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TOSHIBA Satellite Pro A10 Series Portable Personal Computer User's Manual

First edition April 2003

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Disclaimer

This manual has been validated and reviewed for accuracy. The instructions and descriptions it contains are accurate for the TOSHIBA Satellite Pro A10 Series Portable Personal Computer at the time of this manual's production. However, succeeding computers and manuals are subject to change without notice. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for damages incurred directly or indirectly from errors, omissions or discrepancies between the computer and the manual.

Trademarks

Intel, Intel Speed Step, Pentium and Celeron are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation.

Windows and Microsoft are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Photo CD is a trademark of Fastman Kodak.

EU Declaration of Conformity



This product carries the CE-Mark in accordance with the related European Directives