card, USB devices, external display, i.LINK devices, optical digital devices.
 - Use the CD/MP3 control buttons to reproduce music and voice.
 - Open the optical media drive.
- If the media is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes trains, or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.

Writing CD/DVDs on DVD Multi drive

You can use the DVD Multi drive to write data to either CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW/-RAM discs. The following applications for writing are supplied on CD-ROM: Drag'n Drop CD, licensed by Easy Systems Japan Ltd., and DigiOn Inc., MotionDV STUDIO, DVDfunSTUDIO and DVD-MovieAlbum, licensed by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co.,Ltd.

Important message

Before you write or rewrite to CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW/-RAM disc, read and follow all set-up and operating instructions in this section. If you fail to do so, the DVD Multi drive may not function properly, and you may fail to write or rewrite, lose data or incur other damage.

Disclaimer

TOSHIBA does not bear responsibility for the following:

- Damage to any CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW/-RAM disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product.
- Any change or loss of the recorded contents of CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW/-RAM disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product, or for any business profit loss or business interruption that may be caused by the change or loss of the recorded contents.
- Damage that may be caused by using third party equipment or software.

Given the technological limitations of current optical disc writing drives, you may experience unexpected writing or rewriting errors due to disc quality or problems with hardware devices. Also, it is a good idea to make two or more copies of important data, in case of undesired change or loss of the recorded contents.

Read/write function chart

Disc type	CD-R	CD-RW	DVD-R	DVD-RW	DVD-RAM	DVD+ R	DVD+ RW
Read	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Write	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Drag'n Drop CD*1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
DVDfunSTUDIO*1	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
DVD-MovieAlbum*1	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
DVD-Video*2	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
DVD VR*2 (DVD Video Recording)	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No

^{*1} Software supplied with the product can be used for writing to a disc.

^{*2} Video format can be written.

Based on TOSHIBA's limited compatibility testing, we suggest the following manufacturers of CD-R/-RW and DVD-R/-RW/-RAM disc. However, in no event does TOSHIBA guarantee the operation, quality or performance of any disc. Disc quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

CD-R: TAIYOYUDEN CO., LTD.

Mitsui Chemicals Inc.

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd. Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

CD-RW: MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd.

DVD-R: **DVD Specifications for Recordable Disc for General**

Version 2.0

TAIYOYUDEN CO., LTD.

PIONEER VIDEO CORPORATION

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

DVD-RW: **DVD Specifications for Re-recordable Disc for**

Version 1.1

VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN.LIMITED

TDK Corporation

DVD-RAM: **DVD Specifications for DVD-RAM Disc for**

Version 2.0 or Version 2.1

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

- If the disc is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur. Be careful to check the disc for dirt or damage before you use it.
- The actual number of rewrites to CD-RW or DVD-RW/-RAM is affected by the quality of the disc and the way it is used.
- There are two types of DVD discs: authoring and general use discs. Do not use authoring discs. Only general use discs can be written to by a computer drive.
- You can use DVD-RAM discs that can be removed from a cartridge and DVDRAM discs designed without a cartridge. You cannot use a disc with a 2.6 GH single-sided capacity or 5.2 GB double-sided capacity.
- Other DVD-ROM drives for computers or other DVD players may not be able to read DVD-R/-RW discs.
- You cannot add data to a DVD-R/-RW disc that has previously been written to.
- You cannot overwrite data that has been previously written to a DVD-RW disc.
- You cannot partially delete any data written to a DVD-RW disc.
- Data written to a CD-R/DVD-R disc cannot be deleted either in whole or in part.

- Data deleted (Erase) from a CD-RW and DVD-RW/-RAM disc cannot be recovered. Check the content of the disc carefully before you delete it. If multiple drives that can be written to are connected, be careful not to delete data from the wrong drive.
- In writing to a DVD-R/-RW disc, some disc space is required for file management, so you may not be able to write the full capacity of the disc.
- Since the disc is based on the DVD standard, it will be filled with dummy data if the written data is less than about 1 GB. Even if you write only a small amount of data, it will take time to fill in the dummy data.
- Two types of DVD-R/-RW/-RAM discs are on the market: data and video. Use a video disc to store video data. You can use video discs on a DVD recorder as well as on your computer's DVD-ROM drive. You cannot use data discs on a DVD recorder.
- DVD-RAM formatted by FAT32 cannot be read in Windows 2000 without DVD-RAM Driver Software.

Before writing or rewriting

Please observe the following points when you write or rewrite data.

- When multiple drives that can be written are connected, be careful not to write to the wrong drive.
- Be sure to connect the AC adaptor before you write or rewrite.
- Before you enter standby/hibernation mode, be sure to finish DVD-RAM writing. Writing is finished if you can eject DVD-RAM media.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver, which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer in the full-power mode. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance HDD access speed. They may cause unstable operation and data damage.
- Write from the computer's HDD to the CD/DVD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than Drag'n Drop CD, DVDfunSTUDIO and DVDMovieAlbum is not recommended.

When writing or rewriting

Please observe/consider the following when you write or rewrite to a CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW/-RAM disc.

- Do not perform any of the following actions when writing or rewriting:
 - Operate the computer for any other function, including using a mouse or TouchPad/cPad or closing/opening the LCD panel.
 - Start a communication application such as a modem.
 - Apply impact or vibration to the computer.
 - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following:
 PC card, SD card, USB devices, external display, i.LINK devices, optical digital devices.
 - Use the Audio/Video control button to reproduce music or voice.
 - Open the DVD Multi drive
- Do not use standby/hibernation while you write or rewrite.
- Make sure writing or rewriting is completed before going into standby/hibernation. Writing is completed if you can open the DVD Multi drive tray.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes, trains, or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.
- Always copy data from the HDD to the DVD-RAM. Do not use cutand-paste. The original data will be lost if there is a write error.

Drag'n Drop CD

Note the following limitations when you use Drag'n Drop CD:

- DVD-Video cannot be created using Drag'n Drop CD.
- DVD-Audio cannot be created using Drag'n Drop CD.
- You cannot use Drag'n Drop CD's music CD function to record music to a DVD-R/-RW disc.
- Do not use the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD to copy DVD-Video and DVD-ROM with copyright protection, because the copy will not play correctly.
- DVD-RAM disc cannot be backed up with the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD.
- You cannot backup a CD-ROM or CD-R/-RW to DVD-R/-RW using the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD.
- You cannot back up DVD-ROM, DVD-Video or DVD-R/-RW to CD-R/-RW using the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD.

- Drag'n Drop CD cannot record in packet format.
- You might not be able to use the DISC backup function of Drag'n Drop CD to back up a DVD-R/-RW disc that was made with other software on a different DVD-R/-RW recorder.

Data Verification

To verify that data is written or rewritten correctly, follow the steps below before you write or rewrite a Data CD/DVD.

- Right-click Data BOX and select Options to display the DATA DISC Option window.
- 2. Mark the **Record and Verify** check box and select **Byte compare**.
- 3. Click the **OK** button.

The "Record and Verify" function automatically checks whether data has been correctly recorded onto a CD/DVD. "Byte compare" compares the original data file with the data recorded on the CD/DVD and checks that the data completely matches.

Video (DVD-R/-RW/-RAM)

Note the following limitations when you write video to DVD:

- When installing, uninstalling or MotionDV STUDIO, DVDfunSTUDIO or DVDMovieAlbum, the computer should be set to system administrator or equivalent privilege.
- Whether MotionDV STUDIO and DVD-MovieAlbum use NTSC or PAL format is determined when the application is installed. To change the format, you will have to reinstall MotionDV STUDIO and DVD-MovieAlbum.
- When Drag'n Drop or similar software is resident in the computer's memory, the DVD Multi drive locks. In this situation, other software cannot be used to write data to the disc.
- While you are editing DVD-R/-RW/-RAM, you can display previews. However, if an application other than WinDVD is running, the preview might not display properly. To ensure proper display of previews, do not start other applications while you are editing DVD-R/-RW/-RAM disc.
- Do not change the resolution or the number of screen colors while MotionDV STUDIO, DVDfunSTUDIO or DVD-MovieAlbum is running.
- Although the online manual and Help files indicate that JPEG files can be used, in fact, they cannot be used.
- 8cm (3.15") DVD-R/-RW discs cannot be use with DVDfunSTUDIO.
- DVDfunSTUDIO cannot make DVD-Audio, VideoCD, and miniDVD.
- DVD-R/-RW discs cannot be written in VR format.
- It may take several hours for DVDfunSTUDIO to convert video to MPEG format, and several hours more to save the MPEG file to a DVD Multi drive.

- In order to write to a DVD-RW disc that has already been written to using DVDfunSTUDIO, you will first have to delete all of the data with Drag'n Drop CD or similar software.
- You will need at least 20 GB of empty hard disk space to write to a DVD-R/-RW disc.
- You cannot record in DVD-Video format on a DVD-RAM disc.
- You will need to format a DVD-RAM for UDF2.0 using a formatting tool, before you write to DVD-RAM using DVD-MovieAlbum.
- You cannot edit DVD-RAM video data that has copyright protection, using DVD-MovieAlbum.
- You can add PAL format images only to a PAL type DVD-RAM and NTSC format images only to an NTSC-type DVD-RAM.
- You cannot convert a PAL format DVD-RAM to NTSC format or an NTSC type DVD-RAM to PAL format.

Media care

This section provides tips on protecting data stored on your CD/DVDs and diskettes.

Handle your media with care. The following simple precautions will increase the lifetime of your media and protect the data stored on them:

CD/DVDs

- 1. Store your CD/DVDs in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean.
- 2. Do not bend the CD/DVD.
- **3.** Do not write on, apply a sticker to, or otherwise mar the surface of the CD/DVD that contains data.
- 4. Hold the CD/DVD by its outside edge or the edge on the center hole. Fingerprints on the surface can prevent the drive from properly reading data.
- 5. Do not expose to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold. Do not place heavy objects on your CD/DVDs.
- **6.** If your CD/DVDs become dusty or dirty, wipe them with a clean dry cloth. Wipe from the center out, do not wipe in a circular direction around the CD/DVD. If necessary, use a cloth dampened in water or a neutral cleaner. Do not use benzine, thinner or similar cleaner.

Diskettes

- Store your diskettes in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean. If a diskette is dirty, do not use cleaning fluid. Clean it with a soft damp cloth.
- Do not slide back the diskette's protective metal covering or touch the diskette's magnetic surface. Fingerprints may prevent the diskette drive from reading data from the diskette.
- 3. Data may be lost if the diskette is twisted; bent; or exposed to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold.
- 4. Do not place heavy objects on your diskettes.
- Do not eat, smoke, or use erasers near your diskettes. Foreign particles inside the diskette's jacket can damage the magnetic surface.
- Magnetic energy can destroy the data on your diskettes. Keep your diskettes away from speakers, radios, television sets and other sources of magnetic fields.

Using the microphone

Your computer has a built-in microphone that can be used to record monaural sounds into your applications. It can also be used to issue voice commands to applications that support such functions.

Since your computer has a built-in microphone and speaker, "feedback" may be heard under certain conditions. Feedback occurs when sound from the speaker is picked up in the microphone and amplified back to the speaker, which amplifies it again to the microphone.

This feedback occurs repeatedly and causes a very loud, high-pitched noise. It is a common phenomenon that occurs in any sound system when the microphone input is output to the speaker (throughput) and the speaker volume is too loud or too close to the microphone. You can control throughput by adjusting the volume of your speaker or through the Mute function in the Master Volume panel. Refer to your Windows documentation for details on using the Master Volume panel.

Modem

This section describes how to connect and disconnect the internal modem to and from a telephone jack.



The internal modem does not support voice functions. All data and fax functions are supported.



In case of a lightning storm, unplug the modem cable from the telephone iack.

Do not connect the modem to a digital telephone line. A digital line will damage the modem.

Region selection

Telecommunication regulations vary from one region to another, so you will need to make sure the internal modem's settings are correct for the region in which it will be used.

To select a region, follow the steps below.

 Click start, point to All Programs, point to TOSHIBA Internal Modem and click Region Select Utility.



Do not use the Country/Region Select function in the Modem setup utility in the Control Panel if the function is available. If you change the Country/Region in the Control Panel, the change may not take effect.

2. The Region Selection icon will appear in the Windows Task Bar.

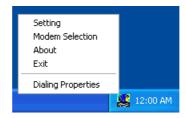


The Region Selection icon

- 3. Click the icon with the primary mouse button to display a list of regions that the modem supports. A sub menu for telephony location information will also be displayed. A check will appear next to the currently selected region and telephony location.
- Select a region from the region menu or a telephony location from the submenu.
 - When you click a region it becomes the modem's region selection, and the New Location for telephony will be set automatically.
 - When you select a telephony location, the corresponding region is automatically selected and it becomes the modem's current region setting.

Properties menu

Click the icon with the secondary mouse button to display the following menu.



The menu list

Setting

You can enable or disable the following settings:

AutoRun Mode

The Region Select utility starts automatically when you start up the operating system.

Open the Dialing Properties dialog box after selecting region.

The dialing properties dialog box will be displayed automatically after you select the region.

Location list for region selection.

A submenu appears displaying location information for telephony.

Open dialog box, if the modem and Telephony Current Location region code do not match.

A warning dialog box is displayed if current settings for region code and telephony location are incorrect.

Modem Selection

If the computer cannot recognize the internal modem, a dialog box is displayed. Select the COM port for your modem to use.

Dialing Properties

Select this item to display the dialing properties.

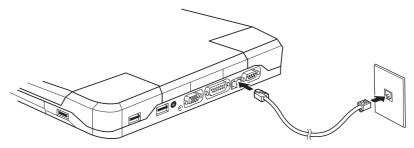


If you are using the computer in Japan, the Telecommunications Business Law requires that you select Japan region mode. It is illegal to use the modem in Japan with any other selection.

Connecting

To connect the internal modem cable, follow the steps below.

- 1. Plug one end of the modular cable into the modem jack.
- **2.** Plug the other end of the modular cable into a telephone jack.



Connecting the internal modem



Do not pull on the cable or move the computer while the cable is connected.



If you use a storage device such as a DVD-ROM drive, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive or HDD connected to a 16-bit PC card, you might experience the following modem problems:

- 1. Modem speed is slow or communication is interrupted.
- 2. Skips may occur in sound.

Disconnecting

To disconnect the internal modem cable, follow the steps below.

- Pinch the lever on the connector in the telephone jack and pull out the connector.
- 2. Disconnect the cable from the computer in the same manner.

Wireless LAN

The Wireless LAN is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum radio technology that complies with IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN standard (Revision A or B) and Turbo Mode. It supports the following features:

- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9 and 6 Mbit/s. (Revision A)
- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 11, 5.5, 2 and 1 Mbit/s. (Revision B)
- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 108, 96, 72, 48, 36, 24, 18 and 12 Mbit/s. (Turbo Mode)
- Frequency Channel Selection (Revision A/Turbo Mode: 5 GHz, Revision B: 2.4 GHz)
- Roaming over multiple channels
- Card Power Management
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on the 152 bit RC4 encryption algorithm.
- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) data encryption, based on the 256 bit encryption algorithm.

Wake-up on LAN does not function on a Wireless LAN.

Wireless communication switch

You can enable or disable Wireless LAN functions, with the on/off switch. No transmissions are sent or received when the switch is off. Slide the switch toward the left of the computer to turn it on and toward the right of the computer to turn it off.



Set the switch to off in airplanes and hospitals. Check the indicator. It will stop glowing when the wireless communication function is off.

Wireless communication Indicator

The wireless communication indicator indicates the status of the wireless communication functions.

Indicator status	Indication		
Indicator off	Wireless communication switch is set to off. Automatic power down because of overheating. Power malfunction		
Indicator glows	Wireless communication switch is on. Wireless LAN is turned on by an application.		

If you used the Task Bar to disable W-LAN, restart the computer or follow the procedures below to enable the system to recognize W-LAN. Open or click the following: start, Control Panel, System, Hardware Device Manager, Network adaptors, TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card and enable.

LAN

The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-Tx). This section describes how to connect/disconnect to a LAN.



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.



The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the AC adaptor connected while using this feature.

Connecting LAN cable



The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.

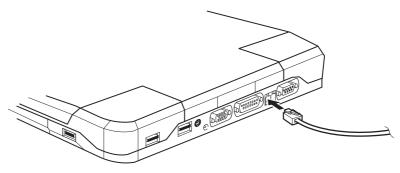
If you are using Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX), be sure to connect with a category 5 cable, CAT5, or higher.

If you are using Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), connect with a category 3 cable, CAT3, or higher.

To connect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.

1. Turn off the power to the computer and to all external devices connected to the computer.

2. Plug one end of the cable into the LAN jack. Press gently until you hear the latch click into place.



Connecting the LAN cable

3. Plug the other end of the cable into a LAN hub connector. Check with your LAN administrator before connecting to a hub.



When the computer is exchanging data with the LAN, the **LAN** active indicator glows orange. When the computer is connected to a LAN hub but is not exchanging data, the Link indicator glows green.

Disconnecting LAN cable

To disconnect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.



Make sure the **LAN active** indicator (orange LED) is out before you disconnect the computer from the LAN.

- Pinch the lever on the connector in the computer's LAN jack and pull out the connector.
- **2.** Disconnect the cable from the LAN hub in the same manner. Check with your LAN administrator before disconnecting from the hub.

Cleaning the computer

To help ensure long, trouble-free operation, keep the computer free of dust and use care with liquids around the computer.

- Be careful not to spill liquids into the computer. If the computer does get wet, turn the power off immediately and let the computer dry completely before you turn it on again.
- Clean the computer using a slightly damp (with water) cloth. You can use glass cleaner on the display. Spray a small amount of cleaner on a soft, clean cloth and wipe the screen gently with the cloth.



Never spray cleaner directly onto the computer or let liquid run into any part of it. Never use harsh or caustic chemical products to clean the computer.

Moving the computer

The computer is designed for rugged durability. However, a few simple precautions taken when moving the computer will help ensure trouble-free operation.

- Make sure all disk activity has ended before moving the computer. Check the **Disk** and **Slim Select Bay** indicators on the computer.
- If a CD/DVD is in the drive, remove it. Also make sure the drawer is securely closed.
- Turn off the power to the computer.
- Disconnect the AC adaptor and all peripherals before moving the computer.
- Close the display. Do not pick up the computer by its display panel.
- Close all port covers.
- Use the carrying case when transporting the computer.

Heat dispersal

To protect from overheating, the CPU has an internal temperature sensor. If the computer's internal temperature rises to a certain level, the cooling fan is turned on or the processing speed is lowered. You can select whether to control the CPU temperature by turning on the fan first, then if necessary, lowering the CPU speed. Or, by lowering the CPU speed first, then if necessary, turning on the fan. Use the *Cooling Method* item of the *Power Save Mode* window in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

Maximum Performance	Turn on the fan first, then if necessary, lower the CPU processing speed.	
Performance	Use a combination of the fan and lowering the CPU processing speed.	
Battery optimized	Lower the CPU processing speed first, then if necessary turn on the fan.	

When the CPU temperature falls to a normal range, the fan is turned off and the CPU operation returns to standard speed.



If the CPU temperature reaches an unacceptably high level with either setting, the system automatically shuts down to prevent damage. Data in memory will be lost.

Chapter 5

The Keyboard

The computer's keyboard layouts are compatible with a 101/102-key enhanced keyboard. By pressing some keys in combination, all the 101/102-key keyboard functions can be executed on the computer.

The number of keys on your keyboard depends on which country/region's keyboard layout your computer is configured with. Keyboards for numerous languages are available. These optional international keyboard layouts are illustrated in Appendix D, *Keyboard Layouts*.

There are five types of keys: typewriter keys, keypad overlay, function keys, soft keys and cursor control keys. The typewriter keys and keypad overlay keys are grey. The other keys are dark grey.

Typewriter keys

The typewriter keys, produce the upper and lowercase letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and special symbols that appear on the screen.

There are some differences, however, between using a typewriter and using a computer keyboard:

- Letters and numbers produced in computer text vary in width. Spaces, which are created by a "space character," may also vary depending on line justification and other factors.
- The lowercase I (el) and the number 1 (one) are not interchangeable on computers as they are on a typewriter.
- The uppercase O (oh) and the 0 (zero) are not interchangeable.
- The Caps Lock function key locks only the alphabetic characters in uppercase while the shift lock on a typewriter places all keys in the shifted position.
- The **Shift** keys, the **Tab** key, and the **BkSp** (backspace) key perform the same function as their typewriter counterparts but also have special computer functions.

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F1...F12 function keys

The function keys, not to be confused with **Fn**, are the 12 keys at the top of your keyboard. These keys are dark grey, but function differently from the other dark grey keys.



F1 through **F12** are called function keys because they execute programmed functions when pressed. Used in combination with the **Fn** key, keys marked with icons execute specific functions on the computer. See the section, Soft keys: **Fn** key combinations, in this chapter. The function executed by individual keys depends on the software you are using.

Soft Keys: Alt Gr Key Combinations



The **Alt Gr** key, at the right of the space bar, is used in combination with other keys to create accented or special characters (#,@,|, etc.). Note that some of the keys at the top of the keyboard bear three symbols (not to be confused with the blue or white letters on the side of some other keys). To generate the third symbol, hold **Alt Gr** and press the key bearing the character you wish to create. Please note that the **Alt Gr** key is not present on the American keyboard.

Soft keys: Fn key combinations

The **Fn** (function) is unique to TOSHIBA computers and is used in combination with other keys to form soft keys. Soft keys are key combinations that enable, disable or configure specific features.



Some software may disable or interfere with soft-key operations. Soft-key settings are not restored by the Resume feature.

Emulating keys on enhanced keyboard



A 101-key enhanced keyboard layout

The keyboard is designed to provide all the features of the 101-key enhanced keyboard, shown above. The 101/102-key enhanced keyboard has a numeric keypad and scroll lock key. It also has additional **Enter**, **Ctrl** and **Alt** keys to the right of the main keyboard. Since the keyboard is smaller and has fewer keys, some of the enhanced keyboard functions must be simulated using two keys instead of one on the larger keyboard.

Your software may require you to use keys that the keyboard does not have. Pressing the **Fn** key and one of the following keys simulates the enhanced keyboard's functions.

Press **Fn** + **F10** or **Fn** + **F11** to access the integrated keypad. When activated, the grey keys with white markings on the bottom edge become numeric keypad keys (**Fn** + **F11**) or cursor control keys (**Fn** + **F10**). Refer to the *Keypad overlay* section in this chapter for more information on how to operate these keys. The power on default for both settings is off.

Press Fn + F12 (ScrLock) to lock the cursor on a specific line. The power on default is off.

Press **Fn** + **Enter** to simulate **Enter** on the enhanced keyboard's numeric keypad.

Press **Fn** + **Ctrl** to simulate the enhanced keyboard's right **Ctrl** key.



Press **Fn + Alt** to simulate the enhanced keyboard's right **Alt** key.

Hot keys

Hotkeys (**Fn** + a function or cursor key) let you enable or disable certain features of the computers.



Sound mute: Pressing **Fn** + **Esc** turns sound on or off. When you press these hotkeys, the current setting will be displayed in a window.



Instant security: Press **Fn + F1** to lock the keyboard and blank the screen to prevent others from accessing your data. Also, the HDD-off timing is set to one minute. To restore the screen and original settings, press any key or move the AccuPoint. If you have set a screen saver password, a dialog will appear. Enter the password and click **OK**. If no screen saver password is set, the screen will be restored when you press any key or move the AccuPoint.



Power save mode: Pressing **Fn + F2** changes the power save mode.

Press **Fn + F2** once to display the Power Save Mode in a window. Press the hotkeys again to change the setting. You can also change this setting through the *Plugged in* or *Running on batteries* item of the *Power Saver Properties* window in Power Saver.



Standby: Press **Fn** + **F3** to enable Standby mode. A check box lets you select whether or not the dialog box will appear.



Hibernation: Press **Fn** + **F4** to enable Hibernation mode. A check box lets you select whether or not the dialog box will appear.



Display selection: Press **Fn + F5** to change the active display device. When you press these hot keys a dialog box appears. Only selectable devices will be displayed. Hold down **Fn** and press **F5** again to change the device. When you release **Fn** and **F5**, the selected device will change. If you hold down the keys for three seconds the selection will return to **LCD**.



Display Brightness: Pressing **Fn + F6** decreases the display brightness in increments. When you press these hotkeys, the current setting will be displayed for two seconds by an icon. You can also change this setting through the Monitor brightness item of the Power Save Mode window in Power Saver.



Display Brightness: Pressing **Fn + F7** increases the display brightness in increments. When you press these hotkeys, the current setting will be displayed for two seconds by a pop-up icon. You can also change this setting through the Monitor brightness item of the Power Save Mode window in Power Saver.



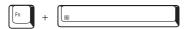
Wireless setting: If your computer has both Bluetooth and wireless LAN functions, you can press **Fn + F8** to select which type of wireless communication you want to use. When you press these hotkeys, a dialog box will appear. Continue holding down **Fn** and press **F8** to change the setting. If wireless communication is turned off, Disabled Wireless Communication Switch will be displayed.



If no wireless communication device is installed, no dialog box will appear.



Toshiba Dual Pointing Device: Pressing **Fn + F9** in a windows environment enables or disables the Toshiba Dual Pointing Device function. When you press these hotkeys, the current setting will change and be displayed as an icon.



Display resolution selection: Press **Fn + space keys** to change the display resolution. Each time when you press these hot keys, the display resolution changes as follows: From the current resolution (the original resolution) to 1024X768, from 1024X768 to 800X600, from 800X600 to the original resolution.

Emulating Fn key on external keyboard

The **Fn** key is only on TOSHIBA keyboards. If you use an external keyboard attached to the computer, you can execute **Fn** key combinations by emulating the **Fn** key. See Chapter 7, *HW Setup and Passwords*, for details on setting the **Fn** key equivalent.

Fn Sticky key

You can use the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility to make the **Fn** key sticky, that is, you can press it once, release it, and they press an "**F number**" key.

Windows special keys

The keyboard provides two keys that have special functions in Windows: one activates the **Start** menu and the other has the same function as the secondary mouse button.



This key activates the Windows **Start** menu.



This key has the same function as the secondary mouse button.

Keypad overlay

Your computer's keyboard does not have an independent numeric keypad, but its numeric keypad overlay functions like one.

The keys in the centre of the keyboard with white letters make up the numeric keypad overlay. The overlay provides the same functions as the numeric keypad on the 101/102-key enhanced keyboard in the next illustration

Turning on the overlays

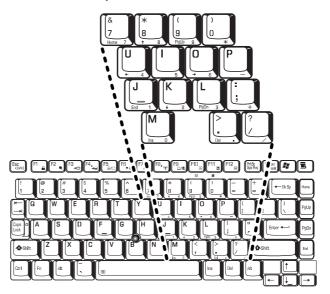
The numeric keypad overlay can be used for numeric data input or cursor and page control.

Arrow mode

To turn on the Arrow mode, press Fn + F10. Now try cursor and page control using the keys shown in the following illustration. Press Fn + F10 again to turn off the overlay.

Numeric mode

To turn on the Numeric mode, press Fn + F11. Now try numeric data entry using the keys in shown in the following illustration. Press Fn + F11 again to turn off the overlay.



The numeric keypad overlay

Temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on)

While using the overlay, you can temporarily access the normal keyboard without turning off the overlay:

- Hold Fn and press any other key. All keys will operate as if the overlay were off
- 2. Type upper-case characters by holding Fn + Shift and pressing a character kev.
- 3. Release **Fn** to continue using the overlay.

Temporarily using overlay (overlay off)

While using the normal keyboard, you can temporarily use the keypad overlay without turning it on:

- 1. Press and hold down Fn.
- 2. Release **Fn** to return to normal keyboard operation.

Temporarily changing modes

If the computer is in **Numeric mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Arrow mode** by pressing a shift key.

If the computer is in **Arrow mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Numeric mode** by pressing a shift key.

Generating ASCII characters

Not all ASCII characters can be generated using normal keyboard operation. But, you can generate these characters using their ASCII codes.

With the overlay on:

- 1. Hold down Alt.
- 2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
- **3.** Release **Alt**, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen. With the overlay off:
- Hold Alt + Fn.
- 2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
- 3. Release Alt + Fn, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen.

A list of ASCII characters with their codes is shown in Appendix G.

Chapter 6

Power and Power-Up Modes

The computer's power resources include the AC adaptor and internal batteries. This chapter gives details on making the most effective use of these resources including charging and changing batteries, tips for saving battery power, and power up modes.

Power conditions

The computer's operating capability and battery charge status are affected by the power conditions: whether an AC adaptor is connected, whether a battery is installed and what the charge level is for the battery.

Table 6-1 Power conditions

		Power on	Power off (no operation)
AC adaptor connected	Main battery fully charged	Operates No charge LED: Main battery green DC IN green	No charge LED: Main battery green DC IN green
	Main battery partially charged or no charge	Operates Charge*1 LED: Main battery orange DC IN green	Quick charge*1 LED: Main battery orange DC IN green
	No main battery installed	Operates No charge LED: Main battery off DC IN green	No charge LED: Main battery off DC IN green
	2nd battery fully charged	Operates No charge LED: 2nd battery green DC IN green	No charge LED: 2nd battery green DC IN green
	2nd battery partially charged or no charge	Operates Charge*2 LED: 2nd battery orange DC IN green	Quick charge*2 LED: 2nd battery orange DC IN green
	No 2nd battery installed	Operates No charge LED: 2nd battery off DC IN green	No charge LED: 2nd battery off DC IN green

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AC adaptor	not
connected	

	Power on	Power off (no operation)
Main battery charge is above low battery trigger point	Operates LED: Main battery off DC IN off	_
Main battery charge is below low battery trigger point	Operates LED: Main battery flashes orange DC IN off	_
Main battery charge exhausted	Computer shuts down*3	_
No main battery installed	No operation*4 LED: Main battery off DC IN off	_
2nd battery charge is above low battery trigger point	Operates LED: 2nd battery off DC IN off	_
2nd battery charge is below low battery trigger point	Operates LED: 2nd battery flashes orange DC IN off	_
2nd battery charge are exhausted	Computer shuts down*3	_
No 2nd battery is installed	No operation*5 LED: 2nd battery off DC IN off	_



2nd battery indicator refers to the **Slim Select Bay** indicator when a secondary battery is installed.

- *1 When the secondary battery is not charging.
- *2 When the main battery is not charging
- *3 For the computer to shut down in hibernation mode, the hibernation feature must be enabled in two places in TOSHIBA Power Saver: the Hibernate window and the Battery Alarm item of the Alarm window. If a main battery and a secondary battery are installed, the computer does not shut down until the charge in both batteries is exhausted.
- *4 When no secondary battery is installed
- *5 When no main battery is installed



When batteries are charged, the main battery is charged first. When it is fully charged, the secondary battery is charged.

Power indicators

The **Main battery, Slim Select Bay**, **DC IN** and **Power** indicators on the system indicator panel alert you to the computer's operating capability and battery charge status.

Battery indicators

Check the **Main battery** indicator to determine the status of the main battery and the **Slim Select Bay** indicator to determine the status of the secondary battery. The following indicator lights indicate the battery status:

Flashing orange	The battery charge is low. The AC adaptor must be connected to recharge the battery.
Orange	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and charging the battery.
Green	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and the battery is fully charged.
No light	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.



If the battery becomes too hot while it is being charged, the charge will stop and the battery indicator will go out. When the battery's temperature falls to a normal range, charge will resume. This event occurs regardless of whether the power to the computer is on or off.

DC IN indicator

Check the **DC IN** indicator to determine the power status with the AC adaptor connected:

Green	Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and supplying proper power to the computer.
Flashing orange	Indicates a problem with the power supply. Plug the AC adaptor into another outlet. If it still does not operate properly, see your dealer.
No light	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.

Power indicator

Check the **Power** indicator to determine the power status.

Green	Indicates power is being supplied to the computer and the computer is turned on.
Blinking orange	Indicates the power was turned off while the computer was in Standby mode. The indicator turns on for one second and turns off for two seconds.
No light	Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light.

Battery types

The computer has three types of batteries:

- Main Battery 9 cell and 6 cell
- Slim Select Bay 2nd Battery Pack
- Real Time Clock (RTC) battery

Main battery

When the AC power cord is not connected, the computer's main power source is a removable lithium ion battery pack, also referred to in this manual as the main battery. You can purchase additional battery packs for extended use of the computer away from an AC power source.



The battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.

The main battery recharges the RTC batteries. The main battery maintains the state of the computer when you enable Standby.



When the computer is powered off in Standby mode, and the AC adaptor in not connected, the main battery pack and optional secondary battery pack supply power to maintain data and programs in memory. If the battery pack(s) is completely discharged, Standby does not function and the computer loses all data in memory.

The following message appears when you turn on the power:



WARNING: RESUME FAILURE.
PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE.

To ensure that the battery pack maintains its maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power at least once a month until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to *Extending battery life* in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power, either through an AC adaptor or a docking station for an extended period, more than a month, the battery may fail to retain a charge. It may not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery and the Battery LED may not indicate a low-battery condition.

Secondary battery (option)

An optional secondary battery can be installed in the Slim Select Bay to increase your battery operating time. Note the caution on Standby mode in the previous section *Main battery*.



The secondary battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.

Real Time Clock battery

The Real Time Clock (RTC) battery provides power for the internal real time clock and calendar. It also maintains the system configuration.

If the RTC battery becomes completely discharged, the system loses this data and the real time clock and calendar stop working. The following message appears when you turn on the power:



Check system. Then press [F1] key



The computer's RTC battery is a Lithium Ion (Li-Ion) battery and should be replaced only by your dealer or by a TOSHIBA service representative. The battery can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Care and use of the battery pack

The battery pack is a vital component of portable computing. Taking proper care of it will help ensure longer operating time on battery power as well as a longer life for your battery pack. Follow the instructions in this section carefully to ensure safe operation and maximum performance.

Safety precautions

Mishandling of batteries can cause death, serious injury or property damage. Carefully observe the following advisories:

Danger: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation, Which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

Warning : Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, Which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

Caution: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, Which if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury or property damage.

Note: Provides important information.

Danger

- Never try to dispose of the battery pack by burning or expose it to a heating device such as a microwave oven. The battery pack could explode and cause bodily injury.
- 2. Never try to disassemble, repair or otherwise tamper with a battery pack. The battery pack will overheat and ignite. Leakage of caustic alkaline solution or other electrolytic substances will cause fire or injury, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
- 3. Never short-circuit the battery pack by contacting the terminals with a metal object. A short-circuit can cause fire or otherwise damage the battery pack and possibly cause injury. To avoid accidental short-circuit, always wrap the battery pack in plastic and cover the terminals with electrical tape when storing or disposing of the battery pack.
- **4.** Never puncture the battery pack with a nail or other sharp object. Never strike it with a hammer or other object. Never step on it.
- 5. Never try to change the battery pack in any manner other than that described in user's manual. Never connect the battery pack to a plug socked or to a automobile's cigarette lighter socket. It may rupture or ignite.
- 6. Use only the battery pack supplied with the computer or other device or an battery pack approved by the computer or device's manufacturer. Battery packs have different voltages and terminal polarities. Use of an improper battery could cause smoke, fire or rupture of the battery pack.
- 7. Never subject a battery pack to heat, such as storage near a heat source. Exposure to heat can cause the battery pack to ignite, explode or leak caustic liquid and cause death or serious injury. It could also fail or malfunction causing data lose.

- 8. Never expose the battery pack to abnormal shock, vibration or pressure. The battery pack's internal protective device will fail, causing it to overheat, explode, ignite or leak caustic liquids possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
- Never let a battery pack become wet. A wet battery pack will overheat, ignite or rupture possibly resulting in death or serious injury.

Warning

- 1. Never allow caustic electrolyte fluid leaked from a battery pack to contact your eyes, skin or clothing. If caustic electrolyte fluid should contact your eyes, immediately wash your eyes with large amounts of running water and seek medical attention, to help prevent eye damage. It electrolyte fluid should contact your skin immediately wash it under running water to prevent rash. If it contacts your clothes, promptly remove them to prevent the fluid from contacting your skin or eyes.
- 2. Immediately turn off the power, disconnect the AC adaptor and remove the battery if any of the following events are observed in the battery pack: offensive or unusual odour, excessive heat, discoloration or deformation. Never use the computer again until it has been checked by a TOSHIBA service provider. It might generate smoke or fire, or the battery pack might rupture.
- 3. Make sure the battery is securely installed in the computer before attempting to charge the battery pack. Improper installation could generate smoke or fire, or cause the battery pack to rupture.
- Keep the battery pack out or reach of infants and children. It can cause injury.

Caution

- Never continue to use a battery pack after its recharging capacity has become impaired, or after the display of a warning message indicating that the battery pack's power is exhausted. Continued use of an exhausted or impaired battery pack could cause the loss of data.
- 2. Never dispose of battery packs with normal trash. Bring them to your TOSHIBA dealer or to another recycling centre to save resources and prevent environmental damage. Cover the terminals with electrical tape to prevent short-circuits, which could cause the battery pack to ignite or rupture.
- **3.** Use only battery packs recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.
- **4.** Always make sure the battery pack is installed correctly and securely. Otherwise, a battery pack could fall out and possibly cause injury.
- 5. Change the battery pack only in an ambient temperature between 5 and 35 degrees Celsius. Otherwise, the electrolyte solution might leak, battery pack performance might deteriorate and the battery life might be shortened.

- 6. Be sure to monitor the remaining battery power. If the battery pack and real time clock battery discharge completely. Standby and Suspend will not function and data in memory will be lose. Also, the computer might register an incorrect time and date. In this case, connect the AC adaptor to recharge the batteries.
- Never install or remove the battery pack without first turning off the power and disconnecting the AC adaptor. Never remove the battery pack while the computer in Suspend or Standby mode. Data will be lost.

Note

- Never remove the battery pack while the Wake-up on LAN function is enabled. Data will be lost. Before you remove a battery pack, disable the Wake-up on LAN function.
- 2. To ensure the battery pack maintains maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power once a week until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to the section Extending battery life in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power for an extended period, more than a week, the battery might fail to retain a charge. It might not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery pack and Battery indicator might not indicate a low-battery condition.

Charging the batteries

When the power in the battery pack becomes low, the **Battery** indicator flashes orange indicating that only a few minutes of battery power remain. If you continue to use the computer while the **Battery** indicator flashes, the computer enables Hibernation mode (so you don't lose data) and automatically turns off.



The computer enters Hibernate mode only if Hibernation is enabled in two places in TOSHIBA Power Saver: the Hibernate window and the battery Alarm item of the Alarm window.

You must recharge a battery pack when it becomes discharged.

Procedures

To recharge a battery pack while it is installed in the computer, connect the AC adaptor to the **DC IN** socket and plug the other end into a working outlet.

The **Battery** indicator glows orange when the battery is being charged.



Use only the computer connected to an AC power source or the optional TOSHIBA Battery charger to charge the battery pack. Do not attempt to charge the battery pack with any other charger.

Time

The following table shows the approximate time required to fully charge a discharged battery.

	Charging time (hours)	
Battery type	Power on	Power off
Main battery pack (9cell)	about 3.5 or longer	about 3.5
Main battery pack (6cell)	about 3 or longer	about 3
Secondary battery pack	about 3 or longer	about 3
RTC battery	8	Doesn't charge



The charging time when the computer is on is affected by ambient temperature, the temperature of the computer and how you use the computer. If you make heavy use of external devices, for example, the battery might scarcely charge at all during operation. Refer also to the section Maximizing battery operating time.

Battery charging notice

The battery may not charge right away under the following conditions:

- The battery is extremely hot or cold. If the battery is extremely hot, it might not charge at all. Also, to ensure the battery charges to its full capacity, charge the battery at room temperature of 10° to 30°C (50° to 88°F).
- The battery is nearly completely discharged. Leave the AC adaptor connected for a few minutes and the battery should begin charging.

The **Battery** indicator may show a rapid decrease in battery operating time when you try to charge a battery under the following conditions:

- The battery has not been used for a long time.
- The battery has completely discharged and been left in the computer for a long time.
- A cool battery is installed in a warm computer.

In such case, follow the steps below.

- 1. Fully discharge the battery by leaving it in the computer with the power on until the power automatically shuts off.
- 2. Plug in the AC adaptor.
- 3. Charge the battery until the **Battery** indicator glows green.

Repeat the steps two or three times until the battery recovers normal capacity.



Leaving the AC adaptor connected will shorten battery life. At least once a month, run the computer on battery power until the battery is fully discharged, then recharged the battery.

Monitoring battery capacity

Remaining battery power can be monitored in the *Power Save Modes* window in Power Saver of Windows.



Wait at least 16 seconds after turning on the computer before trying to monitor the remaining operating time. The computer needs this time to check the battery's remaining capacity and to calculate the remaining operating time, based on the current power consumption rate and remaining battery capacity. The actual remaining operating time may differ slightly from the calculated time.

With repeated discharges and recharges, the battery's capacity will gradually decrease. Therefore, an often used, older battery will not operate for as long as a new battery even when both are fully charged. In this case, Power Saver Utility will indicate a 100% charge for both the old and new battery, but the displayed estimated time remaining will be shorter for the older battery.

Maximising battery operating time

A battery's usefulness depends on how long it can supply power on a single charge.

How long the charge lasts in a battery depends on:

- How you configure the computer, for example, whether you enable battery-power saving options. The computer provides a battery save mode to conserve battery power. This mode has the following options:
 - Processing speed
 - Monitor brightness
 - System standby
 - System Hibernate
 - Turn off monitor
 - Turn off hard disks
- How often and how long you use the hard disk, optical media drive and the diskette drive.
- How much charge the battery contained to begin with.
- How you use optional devices, such as a PC card, to which the battery supplies power.
- Enabling Resume mode conserves battery power if you are frequently turning the computer off and on.
- Where you store your programs and data.
- Closing the display when you are not using the keyboard saves power.
- Operating time decreases at low temperatures.

The condition of the battery terminals. Make sure the battery terminals stay clean by wiping them with a clean dry cloth before installing the battery pack.

Retaining data with power off

When you turn off your computer with fully charged batteries, the batteries retain data for the following approximate time periods:

Battery pack (9cell)	4 days (Resume mode) 47 days (Boot mode)
Battery pack (6cell)	3 days (Resume mode) 34 days (Boot mode)
RTC battery	1 month

Extending battery life

To maximise the life of your battery pack:

- At least once a month, disconnect the computer from a power source and operate it on battery power until the battery pack fully discharges. Before doing so, follow the steps below:
 - 1. Turn off the computer's power.
 - 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and turn on the computer's power. If it does not turn on go to step 4.
 - Operate the computer on battery power for five minutes. If the battery pack has at least five minutes of operating time, continue operating until the battery pack is fully discharged. If the battery LED flashes or there is some other warning to indicate a low battery, go to step 4.
 - 4. Connect the AC adaptor to the computer and the power cord to a power outlet. The DC IN LED should glow green, and the Battery LED should glow orange to indicate that the battery pack is being charged. If the DC IN indicator does not glow, power is not being supplied. Check the connections for the AC adaptor and power cord.
 - 5. Charge the battery pack until the Battery LED glows green.
- If you have extra battery packs, rotate their use.
- If you will not be using the system for an extended period, more than one month, remove the battery pack.
- Disconnect the AC adaptor when the battery is fully charged. Overcharging makes the battery hot and shortens life.
- If you are not going to use the computer for more than eight hours, disconnect the AC adaptor.
- Store spare battery packs in a cool dry place out of direct sunlight.

Replacing the battery pack

When the battery pack reaches the end of its operating life you will need to install a new one. The life of the battery pack is generally about 500 recharges. If the **Battery** indicator flashes orange shortly after fully recharging the battery, the battery pack needs to be replaced.

You might also replace a discharged battery pack with a charged spare when you are operating your computer away from an AC power source. This section explains how to remove and install battery packs. For details about removing/installing the Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack, refer to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*.

Removing the battery pack

To replace a discharged battery pack, follow the steps below.



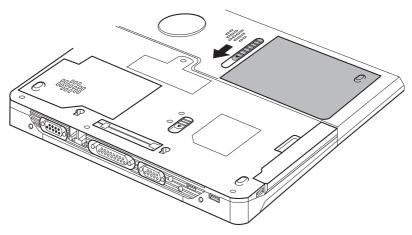
When handling battery packs, be careful not to short-circuit the terminals. Also do not drop, hit or otherwise apply impact; do not scratch or break the casing and do not twist or bend the battery pack. Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it will be lost. In Hibernation mode, data will be lost if you remove the battery or disconnect the AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the **Disk** indicator to go out.

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Turn the computer's power off. Make sure the **Power** indicator is off.
- **3.** Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- Turn the computer upside down with the back of the computer facing you.
- 5. Slide the battery release latch to free the battery pack for removal, then lift up the battery pack.

6. Pull the battery pack forward to remove it.



For environmental reasons, do not throw away a spent battery pack. Please return spent battery packs to your TOSHIBA dealer.



Removing the battery pack

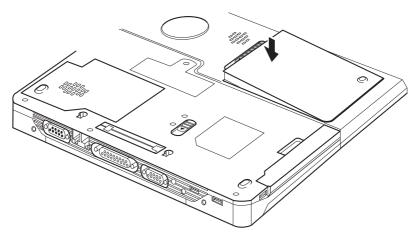
Installing the battery pack

To install a battery pack, follow the steps below.



The battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.

- **1.** Be sure the computer's power is off and all cables are disconnected.
- 2. Insert the battery pack.



Installing the battery pack

3. Push down the battery pack until it is firmly seated.

Starting the computer by password

If you registered a user password, you must enter it to start the computer. To start up the computer with the password, follow these steps:

1. Turn on the computer as described in Chapter 3, Getting Started, and the following message appears:



Password =

- 2. Enter the password.
- Press Enter. The computer displays the message below while it starts up.



Valid password entered, system is now starting up.



If you enter the password incorrectly three times in a row, the computer shuts off. In this case, you must turn the computer back on to retry password entry.

Power-up modes

The computer has the following power-up modes:

- Boot : Computer shuts down without saving data. Always save your work before you turn the computer off in boot mode.
- Hibernation : Data in memory is saved to the hard disk.
- Standby : Data is maintained in the computer's main memory.



Refer also to the sections Turning on the power and Turning off the power in Chapter 3, Getting Started.

Windows utilities

You can specify the setting in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

Hotkeys

You can use hotkeys **Fn + F3** to enter Standby mode and **Fn + F4** to enter Hibernation. See Chapter 5, *The Keyboard* for details.

Panel power off

You can set up your computer so that power turns off automatically when you close the display panel. When you open the panel, power turns on in Standby or Hibernation mode but not in boot mode.



If the panel power off function is enabled and use Shut down Windows, do not close the display until the shut down function is completed.

System Auto Off

This feature turns the system off automatically if it is not used for a set duration. The system shuts down in Standby mode or Hibernation mode in windows.

Chapter 7

HW Setup and Passwords

This chapter explains how to use **TOSHIBA HW Setup** program to configure your computer and how to set passwords.

HW Setup

TOSHIBA HW Setup lets you configure settings for Pointing Devices, Display, CPU, Boot Priority, Keyboard, USB, LAN, General, Password, Device Config and Parallel/Printer.



If the supervisor password is set, access to the TOSHIBA HW Setup program can be prevented when the user password is used to log on to the computer.

Refer to the Supervisor password readme file for details on enabling/disabling access to HW Setup. The path to the readme file is C:\ProgramFiles\TOSHIBA\Windows Utilities\SVPWTool. In the SVPWTool directory, open the readme.htm file.

Accessing HW Setup

Click **start**, click **Control Panel**, click **Printers and Other Hardware**, and select **TOSHIBA HW Setup** to run HW Setup in Windows XP.

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HW Setup window

The HW Setup window contains the following tabs: Pointing Devices, Display, CPU, Boot Priority, Keyboard, USB, LAN, General, Password, Device Config and Parallel/Printer.

There are also three buttons: **OK**, **Cancel** and **Apply**.

OK	Accepts your changes and closes the HW Setup window.
Cancel	Closes the window without accepting your changes.
Apply	Accepts all your changes without closing the HW Setup window.

General

This window displays the BIOS version and contains two buttons: **Default** and **About**.

Default	Return all HW Setup values to the factory settings.
About	Display the HW Setup version

Setup

This field displays BIOS Version and date.

Password

User Password

This option allows you to set or reset the user password for power on.

Not Registered	Change or remove the password. (Default)
Registered	Set the password. A dialog box will appear to let you set the password.

To enter a user password:

1. Select Registered to display the following prompt:



Enter Password:

2. Enter a password of up to 10 characters. The character string you enter is displayed as a string of asterisks. For example, if you enter a password consisting of four characters, the display is shown as:



Enter Password: ****



If you click the **OK** button before entering the password, **Not registered** will appear on the display.

3. Click the **OK** button. The following message appears, allowing you to verify the password.



Verify Password:

4. If character strings match, the password is registered click OK button. If they do not match, the following message appears. You must repeat from step 1.



Entry Error!!!

To delete a user password:

1. Select Not Registered to display the following prompt:



Enter Password:

Enter the currently registered password. The character string you enter is displayed as a string of asterisks.



Enter Password: ****



If you click the **OK** button before entering the password, **Registered** will appear on the display.

3. Click the **OK** button. If the character string you enter matches the registered password, the password option is reset and the display changes to:



Not registered

If they do not match, the following message appears. You must repeat step 1.



Incorrect Password!!!



If you enter the password incorrectly three times, the screen will display: Sorry, access denied!!!

You will not be able to access the password option in the HW Setup. In this case you must turn the power off and back on to retry the procedure.

4. Follow the same procedures described in the earlier section, *How to set the password*, to set a new user password.

Refer to the *Supervisor password* section later in this chapter for details on setting the supervisor password.

Device Config

Device Configuration

This option lets you set the device configuration.

All Devices	BIOS sets all devices.
Setup by OS	Operating system sets devices that it can control. (Default)

Parallel/Printer

This tab lets you set the Printer Port Type. Use the Windows Device Manager to make settings for the Parallel port.

Parallel Port Mode

The options in this tab are ECP and Standard Bi-directional.

ECP	Sets the port type to Extended Capabilities Port (ECP). For most printers, the port should be set to ECP. (Default)
Standard Bi-directional	This setting should be used with some other parallel devices.

Pointing Devices

Pointing Devices

This tab lets you select Auto-Selected and Simultaneous.

Auto-Selected	If a PS/2 mouse is connected to the computer when you turn on the power, the PS/2 mouse is enabled and the AccuPoint is disabled. Otherwise, the AccuPoint is enabled. (Default)
Simultaneous	Enables both the AccuPoint and a PS/2 mouse.

Display

This tab lets you customise your computer's display settings for either the internal LCD screen or for an external monitor.

Power On Display

Lets you set the display to be used when the computer is booted.

Auto-Selected	Selects an external monitor if one is connected. Otherwise, it selects the internal LCD. (Default)
Simultaneous	Selects both the internal LCD and external monitor for simultaneous display.

CPU

Dynamic CPU Frequency Mode

This option lets you choose from the following settings:

Dynamically Switchable	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is enabled. When the computer is in use, CPU operation is automatically switched when necessary. (Default)
Always High	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at its fastest speed.
Always Low	CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at low power consumption and low speed.

Boot Priority

Boot Priority Options

This option sets the priority for booting the computer. Select from the following settings:

HDD -> FDD -> CD-ROM (-> LAN)	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, USB diskette drive, CD-ROM* and LAN. (Default)
FDD -> HDD -> CD-ROM (-> LAN)	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: USB diskette drive, HDD, CD-ROM* and LAN.
HDD -> CD-ROM (-> LAN) -> FDD	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, CD-ROM*, LAN and USB diskette drive.
FDD -> CD-ROM (-> LAN) -> HDD	The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: USB diskette drive, CD-ROM*, LAN and HDD.
CD-ROM (-> LAN) -> HDD -> FDD	The computer looks for bootable files in the
	following order: CD-ROM*, LAN, HDD, USB diskette drive.

You can override the settings and manually select a boot device by pressing one of the following keys while the computer is booting:

U	Selects the USB diskette drive.
N	Selects the network.
1	Selects the primary HDD.
2	Selects the secondary HDD.
С	Selects the CD-ROM*.
P	Selects the PC card HDD.

This procedure does not affect the settings.

* In this computer, CD refers to the CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, CD-RW/DVD-ROM or DVD Multi drives.



PC card HDD boot is not supported.

To change the boot drive, follow the steps below.

- 1. Hold down F12 and boot the computer.
- 2. The following menu will be displayed.



Use the up/down cursor keys to select boot device you want and press Enter.



A bar will appear only under the selected device.

Use the left/right cursor keys to highlight the boot device you want and press Enter.



If a supervisor password is set, the menu above does not appear when you use the user password to start the computer.

The selection method above does not change the boot priority settings in HW Setup.

If you press a key other than one of those above or if the selected device is not installed, the system will boot according to the current setting in HW Setup.

HDD Priority Options

This option lets you set the boot priority for the HDD if more than one is installed in the computer.

Built-in HDD -> Second HDD	The built-in HDD is checked first for the boot command, then the HDD installed in the Slim Select Bay. (Default)
Second HDD -> Built-in HDD	The HDD installed in the Slim Select Bay is checked first for the boot command, then the built-in HDD.

Keyboard

External Keyboard Fn key

Use this option to set a key combination on an external keyboard to emulate the **Fn** key on the computer's internal keyboard. Setting an **Fn** key equivalent will let you use Hotkeys by pressing the set combination instead of the **Fn** key. (PS/2 keyboard only)

Disabled	No Fn key equivalent (Default)
Fn Equivalent	Left Ctrl + Left Alt Right Ctrl + Right Alt Left Alt + Left Shift Right Alt + Right Shift Left Alt + Caps Lock



If you select Left Ctrl + Left Alt or Right Ctrl + Right Alt for this option, you cannot use the selected keys to reboot the computer in combination with the Del key. For example, if you select Left Ctrl + Left Alt, you must use Right Ctrl, Right Alt and Del to reboot the computer. Left Ctrl, Left Alt and Del cannot be used.

Wake-up on Keyboard

Use this option to configure the Wake-up on Keyboard mode to be enabled or disabled. This function effects only for the built-in keyboard and only from standby mode.

Enabled	Enables the Wake-up on Keyboard.
Disabled	Disables the Wake-up on Keyboard.

USB

USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation. If your operating system does not support USB, you can still use a USB mouse and keyboard by setting the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation item to Enabled.

Enabled	Enables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation. (Default)
Disabled	Disables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation.

USB-FDD Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB-FDD Legacy Emulation.

Enabled	Enables the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation. (Default)
Disabled	Disables the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation.

LAN

Wake-up on LAN

This features lets the computer's power be turned on when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN.

Enabled	Enables Wake-up on LAN.
Disabled	Disables Wake-up on LAN. (Default)



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.



Wake-up on LAN does not work without the AC adaptor. Leave it connected, if you are using this feature.

Built-in I AN

Enabled	Enables built-in LAN functions. (Default)
Disabled	Disables built-in LAN functions.

Chapter 8

Optional Devices

Optional devices can expand the computer's capabilities and its versatility. The following optional devices are available from your TOSHIBA dealer:

Cards/memory

- PC cards
- SD cards
- Memory expansion

Power devices

- Additional battery pack (9 cell and 6 cell)
- Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack
- Additional AC adaptor

Peripheral devices

- Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor
- USB FDD Kit
- Advanced Port Replicator II
- Parallel printer
- External monitor
- Television
- PS/2 mouse
- PS/2 keyboard

Other

Security lock

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PC cards

The computer is equipped with a PC card expansion slot that can accommodate two 5 mm Type II cards or one 10.5 mm Type III card. Any PC card that meets industry standards (manufactured by TOSHIBA or other vendor) can be installed. The slots support 16-bit PC cards, including PC card 16's multifunction card and CardBus PC cards.

CardBus supports the new standard of 32-bit PC cards. The bus provides superior performance for the greater demands of multimedia data transmission.

Installing a PC card

Two PC card connectors are located one above the other on the left side of the computer. Both connectors are accessed from the same slot. You can install two Type II cards, one in each connector, or one Type III card in the bottom connector.

Windows' hot-install feature lets you install PC cards while the computer's power is on.

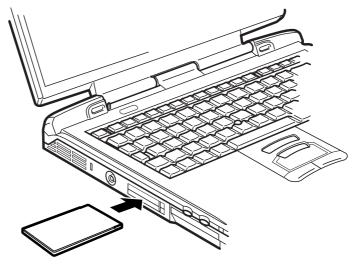


Do not install a PC card while the computer is in standby or hibernation mode. Some cards might not work properly.

An HDD or CD-ROM connected to a 16-bit PC card, might affect the performance of the computer's sound system and data transmission, including slower transmission speeds and dialling errors.

To install a PC card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Insert the PC card.
- 2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



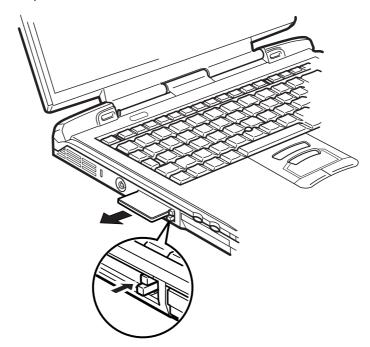
Inserting the PC card

3. Check the configuration in the HW Setup window to make sure it is appropriate for your card.

Removing a PC card

To remove the PC card, follow the steps below.

- Open the Safety Remove Hardware icon on the system tray and disable the PC card.
- 2. Press the eject button of the PC card you want to remove to extend the button.
- 3. Press the extended eject button to pop the card out slightly.
- 4. Grasp the PC card and remove it.



Removing the PC card

SD cards

The computer is equipped with a SD card slot that can accommodate Secure Digital flash memory cards with capacities of 8 MB, 16MB, 64MB, 128MB and 512MB. SD cads let you easily transfer data from devices, such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants, that use SD cards flash-memory. The cards have a copy protection features, but it does not support SD security features. The computer cannot read/write data protected with the security function. The slot cannot accommodate MultiMedia cards.

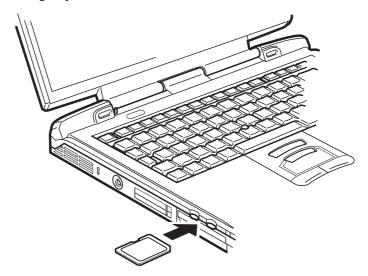


Keep foreign objects out of the SD cards slot. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.

Installing an SD card

To install an SD card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Insert the SD card.
- 2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



Inserting the SD card

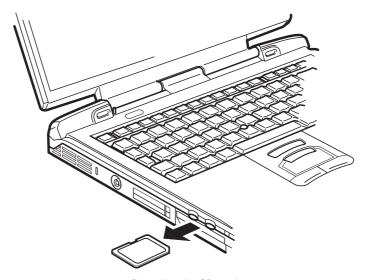


Make sure the SD card is oriented properly before you insert it.

Removing an SD card

To remove an SD card, follow the steps below.

- Open the Safety Remove Hardware icon on the system tray and disable the SD card.
- 2. Push in card and release it to pop the card out slightly.
- 3. Grasp the card and remove it.



Removing the SD card



Make sure the SD card indicator is out before you remove the card or turn off the computer's power. If you remove the card or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the card you may lose data or damage the card.

Memory expansion

You can install additional memory in the computer's memory module to increase the amount of RAM.

Installing memory module

To install a memory module, make sure the computer is in boot mode then:

1. Turn the computer off in boot mode. Refer to the *Turning off the power* section in Chapter 3, *Getting Started*.



If you use the computer for a long time, the memory modules will become hot. In this case, let the memory modules cool to room temperature before you replace them.

Do not try to install a memory module with the computer turned on or turned off in Standby and Hibernation mode. You can damage the computer and the memory module.

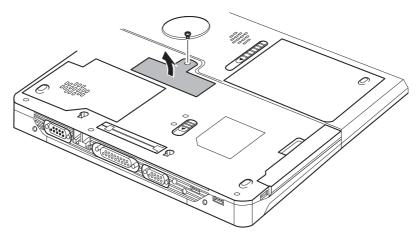
If you install a memory module that is not compatible with the computer, a beep will sound when you turn on the power. If the module is installed in slot A, there will be a long beep followed by a short beep. If the module is in slot B, there will be a long beep followed by two short beeps. In this case shut down the power and remove the incompatible module.

- 2. Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- 3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack (refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.)
- **4.** Remove one screw securing the memory module cover.

5. Lift off the cover.



Use a point size 0 Phillips screwdriver.

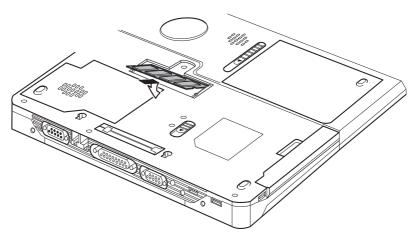


Removing the cover

- **6.** Insert the memory module into the connector on the computer. Press the module carefully and firmly to ensure a solid connection.
- 7. Push the module down so that it lies flat and is secured by two latches.



Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.



Inserting the memory module

- 8. Seat the cover and secure it with one screw.
- 9. When you turn the computer on, it should automatically recognize the total memory capacity. Use the HW Setup program to verify that the added memory is recognized. If it is not recognized, check the module's connection.

Removing a memory module

To remove the memory module, make sure the computer is in boot mode then:

 Turn the computer off and remove all cables connected to the computer.



If you use the computer for a long time, the memory modules will become hot. In this case, let the memory modules cool to room temperature before you replace them.

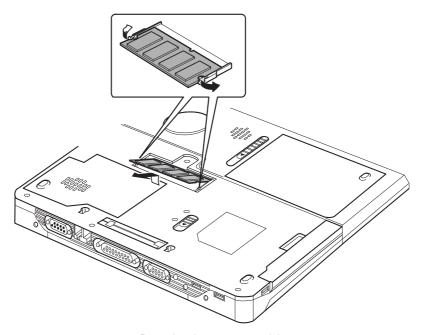
Do not try to remove a memory module with the computer turned on or turned off in Standby and Hibernation mode. You can damage the computer and the memory module.

- 2. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack (refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.)
- 3. Remove one screw securing the memory module cover.
- 4. Lift off the cover.
- Use a slender object such as a pen to press two latches on either side of the memory module to the outside. The memory module will pop up.

6. Grasp the memory module by the sides and pull it out.



Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.



Removing the memory module

7. Seat the cover and secure it with one screw.

Additional battery pack (9 Cell and 6 Cell)

You can increase the portability of the computer with additional battery packs (9 Cell: PA3257*, 6 Cell: PA3248*). If you're away from an AC power source, you can replace a low battery with a fully charged one. See Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.

Slim Select Bay 2nd battery pack

You can install a secondary battery pack (PA3249*) in the computer's Slim Select Bay. For details on installing modules in the Slim Select Bay, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

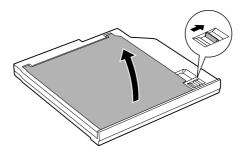
Additional AC adaptor

If you frequently transport the computer between different sites such as your home and office, purchasing an AC adaptor for each location will reduce the weight and bulk of your carrying load: PA3215*.

Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor

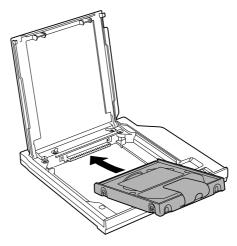
A integrated 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HDD is available for installation in the Slim Select Bay. To install an HDD in the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor (PA3134U-1ETC) follow the steps below.

1. Slide the lock to the unlock position and open the lid.



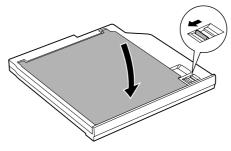
Opening the lid

2. Insert the HDD and push forward to ensure a firm connection.



Installing the HDD

3. Close the lid and slide the lock to the lock position.



Closing the lid

For details on installing the Slim Select Bay HDD adaptor in the Slim Select Bay, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

USB FDD Kit

The 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " external FDD drive module can be connected to the USB port. For details on connecting the 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " external diskette drive module, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

Advanced Port Replicator II

In addition to the ports available on the computer, the Advanced Port Replicator II provides audio line-out jack, line-in jack and separate ports for PS/2 mouse and PS/2 keyboard. IT connects directly to the docking interface on the bottom of the computer. The AC adaptor connects the Advanced Port Replicator II to a power source.



The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.

The following ports and accessories are available on the Advanced Port Replicator II.

- One RJ45 LAN jack
- One RJ11 Modem jack
- External monitor port
- Parallel port
- Serial port
- PS/2 mouse port
- PS/2 keyboard port
- DC IN socket

- Security lock slot
- Audio line-in, line-out jacks
- Two Universal Serial Bus ports
- i.LINK (IEEE 1394) port (This port is not supported by the computer.)
- DVI port (This port is not supported by the computer.)



When an Advanced Port Replicator II is connected to the computer, remove all cables connected to the computer.

The TECRA S1 does not support the DVI and i.LINK ports on the Port Replicator.

Parallel printer

You can connect any standard Centronics-compatible parallel printer to your computer. All you need is an IBM PC[™] parallel printer cable. Your dealer can supply one or you can purchase one at most computer stores.

The cable's connectors are designed so that it is impossible for you to connect them incorrectly. You can also connect a parallel printer to an optional Advanced Port Replicator. To connect a printer, follow these steps:

- 1. Turn off the computer.
- 2. Insert one end of the cable into the computer's parallel port.
- Tighten the screws that fasten the cable connector to the computer's parallel port.
- **4.** Insert the other end of the cable into the printer's parallel connector.
- **5.** Fasten the connector to the printer with the clips on the parallel port.
- Turn on the printer.
- **7.** Turn on the computer.
- 8. Start the Hardware Setup program. Refer to Chapter 7 HW Setup and Passwords.
- Select the Parallel/Printer tab from the TOSHIBA HW Setup window.
- 10. Set the Parallel Port Mode and press OK.
- **11.** Choose Reboot for the change to take effect.
- 12. Select the printer in Windows Add Print Wizard. To access the Add Print Wizard utility, click Start, point to Settings, click Printers and double click the Add Printer icon.

External monitor

An external analog monitor can be connected to the external monitor port on the computer, Port Replicator. The computer supports VGA and Super VGA video modes. To connect a monitor, follow the steps below.



If an external monitor is connected to the computer, do not connect the Port Replicator. First disconnect the external monitor from the computer then connect the Port Replicator and use its external monitor port.



The Resume feature can be used with an external monitor. Simply enable Resume and the computer will maintain the data as it is displayed on the external monitor.

- 1. Connect the monitor to the external monitor port.
- 2. Turn the monitor's power on.

When you turn on the power, the computer automatically recognizes the monitor and determines whether it is colour or monochrome.

You can use the HW Setup program to select between Auto-Selected and Simultaneous displays. Refer to Chapter 7, HW Setup and Passwords.

If you have selected Simultaneous under the Display options of the HW Setup, both the external monitor and the internal LCD will be active when you turn on the computer. If Auto-Selected is selected, only the external monitor will be active.

To change the display settings, press $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F5}$. If you disconnect the monitor before you turn the computer off, be sure to press $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F5}$ to switch to the internal display. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, for details on using hotkeys to change the display setting.

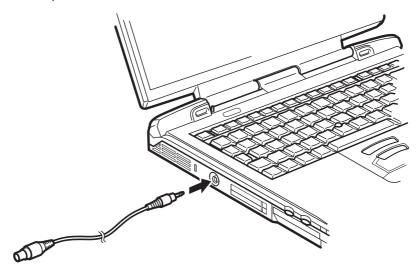


If you set Simultaneous for the computer's display, you must set the computer's display resolution to the same as that of the external monitor or other device, such as a projector.

Television

A television can be connected to the video out port on the computer. To connect a television, follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn the computer off.
- 2. Use a video cable (not supplied) to connect the television to the video out port.



Connecting a television

- 3. Turn the television on.
- 4. Turn the computer on.

PS/2 mouse

Use the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port on the computer or optional Advanced Port Replicator II to connect a PS/2 mouse.

Make sure the mouse has a cable with a 6-pin connector for the PS/2 mouse port. If the mouse's cable is not compatible, see your dealer for an adaptor cable.



How the computer treats the connection to a PS/2 mouse depends on the setting for <code>Pointing Devices</code> under the HW Setup program. If <code>Simultaneous</code> is selected, you can operate both the AccuPoint and the PS/2 mouse. If <code>Auto-Selected</code> is chosen, the AccuPoint is disabled when a PS/2 mouse is connected.

If you connect a PS/2 mouse to the computer while it is in Standby mode, you will not be able to use the mouse when you turn the computer on.

To connect a PS/2 mouse:

- 1. Turn the computer off.
- Connect the PS/2 mouse to the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port on the computer or the mouse port on the optional Advanced Port Replicator, pressing gently to assure a firm connection.
- 3. Turn on the computer.

To disconnect the mouse, turn off the computer and pull out the mouse connector.

Consult your mouse manual for instructions on how to install necessary software.

PS/2 keyboard

Use the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port on the computer or optional Advanced Port Replicator to connect a PS/2 keyboard. When an external keyboard is connected, you can use both the external keyboard and the computer's internal keyboard. To connect a PS/2 keyboard:



If you connect a PS/2 keyboard to the computer while it is in Standby mode, you will not be able to use the keyboard when you turn the computer on.

- 1. Turn the computer off.
- 2. Plug the PS/2 keyboard connector into the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port on the computer or the keyboard port on the optional Advanced Port Replicator, pressing gently to assure a firm connection.
- 3. Turn on the computer.

To disconnect the keyboard, turn off the computer and pull out the keyboard connector.

Security lock

A security lock enables you to anchor your computer to a desk or other heavy object to help prevent unauthorized removal of the computer.

Attach one end of a cable to the desk and the other end to the security lock slot on the left side of the computer.



Chapter 9

Troubleshooting

TOSHIBA designed the computer for durability. However, should problems occur, following the procedures in this chapter can help to determine the cause.

All readers should become familiar with this chapter. Knowing what might go wrong can help prevent problems from occurring.

Problem solving process

Resolving problems will be much easier if you observe the following guidelines:

- Stop immediately when you recognise a problem exists. Further action may result in data loss or damage. You may destroy valuable problem-related information that can help solve the problem.
- Observe what is happening. Write down what the system is doing and what actions you performed immediately before the problem occurred. If you have a printer attached, print a copy of the screen using **PrtSc**.

The questions and procedures offered in this chapter are meant as a guide, they are not definitive problem solving techniques. Many problems can be solved simply, but a few may require help from your dealer. If you find you need to consult your dealer or others, be prepared to describe the problem in as much detail as possible.

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Preliminary checklist

Consider the simplest solution first. The items in this checklist are easy to fix and yet can cause what appears to be a serious problem.

- Make sure you turn on all peripheral devices before you turn on the computer. This includes your printer and any other external device you are using.
- Before you attach an external device, turn the computer off. When you turn the computer back on it recognises the new device.
- Make sure all options are set properly in the setup program.
- Check all cables. Are they correctly and firmly attached? Loose cables can cause signal errors.
- Inspect all connecting cables for loose wires and all connectors for loose pins.
- Check that your diskette or CD/DVD-ROM is correctly inserted and that the diskette's write protect tab is correctly set.

Make notes of your observations and keep them in a permanent error log. This will help you describe your problems to your dealer. If a problem recurs, the log will help you identify the problem faster.

Analysing the problem

Sometimes the system gives clues that can help you identify why it is malfunctioning. Keep the following questions in mind:

- Which part of the system is not operating properly: keyboard, diskette drives, hard disk drive, printer, display. Each device produces different symptoms.
- Is the operating system configuration set properly? Check the configuration options.
- What appears on the display screen? Does it display any messages or random characters? Print a copy of the screen if you have a printer attached. Look up the messages in the software and operating system documentation. Check that all connecting cables are correctly and firmly attached. Loose cables can cause erroneous or intermittent signals.
- Do any icons light? Which ones? What colour are they? Do they stay on or blink? Write down what you see.
- Do you hear any beeps? How many? Are they long or short? Are they high pitched or low? Is the computer making any unusual noises? Write down what you hear.

Record your observations so you can describe them to your dealer.

Software

The problems may be caused by your software or diskette. If you cannot load a software package, the media (usually a diskette) may be damaged or the program might be corrupted. Try loading another copy of the software.

If an error message appears while you are using a software package, check the software documentation. These documents usually include a problem solving section or a summary of error messages.

Next, check any error messages in the OS documentation.

Hardware

If you cannot find a software problem, check your hardware. First run through the items in the preliminary checklist above. If you still cannot correct the problem, try to identify the source. The next section provides checklists for individual components and peripherals.

Hardware and system checklist

This section discusses problems caused by your computer's hardware or attached peripherals. Basic problems may occur in the following areas:

- System start-up
- Self test
- Power
- Password
- Keyboard
- LCD panel
- Hard disk drive
- CD-ROM drive
- DVD-ROM drive
- CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive
- DVD Multi drive
- Diskette drive
- Infrared port

- Printer
- Pointing device
- PC card
- SD card
- Monitor
- Sound system
- TV output signal
- USB
- Modem
- Standby/Hibernation
- Memory Expansion
- I AN
- Wireless LAN

System start-up

When the computer does not start properly, check the following items:

- Self Test
- Power Sources
- Power-on Password

Self test

When the computer starts up, the self test will be run automatically, and the following will be displayed:



In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA

This message remains on the screen for a few seconds.

If the self test is successful, the computer tries to load the operating system. Depending on how the Boot Priority is set in the HW Setup program, the computer tries to load first from drive A then from drive C, or first from drive C then from drive A.

If any of the following conditions are present, the self test failed:

- The computer stops and does not proceed to display information or messages except the TOSHIBA logo.
- Random characters appear on the screen, and the system does not function normally.
- The screen displays an error message.

Turn off the computer and check all cable connections as well as PC card and memory module connections. If the test fails again, contact your dealer.

Power

When the computer is not plugged into an AC adaptor, the battery pack is the primary power source. However, your computer has a number of other power resources, including intelligent power supply and Real Time Clock battery. These resources are interrelated and any one could affect apparent power problems. This section provides check lists for the AC adaptor and the main battery. If you cannot resolve a problem after following them, the cause could lie with another power resource. In such case, contact your dealer.

Overheating power down

If the computer's internal temperature becomes too high, the computer will automatically enter Resume mode and shut down.

Problem	Procedure
Computer shuts down and DC IN indicator blinks orange	Leave the computer off until the DC IN indicator stops blinking.
	It is recommended to leave the computer off until the its interior reaches room temperature even though the DC IN indicator stops blinking.
	If the computer has reached room temperature and still does not start, or if it starts but shuts down quickly contact your dealer.
Computer shuts down and its DC IN indicator is flashing green	Indicates a problem with the heat dispersal system. Please contact your dealer.

AC power

If you have trouble turning on the computer with the AC adaptor connected, check the DC IN indicator. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, for more information.

Problem	Procedure
AC adaptor doesn't power the computer (DC IN indicator does not glow green)	Check the connections. Make sure the cord is firmly connected to the computer and a power outlet.
	Check the condition of the cord and terminals. If the cord is frayed or damaged, replace it. If the terminals are soiled, wipe them with cotton or a clean cloth.
	If the AC adaptor still does not power the computer, contact your dealer.

Battery

If you suspect a problem with the battery, check the DC IN indicator as well as the **Battery** indicator. For information on indicators and battery operation see Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.

Problem	Procedure
Battery doesn't power the computer	The battery may be discharged. Connect the AC adaptor to charge the battery.
Battery doesn't charge when the AC adaptor is attached (Main battery or Slim Select Bay indicator does not glow orange.)	If the battery is completely discharged, it will not begin charging immediately. Wait a few minutes.
	If the battery still does not charge, make sure the outlet is supplying power. Test it by plugging in an appliance.
	Check if the battery is hot or cold to the touch. If the battery is too hot or too cold, it will not charge properly. Let it reach room temperature.
	Unplug the AC adaptor and remove the battery to make sure the terminals are clean. If necessary wipe them with a soft cloth dipped in alcohol.
	Connect the AC adaptor and replace the battery. Make sure it is securely seated.
	Check the Battery indicator. If it does not glow, let the computer charge the battery for at least 20 minutes. If the Battery indicator glows after 20 minutes, let the battery continue to charge at least another 20 minutes before turning on the computer.
	If the indicator still does not glow, the battery may be at the end of its operating life. Replace it. If you do not think the battery is at the end of its operating life, see your dealer.
Battery doesn't power the computer as long as expected	If you frequently recharge a partially charged battery, the battery might not charge to its full potential. Fully discharge the battery, then try to charge it again.
	Check the power consumption settings in Power Saver. Consider using a power saving mode.

Password

Problem	Procedure
Cannot enter password	Refer to the Password section in Chapter 7, HW Setup and Passwords.

Keyboard

Keyboard problems can be caused by your setup configuration. For more information refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, and Chapter 7, *HW Setup and Passwords*.

Problem	Procedure
Some letter keys produce numbers	Check that the numeric keypad overlay is not selected. Press Fn + F10 and try typing again.
Output to screen is garbled	Make sure the software you are using is not remapping the keyboard. Remapping involves reassigning the meaning of each key. See your software's documentation.

LCD panel

Apparent display problems may be related to the computer's setup. Refer to Chapter 7, *HW Setup and Passwords*, for more information.

Problem	Procedure
No display on the LCD	Press hotkeys Fn + F5 to change the display priority, to make sure it is not set for an external monitor.
Markings appear on the internal LCD	Pressure on the outside of the computer can result in marks on the LCD from the AccuPoint or keyboard. Wipe the LCD with a clean, dry cloth. If necessary, dampen the cloth in a neutral cleanser. Be careful not to let liquid run into the computer and let the LCD dry before closing it.
Problems above remain unresolved or other problems occur	Refer to your software's documentation to determine if the software is causing the difficulty.

Hard disk drive

Refer to Chapter 7, HW Setup and Passwords, for more information.

Problem	Procedure
Computer does not boot from hard drive	Check if a diskette is in the diskette drive or a CD-ROM is in the optical media drive. Remove any diskette and/or CD-ROM and check Boot priority. Refer to the Boot Priority section in Chapter 7, HW Setup and Passwords.
	There may be a problem with your operating system files. Refer to your OS documentation.
Slow performance	Your files may be fragmented. Run SCANDISK and defragmenter to check the condition of your files and disk. Refer to your OS documentation or online HELP for information on running SCANDISK and the defragmenter.
	As a last resort, reformat the hard disk. Then, reload the operating system and other files.

CD-ROM drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure
You cannot access a CD in the drive	Make sure the drive's drawer is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place.
	Open the drawer and make sure the CD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up.
	A foreign object in the drawer could block laser light from reading the CD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.
	Check whether the CD is dirty. If necessary, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. See the Media care section in Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> , for details on cleaning.
Some CDs run correctly, but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration match's your software's needs. Check the CD's documentation.
	Check the type of CD you are using. The drive supports: CD-DA,CD-Text, Photo CD-R (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2 CD-ROMXA Mode 2(Form1,Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), CD-G(Audio CD only),Addressing Method 2.
If problems persist, cor	ntact your dealer.

DVD-ROM drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure		
You cannot access a DVD in the drive		ne drive's drawer is securely closed. until it clicks into place.	
		awer and make sure the DVD is ted. It should lie flat with the label	
	light from rea	ject in the drawer could block laser ading the DVD. Make sure there in on. Remove any foreign object.	
	with a clean cleaner. See	ner the DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it cloth dipped in water or a neutral the Media care section in operating Basics, for details on	
Some DVD/CDs run correctly, but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs. Check the DVD/CD's documentation.		
	Check the ty drive suppor	pe of DVD/CD you are using. The ts:	
	DVD-ROM:	DVD-ROM, DVD-Video	
	CD-ROM:	CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROMXA Mode 2 (Form1,Form2), Enhanced CD(CD-EXTRA),CD-G(Audio CD only), Addressing Method 2	
	match that o listed in the I	egion code on the DVD. It must on the DVD drive. Region codes are DVD-ROM drive section in the Grand Tour.	
DVD does not play correctly in an optional Expansion Station	Expansion S	Some video discs might not play properly in an Expansion Station. Play the disc in the DVD-ROM drive installed in the computer.	
If problems persist, con	ntact your deal	er.	

CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure	
You cannot access a CD or DVD in the		the drive's drawer is securely closed. y until it clicks into place.
drive	•	rawer and make sure the CD or DVD seated. It should lie flat with the label
	light from re	oject in the drawer could block laser eading the CD or DVD. Make sure obstruction. Remove any foreign
	with a clear cleaner. Se	ther the DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it in cloth dipped in water or a neutral e the <i>Media care</i> section in <i>Operating Basics</i> , for details on
Some DVD/CDs run correctly, but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs. Check the DVD/CD's documentation.	
	Check the drive suppo	type of DVD/CD you are using. The orts:
	DVD-ROM	: DVD-ROM, DVD-Video
	CD-ROM:	CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROMXA Mode 2 (Form1,Form2), Enhanced CD(CD- EXTRA),CD-G(Audio CD only), Addressing Method 2
	match that listed in the	region code on the DVD. It must on the DVD drive. Region codes are a DVD-ROM drive section in The Grand Tour.

Problem	Procedure
Cannot write correctly	If you have trouble writing, make sure you are observing the following precautions:
	Use only media recommended by TOSHIBA
	Do not use the mouse or keyboard during writing.
	Use only the software supplied with the computer for recording.
	Do not run or start other software during writing.
	Do not jar the computer during writing.
	Do not connect/ disconnect external devices or install/ remove internal cards during writing.

If problems persist, contact your dealer.

DVD Multi drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure
You cannot access a DVD/CD in the drive	Make sure the drive's drawer is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place.
	Open the drawer and make sure the DVD/CD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up.
	A foreign object in the drawer could block laser light from reading the DVD/CD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object.
	Check whether the DVD/CD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. See the <i>Media care</i> section in Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> , for details on cleaning.

Problem	Procedure	
Some DVD/CDs run correctly, but others do not	causing a pro	or hardware configuration may be oblem. Make sure the hardware natches your software's needs. VD/CD's documentation.
	Check the ty drive suppor	pe of DVD/CD you are using. The ts:
	DVD-ROM:	DVD-ROM, DVD-Video
	CD-ROM:	CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), CD-G (Audio CD only), Addressing Method 2
	match that o Region code	gion code on the DVD. It must n the CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive. s are listed in the <i>DVD Multi drive</i> napter 2, <i>The Grand Tour</i> .
Cannot write correctly		ve trouble writing, make sure you are the following precautions:
	Use only	media recommended by TOSHIBA.
	Do not us writing.	se the mouse or keyboard during
		the software supplied with the r for recording.
	Do not ru writing.	n or start other software during
	■ Do not jar	r the computer during writing.
		onnect/ disconnect external devices remove internal cards during

Diskette drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

Problem	Procedure
Drive does not operate	There may be a faulty cable connection. Check the connection to the computer and to the drive.
Some programs run correctly, but others do not	The software or hardware configuration may be causing a problem. Make sure the hardware configuration matches your software's needs.
You cannot access the 3½" diskette	Try another diskette. If you can access this diskette, the original diskette (not the diskette drive) is probably causing the problem.

If problems persist, contact your dealer.

Infrared port

Refer also to the documentation for your IrDA compatible device and related software.

Problem	Procedure
Infrared devices do not work as expected	Make sure there is no obstruction blocking communication between the computer and the target device.
If problems persist, cor	ntact your dealer.

Printer

Refer to the troubleshooting and other relevant sections in your printer and software documentation.

Problem	Procedure
Printer does not turn on.	Check that the printer is connected to an electric outlet. Make sure the outlet is supplying power by plugging in an appliance.
Computer/printer do not communicate	Make sure the printer is turned on and is online (ready to use).
	Inspect the cable connecting the printer to the computer for damage. Make sure it is securely connected.
	A parallel printer connects to the parallel port and a serial printer to the RS-232C serial port. Make sure the ports are configured correctly.
	Make sure your software is configured to recognise the printer. Check your printer and software documentation.
Printer error	Check your printer documentation.
If problems persist, con	ntact your dealer.

Pointing device

If you are using a PS/2 or serial mouse, refer to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, and to your mouse documentation. If you are using a USB mouse, refer to the USB section in this chapter and to your mouse documentation.

Touch pad/AccuPoint

Problem	Procedure
Either the Touch pad or the AccuPoint does not work	Check the Device Select settings. Open the Mouse properties icon and click the Dual Point tab. Then click the Detail Setting button and click the Device Select tab.
	Check that the Touch pad is not selected.
	Press Fn + F9 to enable TOSHIBA Dual Pointing Device.
On-screen pointer does not respond to Touch pad/AccuPoint operation	The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it.
	If a PS/2 or serial mouse is connected, check the HW Setup window. The Pointing Device option should be set to Simultaneous to use both the AccuPoint and an external PS/2 mouse
Double-tapping does not work	Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility.
	 Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter.
	2. Click the Buttons tab.
	Set the double-click speed as instructed and click OK.
The mouse pointer moves too fast or too slow	Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility.
	 Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter.
	O Olistada - Daintan Ontian tala
	Click the Pointer Option tab.

PS/2 mouse

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to PS/2 mouse operation	Check that the PS/2 mouse cable's 6-pin connector is firmly connected to the mouse/keyboard port.
	You may have connected the mouse after turning the computer on. Turn off the computer, make sure the mouse is firmly connected and turn the computer back on.
	Is your software configured to recognise the mouse? Check the software documentation.

If problems persist, contact your dealer.

Serial mouse

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to serial mouse operation	Check for a firm connection between the computer's serial port and the cable's 9-pin connector.
	Did you connect the mouse before turning on the computer?
	Is your software configured to recognise the mouse? Check the software documentation.

if problems persist, contact your dealer.

USB mouse

This section applies only with Windows XP operating systems. You cannot use a serial mouse with Windows 2000.

Problem	Procedure
On-screen pointer does not respond to mouse operation	The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it.
	Make sure the mouse is properly connected to the USB port.

Double-clicking does not work	Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility.
	 Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter.
	2. Click the Buttons tab.
	Set the double-click speed as instructed and click OK.
The mouse pointer moves too fast or too slow	Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility.
	 Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter.
	2. Click the Pointer Option tab.
	3. Set the speed as instructed and click OK .
The mouse pointer moves erratically	The mouse might be dirty. Refer to your mouse documentations for instructions on cleaning.
If problems persist, co	ontact your dealer.

PC card

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional devices.

Problem	Procedure
PC card error occurs	Reseat the PC card to make sure it is firmly connected.
	Make sure the connection between the external device and the card is firm.
If problems persist, co	ntact your dealer.

SD Card

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional Devices.

Problem	Procedure
SD Card error occurs	Reseat the SD Card to make sure it is firmly connected.
	Check the card's documentation.
You cannot write to an SD card	Make sure the card is not write protected.
You cannot read a file	Make sure the target file is on the SD card inserted in the slot.
If problems persist, co	ontact your dealer.

Monitor

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, and to your monitor's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
Monitor does not turn on	Make sure that the external monitor's power switch is on. Confirm that the external monitor's power cable is plugged into a working power outlet.
No display	Try adjusting the contrast and brightness controls on the external monitor.
	Press hotkeys Fn + F5 to change the display priority and make sure it is not set for the internal display.
Display error occurs	Check that the cable connecting the external monitor to the computer is attached firmly.
If problems persist, co	ntact your dealer.

Sound system

Refer also to documentation for your audio devices.

Problem	Procedure
No sound is heard	Adjust the volume control dial. Check the software volume settings.
	Make sure the headphone connection is secure.
	Check Windows Device Manager. Make sure the sound function is enabled and that settings for I/O address, Interrupt level and DMA are correct for your software and do not conflict with other hardware devices that you may have connected to the computer.

If problems persist, contact your dealer.

TV output signal

Problem	Procedure
Display on TV is poor	Make sure the TV signal is correct for the connected TV set: NTSC (common in the US and Japan), or PAL (common in Europe).
No display	Try adjusting the contrast and brightness controls on the external monitor.
	Press hotkeys Fn + F5 to change the display. Refer to Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i> .

If problems persist, contact your dealer.



If you turn the computer off in Standby mode while the display is on TV, the computer will select either the internal LCD or an external computer CRT as the display device.

USB

Refer also to your USB device's documentation.

Problem	Procedure
USB device does not work	Check for a firm cable connection between the USB ports on the computer and the USB device.
	Make sure the USB device drivers are properly installed. Refer to your Windows documentation for information on checking the drivers.
	If you are using an operating system that does not support USB, you can still use a USB mouse and/or USB keyboard. If these devices do not work, make sure the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation item in HW Setup is set to Enabled.

If problems persist, contact your dealer.

Modem

Procedure
Make sure the computer's internal modem settings are correct. Refer to Phone and Modem Options in the Control Panel.
If the call is going through a PBX machine, make sure the communication application's tone dial detection feature is disabled.
Make sure the settings are correct in your communications application.
Make sure the tone or pulse selection in your communications application is set correctly.
The computer will automatically cut off communication when connection with the carrier is not successful for a set time interval. Try lengthening this time interval.
Check the error control setting in your communications application.

Problem	Procedure
Character display becomes garbled during a communication	In data transmission, make sure the parity bit and stop bit settings correspond with those of the remote computer.
	Check the flow control and communication protocol.
You cannot receive an incoming call	Check the rings before auto answer setting in your communications application.

Standby/Hibernation

Refer also to the Hibernation mode section in Chapter 3, Getting Started.

Problem	Procedure
The system will not enter Standby/ Hibernation	Is Windows Media [™] Player open? The system might not enter Standby/Hibernation, if Windows Media Player is either playing a selection or finished playing a selection. Close Windows Media Player before you select Standby/Hibernation.

Memory expansion

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, for information on installing memory modules.

Problem	Procedure
Beep sounds. (If slot A two beeps, If slot B three beeps, If both two and three beeps)	Make sure the memory module installed in the expansion slot is compatible with the computer.
	If an incompatible module has been installed, follow the steps below.
	 Disconnect the AC adaptor and all peripheral devices.
	2. Remove the battery pack.
	3. Remove the memory module.
	4. Replace the battery pack and/or connect the AC adaptor.
	5. Turn on the power.

LAN

If the following procedures do not restore LAN access, consult your LAN administrator.

Problem	Procedure
Cannot access LAN	Check for a firm cable connection between the computer's LAN jack and the LAN HUB.
Wake-up on LAN does not work	Make sure the AC adaptor is connected. The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off.
If problems persist, con	tact your LAN administrator or dealer.

Wireless LAN

If the following procedures do not restore LAN access, consult your LAN administrator. For more information on wireless communication, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

Problem	Procedure	
Cannot access wireless LAN	Make sure the computer's wireless communication switch is set to on.	
If problems persist,	contact your LAN administrator or dealer.	

If you need further assistance

If you require any additional help using your computer or if you are having problems operating the computer, you may need to contact TOSHIBA for additional technical assistance.

Before you call

Some problems you experience may be related to software or the operating system, it is important to investigate other sources of assistance first. Before contacting TOSHIBA, try the following:

- Review troubleshooting sections in the documentation for software and peripheral devices.
- If a problem occurs when you are running software applications, consult the software documentation for troubleshooting suggestions.
 Call the software company's technical support for assistance.
- Consult the dealer you purchased your computer and/or software from. They are your best sources for current information and support.

Where to write

If you are still unable to solve the problem and suspect that it is hardware related, write to TOSHIBA at the nearest location listed in Appendix C.

Appendix A

Specifications

This appendix summarises the computer's technical specifications.

Physical Dimensions

Size	327 (w) x 287.1(d) x 33.1(front) /34.1 (rear) millimetres (does not include the thicker part of the bottom of the computer)
Weight * Weight will vary depending on whether or not and what kind of options are adopted.	2.7 kilograms (approximate), configured with: 14"XGA display, fixed DVD-ROM drive, 256MB memory, 30GB(4200rpm) HDD, and 6 cells battery.
	3.0 kilograms (approximate), configured with: 15"XGA display, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, 256MB memory, 40GB(5400rpm) HDD, and 9 cells battery.

Environmental Requirements

Conditions	Ambient temperature	Relative humidity
Operating	5°C (41°F) to 35°C (95°F)	20% to 80%
Non-operating	-20°C (-4°F) to 65°C (149°I	=) 10% to 90%
Thermal Gradient	20°C per hour maximum	
Wet-bulb temperature	26°C maximum	
Conditions	Altitude (from sea level)	
Operating	-60 to 3,000 meters	
Non-operating	-60 to 10,000 meters maxi	mum

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Power Requirements

AC adaptor	100 – 240 volts AC 50 or 60 hertz (cycles per second)
Computer	15 VDC 5.0 amperes

Built-in Modem

Network control unit (NCU)

Type of NCU	AA	
Type of line	Telephone line (anal	og only)
Type of dialling	Pulse	
	Tone	
Control command	AT commands	
	EIA-578 commands	
Monitor function	Computer's speaker	r
Communication spe	cifications	
Communication	Data: Full duplex	
system	Fax: Half duplex	
Communication protocol	Data ITU-T-Rec	V.21/V.22/V.22bis/V.32
	(Former CCITT)	
	Bell	/V.32bis/V.34/V.90 103/212A
	,	103/212A

Communication speed	Data transmission and reception 300/1200/2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400/ 16800/19200/21600/24000/26400/28800/ 31200/33600 bps	
	Data reception only with V.90	
	28000/29333/30666/32000/33333/34666/ 36000/37333/38666/40000/41333/42666/ 44000/45333/46666/48000/49333/50666/ 52000/53333/54666/56000 bps	
	Fax	
	2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400 bps	
Error correcting	MNP class 4 and ITU-T V.42	
Data compression	MNP class 5 and ITU-T V.42bis	

Appendix B

AC Power Cord and Connectors

The power cord's AC input plug must be compatible with the various international AC power outlets and the cord must meet the standards for the country in which it is used. All cords must meet the following specifications:

Length:	Minimum 2 metres (6.5 ft.)	
Wire size:	Minimum 0.75 mm2	
Current rating:	Minimum 2.5 Amperes	
Voltage rating:	125 or 250 VAC (depending on country's power standards)	

Certification agencies

U.S. and Canada:	UL listed and CSA certified No. 18 AWG, Type SVT or SPT-2 two conductor
Australia:	AS
Europe:	
Austria:	OVE
Belgium:	CEBEC
Denmark:	DEMKO
Finland:	FIMKO
France:	UTE
Germany:	VDE

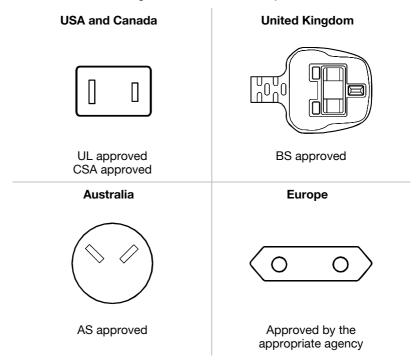
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Italy:	IMQ
The Netherlands:	KEMA
Norway:	NEMKO
Sweden:	SEMKO
Switzerland:	SEV
United Kingdom:	BSI
Japan:	DENANHO

In Europe, power cords must be VDE type, H05VVH2-F and two conductor.

For the United States and Canada, plug configuration must be a 2-15P (250 V) or 1-15P (125 V) as designated in the U.S. National Electrical code handbook and the Canadian Electrical Code Part II.

The following illustrations show the plug shapes for the U.S.A. and Canada, the United Kingdom, Australia and Europe.



Appendix C

The TOSHIBA International Warranty

The TOSHIBA International Warranty is a service policy on the parts and repair on your TOSHIBA portable personal computer which is automatically available to purchasers of the computer.

The cover is assured in major industrial countries of the world. It means that wherever you take your TOSHIBA mobile PC in this area, you will never be left without help should any problems arise.

What the warranty covers

The Warranty covers the computer in the standard version, including the AC adaptor. Batteries, modems, memory expansion kits and other TOSHIBA branded options, as well as third party expansion boards are NOT covered by this warranty. For information concerning warranties for these products, please consult your dealer.



If you would like to use the international warranty, please register with TOSHIBA. In case no registration card for the international warranty was bundled with your computer, please contact the nearest TOSHIBA representation for registration.

On the following pages is a list of the TOSHIBA companies who can be contacted if a claim on the warranty needs to be made.

If users need further addresses in Eastern Europe or outside Europe, these are available from the national or European companies.

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TOSHIBA's Worldwide Computer Representatives

Australia	Toshiba (Australia) Pty. Limited 84-92 Talavera Road, North Ryde NSW 2113	Tel: +61-2-9887-3322 Fax: +61-2-9888-3664 http://www.isd.toshiba.com.au
Austria	Toshiba Europe GmbH Handelskai 388 1020 Wien	Tel: +43-1-72031000 Fax: +43-1-72031002 http://www.toshiba.at
Azerbaijan	AZEL (Azerbaijan Electronics) Floor 5, 65 Fizuli Str. 370014 Baku	Tel: +99412-974040 Fax: +99412-974042 http://www.azel.net
Belgium	Toshiba Information Systems (Belgium) SANV Excelsiorlaan 40, B-1930 Zaventem	Tel: +32-900-10990 Fax: +32-2-725-3030 http://www.toshiba.be
Bulgaria	IMPEX Sofia Ltd. 12, Anton Naydenov Street, PO Box 184, 1710 Sofia	Tel: +359-2-962-1219 Fax: +359-2-962-5062
Canada	Toshiba of Canada Ltd. 191 McNabb Street Markham, Ontario L3R-8H2	Tel: +1-905-470-3500 Fax: +1-905-470-3487 http://www.toshiba.ca
Czech Republic	CHG Service , s.r.o. Vídeòská 201, 619 00 Brno	Tel: +420-5-4742-6581 Fax: +420-5-4742-6590 http:// www.chgservice.cz or www.toshiba-pc.cz
Denmark	Scribona Toshiba Digital Media Hovedvejen 9, DK-2600 Glostrup	Tel: +45-3823-7600 Fax: +45-3823-7601 http://www.toshiba.dk
Egypt	El Araby Co. 10, Mohammed Sabry Abolaalm Street P.O. Box 1224, Cairo 11511	Tel: +202-291-6989 Fax: +202-291-6454 http://www.elaraby.com.eg
Estonia	ServiceNet EE Pärnu str. 142A 11317 Tallinn	Tel: +372-6504-949 Fax: +372-6504-916 http://www.gnt.ee
Finland	Scribona TPC OY / Toshiba Digital Media Sinimäentie 14,P.O.Box 83, 02630 ESPOO	Tel: +358-9-5272555 Fax: +358-9-5272500 http://www.toshiba.se
France	Toshiba Systèmes (France) S.A. 7 Rue Ampère, 92804 Puteaux Cedex	Tel: 08 92 69 70 92 (only within France) Fax: +33 1 41 37 73 11 http://www.pc.toshiba.fr
Germany	Toshiba Europe GmbH Leibnizstraße 2, D-93055 Regensburg	Tel: +49-(0)941-7807-888 Fax: +49-(0)941-7807-948 http://www.toshiba-tro.de

Greece	Ideal Electronics S.A. 3, Aristotelous Street 176 71 Kalithea/Athens	Tel: +30-(0)10-9001130 Fax: +30-(0)10-9001194 http://www.ideal.gr
Hungary	Technotrade Kft. Öv u, 185, 1147 Budapest	Tel: +36-1-467 6100 Fax: +36-1-252 6470 http://www.technotrade.hu
Ireland	See 'United Kingdom'	
Israel	Mafil Technologies (3000) Ltd 8 Bareket Street 49517 Petah Tikwa	Tel: +972-3-918-3333 Fax: +972-3-924-1310 http://www.mafil.co.il
Italy	Progetto Elettronica 92.S.p.A Via de Gasperi 88a, 20017 Mazzo di Rho	Tel: +39-02-9397-5551 Fax: +39-02-9397-5299 http://www.pe92.it
Japan	Toshiba Corporation, IOPC 1-1, Shibaura 1-Chome, Minato-KU Tokyo 105-01	Tel: +81-3-3457-5565 Fax: +81-3-5444-9262 http://www.toshiba.co.jp
Jordan	Scientific & Medical Supplies Co. Jabal Amman, 1st Circle, Al Hayyek Street, Opposite to Housing Bank 11118 Amman	Tel: +962 (6) 4624907 Fax: +962 (6) 462858
Kuwait	Arabian Business Machines Co. Al Rai-Maintenance Dept., P.O. Box 29961, 13160 Safat	Tel: +965-242-9154 Fax: +965-241-4399
Latvia	ServiceNet LV Kalnciema 12a LV1048 Riga	Tel: +371-27 60 20 52 Fax: + 371-7 61 38 87 http://www.gnt.lv
Lebanon	ALCS Diab Bldg. Mkalles Rd., P.O. Box 11-316 Beirut	Tel: +961-1-682-956 Fax: +961-1-682-965
Lithuania	ServiceNet LT Palemono 7A 3023 Kaunas	Tel: + 370 37 4000 88 Fax: + 370 37 3108 05 http://www.gnt.lt
Luxemburg	See 'Netherlands'	
Malta	Tabone Computer Centre Limited 111 Old Railway Track HMR-16 St Venera	Tel: +356-49 36 04 Fax: +356-49 36 03 http://www.tabone.com.mt
Morocco	C.B.I. Lotissement Attoufik, Rue No 1 Immeuble 29, Sidi Maar 20190, Casablanca	Tel: +212-2-243 71 71 Fax: +212-2-243 71 87
Netherlands	Toshiba Information Systems Benelux B.V. Rivium Boulevard 41 2909 LK Capelle a/d IJssel	Tel: +31-0900-1000-1000 Fax: +31-10-2882-390 http://www.toshiba.nl

Norway	Scribona Norge A/S; Toshiba PC Service Stålfjæra 20, P.O.Box 51, Kalbakken 0901 Oslo	Tel: +47-22-897-189 Fax: +47-22-897-166 http://www.toshiba.se
Oman (Sultanate of Oman)	Suhail&Saud Bahwan (SSB) Sarco Building, Ground Floor No. 459, Way No. 310 Al Noor Street, Ruwi 113 Muscat	Tel: +968-790 117 Fax: +968-790 192 http://www.ssbcd.co.com
Poland	AC Serwis Sp. Z o. o. ul. Partyzantów 71, 43-316 Bielsko-Biala	Tel: +48- 33-8130-205 Fax: +48- (33-8130-209 http://www.acserwis.com.pl
Portugal	Toshiba Information Systems Portugal Edificio D. Pedro I, Sala 17 Quinta da Fonte 2780-730 Paço d'Arcos	Tel: +351-707 265 265 Fax: +351-21-000-1675 http://www.toshiba.pt
Qatar	Mannai Trading Company Rayyan Road, P.O. Box 76 Doha	Tel: +974 441-2555 Fax: +974 444-5413
Romania	Scop Computers SRL 162 Barbu Vacarescu St, Sector 2 71424 Bucharest	Tel: +40-1-231-4602 Fax: +40-1-231-4606 http://www.scop.ro
Russia	AC SERSO Sovetskoi Armii st. 5 127018 Moscow	Tel: +7 - 095 28 5577 Fax: +7 - 095 284 5880 http://www.cepco.ru
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Business Machines Co. Dareen Center, Ahsaa Road P.O. Box 2006 11451 Riyadh	Tel: +966-1 478 4909 Fax: +966-1 477 7803
Slovakia	HT Computers a.s. Dobrovicova 8; 81109 Bratislava	Tel: +421-2-59334 550 Fax: +421-2-59334 555 http://www.htc.sk
Slovenia	Inea d.o.o. Stegne 11, 1000 Ljubljana	Tel: +386-1-513-81-00 Fax: +386-1-513-81-60 http://www.inea.si
South Africa	CS IT Solutions Block D, 241 Third Road Halfway Gardens MIDRAND	Tel: +27 (0) 11 205 7000 Fax: +27 (0) 11 205 8205 http://www.cs.co.za/it.htm.
Spain	Toshiba Information Systems (España) S.A. Parque Empresarial San Fernando Edificio Europa, 1a Planta, Escalera A 28831 (Madrid) San Fernando de Henares	Tel: +34-91-6606-700 Fax: +34-91-6606-760 http://www.toshiba.es
Sweden	Scribona Toshiba PC AB Sundbybergsvägen 1, Box 1374 171 27 Solna	Tel: +46-200-212100 Fax: +46-8-734-4656 http://www.toshiba.se

Switzerland	TOSHIBA Europe (Schweiz) Chriesbaumstrasse 4 Postfach 171 CH-8604 Volketswil	Tel: +41-848-845250 Fax: +41-1-908 5658 http://www.toshiba.ch
Turkey	Bekom Bilgisayar Elekronik Komunikasyon Buyukdere Cad. Laie Ishani No. 62 K., 1 Mecidiyeköy, Istanbul	Tel: +90 212 275 87 97 Fax: +90 212 275 8740 http://www.toshibatr.com
Ukraine	DKT-SERSO Lesya Ukrainka blv, 26 01133 Kiev	Tel: +380-44-573-9627 Fax: +380-44-254-4646 http://www.dkt-cepco.com.ua
United Arab Emirates	Al-Futtaim Electronics P.O. Box 531, Bin Ham Building, Mezzanine Floor Adjacent to BurJuman Dubai	Tel: +971 4 351 5004 Fax: +971 4 351 4254 http://www.toshibauae.com
United Kingdom	Toshiba Information Systems (UK) Ltd. Toshiba Court, Weybridge Business Park Addlestone Road, Weybridge KT15 2UL	Tel: +44-1932-828828 Fax: +44-1932-822958 http://www.toshiba.co.uk
United States	Toshiba America Information Systems, Inc. 9740 Irvine Blvd., P.O. Box 19724 Irvine, CA 92713-9724	Tel: +1-949-583-3000 Fax: +1-949-583-3345 http://www.toshiba.com
Yugoslavia	CT Computers d.o.o. Vladimira Popovica 6 11070 Beograde	Tel: +381-11-311-2060 Fax: +381-11-311-2060 http://www.comtrade.co.yu
Toshiba Intern	ries not listed, please call the national Service Line: ibawarranty@nl.unisys.com	Tel: +352 460433 Fax: +31-20-488 7654

TOSHIBA addresses for the Internet/World Wide Web

TOSHIBA Europe

http://www.toshiba-europe.com

TOSHIBA America

http://www.toshiba.com

TOSHIBA Japan

http://www.toshiba.co.jp

TOSHIBA Canada

http://www.toshiba.ca

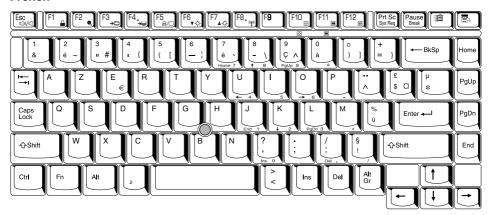
Appendix D

Keyboard Layouts

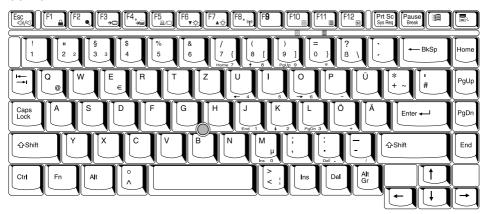


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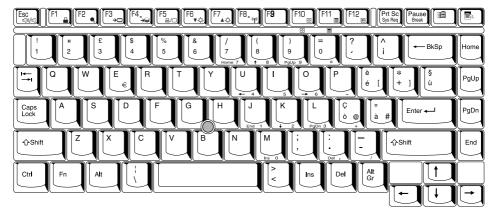
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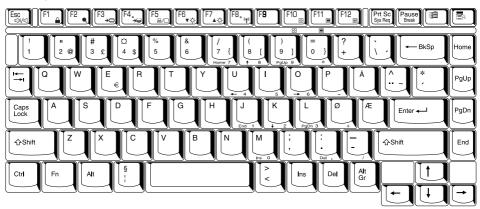
German



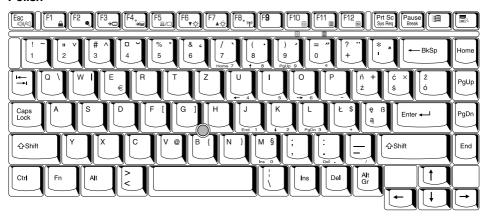
Italian



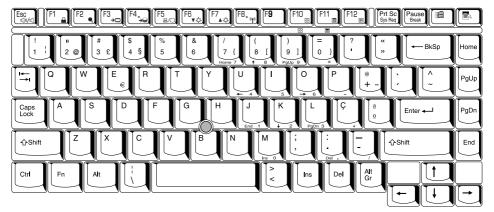
Norwegian



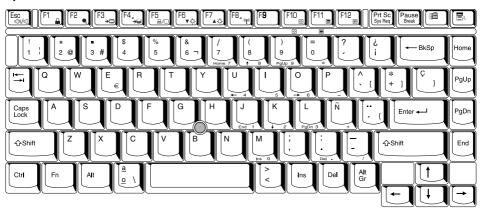
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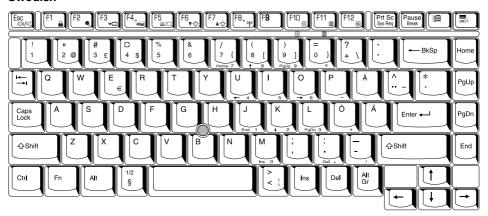
Portuguese



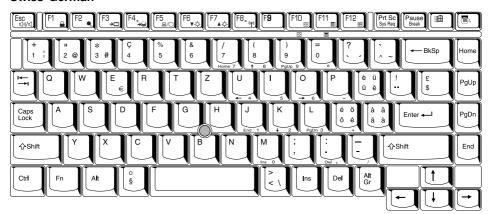
Spanish



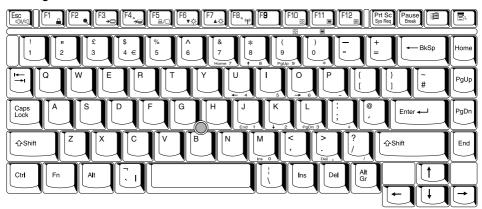
Swedish



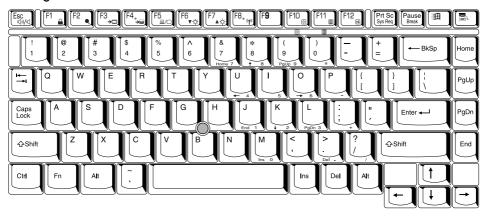
Swiss-German



UK English



US English



Appendix E

Display Controller and Modes

Display controller

The display controller interprets software commands into hardware commands that turn particular pels on or off.

The controller is an advanced Video Graphics Array (VGA) that provides Super VGA (SVGA) and Extended Graphics Array (XGA) support for the internal LCD and external monitors.

Three models are available:

- 14" XGA, 1024 horizontal x 768 vertical pixels
- 15" XGA, 1024 horizontal x 768 vertical pixels

A high-resolution external monitor connected to the computer can display up to 2048 horizontal and 1536 vertical pixels at up to 16M colours.

The display controller also controls the video mode, which uses industry standard rules to govern the screen resolution and the maximum number of colours that can be displayed on screen.

Software written for a given video mode will run on any computer that supports the mode.

The computer's display controller supports all VGA , SVGA and UXGA modes, the most widely used industry standards.

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Display modes

The modes below are based on the 400MHz DAC. Some modes may not be supported in all production driver releases.

2D Display modes

All modes with resolutions to 1280*800, at refresh rates up to 200Hz, and colour depths of 8, 16 and 32 bpp are supported, but not indicated in the table below in order to reduce the size of the table. Only modes above 1280*800 with colour depths up to 32bpp are shown.

Resolution	Refresh Rate	Horizontal Scan (KHz)
	60	60.0
	75	75.0
1000*060	85	85.9
1280*960	100	101.6
	120	123.8
	160	168.9
	60	64.0
	75	74.7
	75	80.0
1000*1004	85	91.1
1280*1024	90	97.2
	100	108.7
	120	131.8
	160	179.4
1360*768	62	49.4
1400*1050	60	64.0
	60	53.8
	85	76.9
1536*864	100	91.5
	120	111.2
	160	151.3
	60	56.0
	75	70.5
1600*900	85	80.1
	100	95.5
	120	115.6
	60	62.1
	75	78.1
1600*1000	85	89.3
	100	105.9
	120	128.4

Resolution	Refresh Rate	Horizontal Scan (KHz)
1600*1024	76	81.4
	60	75.0
	70	87.5
1000*1000	75	93.8
1600*1200	85	106.3
	100	127.2
	120	154.4
1600*1280	86.52	116.2
	60	83.8
1700+1011	75	106.3
1792*1344	85	119.7
	90	127.5
	60	89.5
1800*1440	70	104.9
	90	136.7
	60	86.5
1856*1393	75	112.5
	90	132.1
	60	67.1
	70	78.7
1920*1080	75	84.5
	85	96.5
	100	114.5
	60	74.7
	75	94.1
1920*1200	80	100.3
	85	106.9
	100	127.1
	60	90.0
1920*1440	75	112.5
	85	128.8
	60	71.5
2048*1152	75	90.0
ZU40 110Z	85	103.1
	100	122.0
	60	79.5
	70	93.2
2048*1280	75	100.3
	85	114.0
	90	121.6

Resolution	Refresh Rate	Horizontal Scan (KHz)
	60	95.2
2048*1536	66	105.5
	70	111.9
	75	120.1

3D modes

Frame		Colour	Front	Back				Texture nory2	Primary use of
Buffer MB	Screen Resolution	depth Bit/Pixel	Buffer MB	Buffer MB	Z buffer Depth1	Z buffer MB	WZ MB	W/O Z MB	Configuration
8	640*480	16	0.59	0.59	16	0.59	6.24	6.38	
8	640*480	32	1.17	1.17	16	0.59	5.07	5.66	
8	800*600	16	0.92	0.92	16	0.92	5.25	6.17	
8	800*600	32	1.83	1.83	32	1.83	2.51	4.34	Value systems
8	1024*768	16	1.50	1.50	32	3.00	2.00	5.00	
8	1024*768	32	3.00	3.00	16	1.50	0.50	2.00	
8	1280*1024	16	2.50	2.50	16	2.50	0.50	3.00	
16	1280*1024	32	5.00	5.00	32	5.00	1.00	6.00	
16	1600*1200	16	3.66	3.66	32	7.32	1.35	8.68	
32	1600*1200	32	7.32	7.32	32	7.32	10.0	17.35	Mainstream systems
32	1920*1200	32	8.79	8.79	32	8.79	5.63	14.42	
64	2048*1536	32	12.0	12.0	32	12.0	28.0	40.0	PC Workstations

1 32 bit Z-buffer can optionally be configured as 24 bit Z-Buffer plus 8 bit Stencil Buffer.

2AGP configurations can use system memory for additional textures.

Appendix F

If your computer is stolen



Always take care of your computer and try to prevent it from being stolen. You are the owner of a valuable technical device, which may be highly attractive to thieves, so please do not leave it unattended in a public place. To further help protect against theft, security cables can be bought for use with your notebook when it is being used at home or in the office.

Make a note of your computer's machine type, model number, and serial number, and put it in a safe place. You will find this information on the underside of your notebook. Please also keep the receipt of the computer you purchased.

Should your computer be stolen, however, we'll help you try to find it. Before contacting Toshiba, please prepare the following information which is necessary to uniquely identify your computer:

- In which country was your computer stolen?
- What type of machine do you have?
- What was the model number (PA number)?
- What was the serial number (8 digits)?
- When was it stolen, i.e. date?
- What was the warranty seal number (if available)?
- What is your address, phone, and fax number?

To register the theft, please follow these procedures:

- Fill in the Toshiba Theft Registration form (or a copy of it) on the next page.
- Attach a copy of your receipt showing where your computer was purchased.
- Either fax or send the receipt and registration form to the address on the next page.

Your registration will be entered in a database, which is used to track Toshiba computers at our service points around Europe.

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Toshiba Theft Registration

Send to:

	93055 Regensburg Germany
Fax number:	+49 (0) 941 7807 925
Country stolen:	
Machine type: (e.g. Tecra S1)	
Model number: (e.g. PATS1E YXT)	
Serial number: (e.g. 70123456E)	
Date stolen:	
Warranty seal: (e.g. 9813 123456 049)	
Owner's details	
Name:	
Company:	
Street:	
Postal Code/City:	
Country:	
Phone:	
Fax:	

Toshiba Europe GmbH Technical Service and Support

Leibnizstr. 2

Appendix G

ASCII Character Codes

This appendix shows the American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) on the following pages. The characters in the **IBM** <code>char</code> column appear on your display when you type the corresponding ASCII code (as described in Chapter 5, The Keyboard). The characters that are printed, however, depend on the software you are using. For most software, the printed output for decimal codes 32 to 128 will match your screen display.

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Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq	Ctrl char
000	00		000	NUL
001	01	\odot	1	SOH
002	02	•	2	STX
003	03	•	3	ETX
004	04	*	4	EOT
005	05	*	5	ENQ
006	06	^	6	ACK
007	07	•	7	BEL
800	80	•	8	BS
009	09	0	9	HT
010	0A	0	10	LF
011	OB	o [*]	11	VT
012	0C	Q	12	FF
013	0D	○♪♬☆►◀	13	CR
014	OE	, F	14	SO
015	OF	Ø	15	SI
016	10	•	16	DLE
017	11		17	DC1
018	12	\updownarrow	18	DC2
019	13	!!	19	DC3
020	14	¶	20	DC4
021	15	§	21	NAK
022	16	_	22	SYN
023	17	1	23	ETB
024	18	\uparrow	24	CAN
025	19	\downarrow	25	EM
026	1 A	\rightarrow	26	SUB
027	1 B	\leftarrow	27	ESC
028	1C		28	FS
029	1D	\leftrightarrow	29	GS
030	1 E	A	30	RS
031	1F	•	31	US

Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq	Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq
032	20	space	32	064	40	@	64
033	21	<u>İ</u>	33	065	41	Α	65
034	22	u	34	066	42	В	66
035	23	#	35	067	43	С	67
036	24	\$	36	068	44	D	68
037	25	%	37	069	45	E	69
038	26	ક	38	070	46	F	70
039	27	,	39	071	47	G	71
040	28	(40	072	48	Н	72
041	29)	41	073	49	I	73
042	2A	*	42	074	4A	J	74
043	2B	+	43	075	4B	K	75
044	2C	,	44	076	4C	L	76
045	2D	-	45	077	4D	M	77
046	2E	•	46	078	4E	N	78
047	2F	/	47	079	4F	0	79
048	30	0	48	080	50	P	80
049	31	1	49	081	51	Q	81
050	32	2	50	082	52	R	82
051	33	3	51	083	53	S	83
052	34	4	52	084	54	T	84
053	35	5	53	085	55	U	85
054	36	6	54	086	56	V	86
055	37	7	55	087	57	W	87
056	38	8	56	088	58	Χ	88
057	39	9	57	089	59	Υ	89
058	3A	:	58	090	5A	Z	90
059	3B	;	59	091	5B	[91
060	3C	<	60	092	5C	Ţ	92
061	3D	=	61	093	5D]	93
062	3E	>	62	094	5E	^	94
063	3F	?	63	095	5F	_	95

Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq	Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq
096	60	,	96	128	80	Ç	67
097	61	a	97	129	81	ü	85
098	62	b	98	130	82	é	69
099	63	С	99	131	83	â	65
100	64	d	100	132	84	ä	65
101	65	е	101	133	85	à	65
102	66	f	102	134	86	å	65
103	67	g	103	135	87	Ç	67
104	68	h	104	136	88	ê	69
105	69	i	105	137	89	ë	69
106	6A	j	106	138	8A	è	69
107	6B	k	107	139	8B	ï	73
108	6C	l	108	140	8C	î	73
109	6D	m	109	141	8D	ì	73
110	6E	n	110	142	8E	Ä	65
111	6F	0	111	143	8F	Å	65
112	70	р	112	144	90	É	69
113	71	q	113	145	91	æ	65
114	72	r	114	146	92	Æ	65
115	73	S	115	147	93	ô	79
116	74	t	116	148	94	Ö	79
117	75	u	117	149	95	Ò	79
118	76	V	118	150	96	û	85
119	77	w	119	151	97	ù	85
120	78	x	120	152	98	ÿ Ö	89
121	79	у	121	153	99		79
122	7A	z	122	154	9A	Ü	85
123	7B	{	123	155	9B	¢	36
124	7C		124	156	9C	£	36
125	7D	}	125	157	9D	¥	36
126	7E	~	126	158	9E	Pt	36
127	7F	\triangle	127	159	9F	f	36

Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq	Dec code	Hex code	IB. ch
160	Α0	á	65	192	C0	L
161	A1	í	73	193	C1	
162	A2	ó	79	194	C2	\neg
163	A3	ú	85	195	C3	⊢
164	A4	ñ	78	196	C4	
165	A5	Ñ	78	197	C5	+
166	A6	ā	166	198	C6	⊨ ⊩
167	A7	ō	167	199	C7	
168	A8	٤	63	200	C8	
169	A9		169	201	C9	
170	AA		170	202	CA	╝
171	AB	1/2	171	203	CB	ᄀᄃ
172	AC	$\frac{1}{4}$	172	204	CC	F
173	AD	ī	33	205	CD	==
174	ΑE	«	34	206	CE	井
175	AF	»	34	207	CF	
176	ВО	***		208	D0	
77	B1	*		209	D1	$\overline{}$
78	B2	#		210	D2	7
79	В3	I _.		211	D3	Ш
80	B4	4		212	D4	F
81	B5	=		213	D5	F
182	В6	1		214	D6	<u> </u>
183	В7			215	D7	+
84	В8	7		216	D8	+
85	В9	븳		217	D9	
86	BA			218	DA	
187	BB			219	DB	
88	BC			220	DC	_
189	BD	Ш		221	DD	I_
190	BE	\exists		222	DE	▋
191	BF	7		223	DF	

Dec code	Hex code	IBM char	Sort seq
224	EO	α	
225	E1	ß	83
226	E2	Γ	
227	E3	П	
228	E4	Σ	
229	E5	σ	
230	E6	μ	
231	E7	Υ	
232	E8	Φ	
233	E9	Θ	
234	EA	Ω	
235	EB	δ	
236	EC	φ	
237	ED	φ	
238	EE	E	
239	EF	Λ	
240	F0	Ξ	
241	F1	±	
242	F2	≥	
243	F3	≤ ∫	
244	F4		
245	F5	J	
246	F6	÷	
247	F7	≈	
248	F8	•	
249	F9	Ē	
250	FA	-	
251	FB	$\sqrt{}$	
252	FC	η 2	
253	FD	2	
254	FE		
255	FF		

Appendix H

Wireless LAN

This appendix is intended to help you get your Wireless LAN network up and running, with a minimum of parameters.

Card specifications

Form Factor	Mini-PCI TypelIIA
Compatibility	IEEE 802.11 Standard for Wireless LANS (DSSS)
	Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) certified by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA)
Network Operating System	Microsoft Windows® Networking
Media Access Protocol	CSMA/CA (Collision Avoidance) with Acknowledgement (ACK)
Data Rate	■ 54/48/36/24/18/12/ 9/6 Mb/s (Revision A)
	■ 11/5.5/2/1 Mb/s (Revision B)
	108/96/72/48/36/24/ 18/12 Mb/s (Turbo Mode)

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Radio characteristics

Radio characteristics of Wireless LAN cards may vary according to:

- Country/region where the product was purchased
- Type of product

Wireless communication is often subject to local radio regulations. Although Wireless LAN networking products have been designed for operation in the license-free 2.4 GHz band, local radio regulations may impose limitations on the use of Wireless communication equipment.



Refer to the flyer Information to the User for regulatory information that may apply in your country/region.

R-F Frequency Band	 Band 5 GHz (5150-5850 MHz) (Revision A, Turbo Mode) Band 2.4 GHz (2400-2483.5 MHz) (Revision B)
Modulation Technique	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum ■ CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK (Revision B) ■ OFDM-BPSK, OFDM-QPSK, OFDM-16QAM, OFDM-64QAM (Revision A, Turbo Mode)

The range of the Wireless signal is related to the Transmit Rate of the Wireless communication. Communications at lower Transmit range may travel longer distances.

- The range of your Wireless devices can be affected when the antennas are placed near metal surfaces and solid high-density materials.
- Range is also affected by obstacles in the signal path of the radio that may either absorb or reflect the radio signal.

Supported frequency sub-bands

Subject to the radio regulations that apply in your country/region, your Wireless LAN card may support a different set of 5 GHz/2.4 GHz channels.

Consult your Authorised Wireless LAN or TOSHIBA Sales office for information about the radio regulations that apply in your country/region.

Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision B)

Frequency Range 2400-2483.5 MHz	
Channel ID	Frequency
1	2412
2	2417
3	2422
4	2427
5	2432
6	2437
7	2442
8	2447
9	2452
10	2457*
11	2462

^{*} Factory-set default channels

When installing Wireless LAN cards, the channel configuration is managed as follows:

- For Wireless clients that operate in a Wireless LAN Infrastructure, the Wireless LAN card will automatically start operation at the channel identified by the Wireless LAN Access Point. When roaming between different access points the station can dynamically switch to another channel if required.
- For Wireless LAN cards installed in Wireless clients operating in a peer-to-peer mode, the card will use the default channel 10.
- In a Wireless LAN Access Point, the Wireless LAN card will use the factory-set default channel (printed in bold), unless the LAN Administrator selected a different channel when configuring the Wireless LAN Access Point device.

Appendix I

Internal Modem Guide

This appendix describes how to install and the remove the internal modem.



Do not disassemble the computer beyond the steps described in this instruction or touch any components not specifically described.

Installing the modem board



The internal modem is preinstalled. The following is for information only.

To install the modem board, follow the steps below.

- 1. Save your data, quit Windows and turn off the power.
- 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and any other peripheral devices.
- 3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack.
- 4. Remove one screw securing the modem cover and remove the cover.
- 5. Remove two screws, which you use later to secure the modem board.
- 6. Seat the modem board.
- 7. Connect the modem board cable.
- 8. Secure the modem board with two screws removed in step 5.
- 9. Seat the modem board cover and secure it with one screw.
- 10. Install the battery pack.

User's Manual I-1

Removing the modem board

To remove the internal modem.

- 1. Save your data, quit Windows and turn off the power.
- 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and any other peripheral devices.
- **3.** Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack.
- 4. Remove one screw securing the modem cover and remove the cover.
- 5. Remove two screws securing the modem board.
- 6. Lift out the modem board.
- 7. Disconnect the modem board cable.
- 8. Secure the modem board with two screws removed in step 5.
- 9. Seat the modem board cover and secure it with one screw.
- 10. Install the battery pack.

Glossary

The terms in this glossary cover the topics discussed in this manual. Alternate naming is included for reference.



- **AccuPoint:** A pointing device integrated into the TOSHIBA computer keyboard.
- adaptor: A device that provides an interface between two dissimilar electronic devices. For example, the AC adaptor modifies the power from a wall outlet for use by the computer. This terms also refers to the add-in circuit cards that control external devices, such as video monitors and magnetic tape devices.
- **Advanced Port Replicator:** Device that enables one-point connection to a number of peripheral devices and provides additional ports and slots.
- allocate: To assign a space or function for a specific task.
- **alphanumeric:** Keyboard characters including letters, numbers and other symbols, such as punctuation marks or mathematical symbols.
- alternating current (AC): Electric current that reverses its direction of flow at regular intervals.
- analogue signal: A signal whose characteristics such as amplitude and frequency vary in proportion to (are an analogue of) the value to be transmitted. Voice communications are analogue signals.
- **ANSI:** American National Standards Institute. An organisation established to adopt and define standards for a variety of technical disciplines. For example, ANSI defined the ASCII standard and other information processing requirements.
- antistatic: A material used to prevent the build-up of static electricity.
- **application:** A group of programs that together are used for a specific task such as accounting, financial planning, spreadsheets, word processing, and games, etc.
- **ASCII:** American Standard Code for Information Interchange. ASCII code is a set of 256 binary codes that represent the most commonly used letters, numbers, and symbols.

User's Manual 1

- async: Short for asynchronous.
- asynchronous: Lacking regular time relationship. As applied to computer communications, asynchronous refers to the method of transmitting data that does not require a steady stream of bits to be transmitted at regular time intervals.
- **AUTOEXEC.BAT:** A batch file that executes a series of MS-DOS commands and programs each time you start the computer. This is no longer necessarily used when booting Windows 95 or Windows NT 4.0 and higher

B

- **backup:** A duplicate copy of files kept as a spare in case the original is destroyed.
- batch file: A file that can be executed from the system prompt containing a sequence of operating system commands or executable files. See also AUTOEXEC.BAT.
- billion byte (Bi.B): A unit of data storage equal to 1,000,000,000 bytes. See also million byte.
- binary: The base two number system composed of zeros and ones (off or on), used by most digital computers. The right most digit of a binary number has a value of 1, the next a value of 2, then 4, 8, 16, and so on. For example, the binary number 101 has a value of 5.

 See also ASCII.
- **BIOS:** Basic Input Output System. The firmware that controls data flow within the computer. See also firmware.
- bit: Derived from "binary digit," the basic unit of information used by the computer. It is either zero or one. Eight bits is one byte. See also byte.
- **Bluetooth:** A short-range radio technology designed to simplify wireless communication among computers, communication devices and the Internet.
- **board:** A circuit board. An internal card containing electronic components, called chips, which perform a specific function or increase the capabilities of the system.
- **boot:** Short for bootstrap. A program that starts or restarts the computer. The program reads instructions from a storage device into the computer's memory.
- **bps:** Bits per second. Typically used to describe the data transmission speed of a modem.
- **buffer:** The portion of the computer's memory where data is temporarily stored. Buffers often compensate for differences in the rate of flow from one device to another.
- **bus:** An interface for transmission of signals, data or electric power.
- **byte:** The representation of a single character. A sequence of eight bits treated as a single unit; also the smallest addressable unit within the system.

C

- cache memory: High speed memory which stores data that increases processor speed and data transfer rate. When the CPU reads data from main memory, it stores a copy of this data in cache memory. The next time the CPU needs that same data, it looks for it in the cache memory rather than the main memory, which saves time. The computer has two cache levels. Level one is incorporated into the processor and level two resides in external memory.
- capacity: The amount of data that can be stored on a magnetic storage device such as a diskette (floppy disk) or hard disk. It is usually described in terms of kilobytes (KB), where one KB = 1024 bytes and megabytes (MB), where one MB = 1024 KB.
- **Card Dock II:** A device that enables one-point connection to a number of peripheral devices and provides additional ports and slots.

card: Synonym for board. See board.

CardBus: An industry standard bus for 32-bit PC Cards.

Centronics: The printer manufacturer whose method of data transmission between a parallel printer and a computer has become an industry standard.

CGA: Colour/graphics adaptor. A video display protocol defined by the IBM Colour/Graphics Monitor Adaptor and its associated circuitry. This protocol supports two-colour 640x200 and four-colour 320x200 graphics, and 16-colour 640x200 and 320x200 text modes.

character: Any letter, number, punctuation mark, or symbol used by the computer. Also synonymous with byte.

chassis: The frame containing the computer.

chip: A small semiconductor containing computer logic and circuitry for processing, memory, input/output functions and controlling other chips.

CMOS: Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor. An electronic circuit fabricated on a silicon wafer that requires very little power. Integrated circuits implemented in CMOS technology can be tightly packaged and are highly reliable.

cold start: Starting a computer that is currently off (turning on the power).

- **COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4:** The names assigned to the serial and communication ports.
- **commands:** Instructions you enter at the terminal keyboard that direct the actions of the computer or its peripheral devices.
- communications: The means by which a computer transmits and receives data to and from another computer or device. See parallel interface: serial interface.
- compatibility: 1) The ability of one computer to accept and process data in the same manner as another computer without modifying the data or the media upon which it is being transferred. 2) the ability of one device to connect to or communicate with another system or component.
- components: Elements or parts (of a system) which make up the whole (system).
- **computer program:** A set of instructions written for a computer that enable it to achieve a desired result.
- computer system: A combination of hardware, software, firmware, and peripheral components assembled to process data into useful information.
- configuration: The specific components in your system (such as the terminal, printer, and disk drives) and the settings that define how your system works. You use the Hardware Setup, MaxTime or HW setup program to control your system configuration.
- **control keys:** A key or sequence of keys you enter from the keyboard to initiate a particular function within a program.
- **controller:** Built-in hardware and software that controls the functions of a specific internal or peripheral device (e.g. keyboard controller).
- **CPS:** Characters per second. Typically used to indicate the transmission speed of a printer.
- **CPU:** Central processing unit. The portion of the computer that interprets and executes instructions.
- CRT: Cathode Ray Tube. A vacuum tube in which beams projected on a fluorescent screen-producing luminous spots. An example is the television set.
- **cursor:** A small, blinking rectangle or line that indicates the current position on the display screen.

D

- data bits: A data communications parameter controlling the number of bits (binary digits) used to make up a byte. If data bits = 7 the computer can generate 128 unique characters. If data bits = 8 the computer can generate 256 unique characters.
- data: Information that is factual, measurable or statistical that a computer can process, store, or retrieve.
- **DC:** Direct Current. Electric current that flows in one direction. This type of power is usually supplied by batteries.
- default: The parameter value automatically selected by the system when you or the program do not provide instructions. Also called a preset value.
- **delete:** To remove data from a disk or other data storage device. Synonymous with erase.
- **Desk Station V Plus:** An expansion device that provides the computer with additional ports, slots and bays.
- device driver: A program that controls communication between a specific peripheral device and the computer. The CONFIG.SYS file contains device drivers that MS-DOS loads when you turn the computer on.
- disk drive: The device that randomly accesses information on a disk and copies it to the computer's memory. It also writes data from memory to the disk. To accomplish these tasks, the unit physically rotates the disk at high speed past a read-write head.
- disk storage: Storing data on magnetic disk. Data is arranged on concentric tracks much like a phonograph record.
- **diskette:** A removable disk that stores magnetically encoded data used on a microcomputer. Also called floppy disk.
- display: A CRT, plasma screen, LCD, or other image producing device used to view computer output.
- documentation: The set of manual and/or other instructions written for the users of a computer system or application. Computer system documentation typically includes procedural and tutorial information as well as system functions.
- **DOS:** Disk operating system. See operating system.
- driver: A software program, generally part of the operating system, that controls a specific piece of hardware (frequently a peripheral device such as a printer or mouse).

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Ε

echo: To send back a reflection of the transmitted data to the sending device. You can display the information on the screen, or output it to the printer, or both. When a computer receives back data it transmitted to a CRT (or other peripheral device) and then retransmits the data to printer, the printer is said to echo the CRT.

EGA: Enhanced Graphics Adaptor. A video display protocol defined by the IBM Enhanced Graphics Adaptor and its associated circuitry for direct drive TTL displays that supports 16-colour/monochrome 640x350 and 16-colour 640x200 and 320x200 graphics, and 16-colour 640x350 and 320x350 text modes.

erase: See delete.

escape guard time: A time before and after an escape code is sent to the modem which distinguishes between escapes that are part of the transmitted data, and escapes that are intended as a command to the modem.

escape: 1) A code (ASCII code 27), signalling the computer that what follows are commands; used with peripheral devices such as printers and modems. 2) A means of aborting the task currently in progress.

execute: To interpret and execute an instruction.

Extended Capability Port: An industry standard that provides a data buffer, switchable forward and reverse data transmission, and run length encoding (RLE) support.

F

fast infrared: An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.

file: A collection of related information; a file can contain data, programs, or both.

firmware: A set of instructions built into the hardware which controls and directs a microprocessor's activities.

fixed disk: See hard disk.

floppy disk drive (FDD): An electromechanical device that reads and writes to floppy disks. See also diskette.

floppy disk: See diskette.

folder: An icon in Windows used to store documents or other folders.

format: The process of readying a blank disk for its first use. Formatting establishes the structure of the disk that the operating system expects before it writes files or programs onto the disk.

function keys: The keys labelled **F1** through **F12** that tell the computer to perform certain functions.

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G

- gigabyte (GB): A unit of data storage equal to 1024 megabytes. See also megabyte.
- **GND:** Ground. An RS-232C signal used in the exchange of data between a computer and serial device.
- *graphics:* The use of drawings, pictures, or other images, such as charts or graphs, to present information.

н

- hard disk drive (HDD): An electromechanical device that reads and writes a hard disk. See also hard disk.
- hard disk: A non-removable disk usually referred to as drive C. The factory installs this disk and only a trained engineer can remove it for servicing. Also called fixed disk.
- **Hardware Setup:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various hardware components.
- hardware: The physical electronic and mechanical components of a computer system: typically, the computer itself, external disk drives, etc. See also software and firmware.
- *hertz:* A unit of wave frequency that equals one cycle per second.
- **hexadecimal:** The base 16 numbering system composed of the digits 0 through 9 and the letters A, B, C, D, E, and F.
- **host computer:** The computer that controls, regulates, and transmits information to a device or another computer.
- **hot dock/undock:** Connecting or disconnecting a device to or from the computer while the computer's power is turned on.
- **hotkey:** The computer's feature in which certain keys in combination with the extended function key, **Fn**, can be used to set system parameters, such as speaker volume.

- I/O devices: Equipment used to communicate with the computer and transfer data to and from it.
- I/O: Input/output. Refers to acceptance and transfer of data to and from a computer.
- icon: A small graphic image displayed on the screen or in the indicator panel. In Windows, an icon represents an object that the user can manipulate.
- *iLINK (IEEE1394):* This port enables high-speed data transfer directly from external devices such as digital video cameras.
- infrared port: A cableless communications capable of using infrared signals to send serial data.
- input: The data or instructions you provide to a computer, communication device or other peripheral device from the keyboard or external or internal storage devices. The data sent (or output) by the sending computer is input for the receiving computer.
- *instruction:* Statements or commands that specify how to perform a particular task.
- interface: 1) Hardware and/or software components of a system used specifically to connect one system or device to another. 2) To physically connect one system or device to another to exchange information. 3) The point of contact between user, the computer, and the program, for example, the keyboard or a menu.
- interrupt request: A signal that gives a component access to the processor.

J

jumper: A small clip or wire that allows you to change the hardware characteristics by electrically connecting two points of a circuit.

K

K: Taken from the Greek word kilo, meaning 1000; often used as equivalent to 1024, or 2 raised to the 10th power. See also byte and kilobyte.

KB: See kilobyte.

- keyboard: An input device containing switches that are activated by manually pressing marked keys. Each keystroke activates a switch that transmits a specific code to the computer. For each key, the transmitted code is, in turn, representative of the (ASCII) character marked on the key.
- kilobyte (KB): A unit of data storage equal to 1024 bytes. See also byte and megabit.

L

- level 2 cache: See cache.
- **Light Emitting Diode (LED):** A semiconductor device that emits light when a current is applied.
- Liquid Crystal Display (LCD): Liquid crystal sealed between two sheets of glass coated with transparent conducting material. The viewing-side coating is etched into character forming segments with leads that extend to the edge of the glass. Applying a voltage between the glass sheets darkens the liquid crystal to provide contrast to lighted portions of the display.
- **LSI:** Large Scale Integration. 1) A technology that allows the inclusion of up to 100,000 simple logic gates on a single chip. 2) An integrated circuit that uses the large scale integration.

M

- magiCDisc: A TOSHIBA utility that lets you create a CD-ROM data base for quick access to CD-ROM data.
- main board: See motherboard.
- **maths co-processor:** A circuit built into the processor that is dedicated to intensive math calculations.
- **MaxTime:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various power-saving functions.
- MDA: Monochrome Display Adaptor. A video display protocol defined by the IBM Monochrome Display Adaptor and its associated circuitry for direct drive TTL displays that supports a monochrome 720x350 text mode.
- megabyte (MB): A unit of data storage equal to 1024 kilobytes. See also kilobyte.
- **megahertz:** A unit of wave frequency that equals 1 million cycles per second. See also hertz.
- **menu:** A software interface that displays a list of options on the screen. Also called a screen.
- *microprocessor:* A hardware component contained in a single integrated circuit that carries out instructions. Also called the central processing unit (CPU), one of the main parts of the computer.
- million byte (GB): A unit of data storage equal to 1,000,000 bytes.
- MMX: Refers to microprocessors with additional instructions beyond the x86 standard. The instructions were developed on the basis of multimedia code requirements and thus improve the performance of multimedia applications.
- *mode:* A method of operation, for example, the boot mode or the resume mode.

- modem: Derived from modulator/demodulator, a device that converts (modulates) digital data for transmission over telephone lines and then converts modulated data (demodulates) to digital format where received.
- **monitor:** A device that uses rows and columns of pixels to display alphanumeric characters or graphic images. See CRT.
- **motherboard:** A name sometimes used to refer to the main printed circuit board in processing equipment. It usually contains integrated circuits that perform the processor's basic functions and provides connectors for adding other boards that perform special functions. Sometimes called a main board.
- **MPEG:** Moving picture coding expert group is an industry standard architecture for compression of video signals.

Ν

- non-system disk: A formatted diskette (floppy disk) you can use to store programs and data but you cannot use to start the computer. See system disk.
- non-volatile memory: Memory, usually read-only (ROM), that is capable of permanently storing information. Turning the computer's power off does not alter data stored in non-volatile memory.
- numeric keypad overlay: A feature that allows you to use certain keys on the keyboard to perform numeric entry, or to control cursor and page movement.

0

- **OCR wand:** A device that reads, using an optical device, hand written or machine printed symbols into a computer. See also OCR.
- **OCR:** Optical Character Recognition (reader). A technique or device that uses laser or visible light to identify characters and input them into a storage device.
- on-line state: A functional state of a peripheral device when it is ready to receive or transmit data.
- operating system: A group of programs that controls the basic operation of a computer. Operating system functions include interpreting programs, creating data files, and controlling the transmission and receipt (input/output) of data to and from memory and peripheral devices.
- output: The results of a computer operation. Output commonly indicates data 1) printed on paper, 2) displayed at a terminal, 3) sent through the serial port of internal modem, or 4) stored on some magnetic media.

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P

- parallel interface: Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information one byte (8 bits) at a time. See also serial interface.
- parallel: Refers to two or more processes or events that can occur simultaneously, and without interfering with each other. See also serial.
- parity: 1) The symmetrical relationship between two parameter values (integers) both of which are either on or off; odd or even; 0 or 1.
 2) In serial communications, an error detection bit that is added to a group of data bits making the sum of the bits even or odd. Parity can be set to none, odd, or even.
- password: A unique string of characters used to identify a specific user. The computer provides various levels of password protection such as user, supervisor and eject.
- **pel:** The smallest area of the display that can be addressed by software. Equal in size to a pixel or group of pixels. See pixel.
- peripheral component interconnect: An industry standard 32-bit bus.
- **peripheral device:** An I/O device that is external to the central processor and/or main memory such as a printer or a mouse.
- pixel: A picture element. The smallest dot that can be made on a display or printer. Also called a pel.
- plug and play: A capability with Windows 95 that enables the system to automatically recognise connections of external devices and make the necessary configurations in the computer.
- **port:** The electrical connection through which the computer sends and receives data to and from devices or other computers.
- printed circuit board (PCB): A hardware component of a processor to which integrated circuits and other components are attached. The board itself is typically flat and rectangular, and constructed of fibreglass, to form the attachment surface.
- *program:* A set of instructions a computer can execute that enables it to achieve a desired result. See also application.
- **prompt:** A message the computer provides indicating it is ready for or requires information or an action from you.

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R

- Radio frequency interference (RFI) shield: A metal shield enclosing the printed circuit boards of the printer or computer to prevent radio and TV interference. All computer equipment generates radio frequency signals. The FCC regulates the amount of signals a computing device can allow past its shielding. A Class A device is sufficient for office use. Class B provides a more stringent classification for home equipment use. TOSHIBA portable computers comply with Class B computing device regulations.
- **RAMDRIVE:** Part of the computer's random access memory assigned to simulate a disk. RAMDRIVE is a feature of MS-DOS.
- Random Access Memory (RAM): High speed memory within the computer circuitry that can be read or written to.
- RCA jack: A single-pin connector that carries composite video signals, which include both contrast and colour information. See also S-video.
- restart: Resetting a computer without turning it off (also called 'warm boot' or 'soft reset'). To restart the computer, press Ctrl + Alt + Del while the computer is on. See also boot.
- **resume:** A feature that lets you turn off the power without first exiting a program and retain your data in RAM. When you turn on the computer, the screen appears the same as when you turned it off.
- **RGB:** Red, green, and blue. A device that uses three input signals, each activating an electron gun for a primary additive colour (red, green, and blue) or port for using such a device. See also CRT.
- RJ11: A modular telephone jack.
- **ROM:** Read Only Memory: A non-volatile memory chip manufactured to contain information that controls the computer's basic operation. You cannot access or change information stored in ROM.
- **RS-232C:** The Electronic Industries Association (EIA) interface standard that describes the 25-pin connector interface and control, data, and status signals that allow asynchronous communications between computers, printers, communications and other peripheral devices.

- **SCSI:** Small Computer System Interface is an industry standard interface for connection of a variety of peripheral devices.
- **serial communications:** A communications technique that uses as few as two interconnecting wires to send bits one after another.
- **serial interface:** Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information sequentially, one bit at a time. Contrast: Parallel interface.
- **serial port:** A communications port to which you can connect devices, such as a modem, mouse, or serial printer.
- serial: The handling of data bits one after the other.
- **SIO:** Serial Input/Output. The electronic methodology used in serial data transmission.
- soft key: Key combinations that emulate keys on the IBM keyboard, change some configuration options, stop program execution, and access the numeric keypad overlay.
- **software:** The set of programs, procedures and related documentation associated with a computer system. Specifically refers to computer programs that direct and control the computer system's activities. See also hardware.
- **stop bit:** One or more bits of a byte that follow the transmitted character or group codes in asynchronous serial communications.
- subpixel: Three elements, one red, one green and blue (RGB), that make up a pixel on the colour LCD. The computer sets subpixels independently, each may emit a different degree of brightness. See also pixel.
- **S-video:** This connection provides separate lines for contrast and colour, which produces a video image superior to that produced by a composite connection. See also RCA jack.
- **synchronous:** Having a constant time interval between successive bits, characters or events.
- system disk: A disk that has been formatted with an operating system. For MS-DOS the operating system is contained in two hidden files and the COMMAND.COM file. You can boot a computer using a system disk. Also called an operating system disk.

T

- **TDIAG:** A TOSHIBA diagnostic program used for testing and configuring the computer system's resources.
- **terminal:** A typewriter-like keyboard and CRT display screen connected to the computer for data input/output.
- **TFT:** A colour LCD technology that applies individual transistors to each pixel enabling fine display control and excellent screen legibility.
- *TTL:* Transistor-transistor logic. A logic circuit design that uses switching transistors for gates and storage.

U

USB: The Universal Serial Bus is a way to connect up to 127 devices through one connector. A new development in 1997, this offers significantly improved ease of use and reliability than earlier expansion methods.

V

- **VGA:** Video graphics array is an industry standard video adaptor that lets you run any popular software.
- **volatile memory:** Random access memory (RAM) that stores information as long as the computer is connected to a power source.

W

- **Warm dock/undock:** Connecting or disconnecting a device to or from the computer while the computer is suspended.
- warm start: Restarting or resetting a computer without turning it off.
- window: A portion of the screen that can display its own application or document. Often used to mean a Microsoft Windows window.
- wireless LAN: A short-range radio technology designed to simplify wireless communication with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum radio technology that complies with the IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision B).
- write protection: A method for protecting a diskette (floppy disk) from accidental erasure.

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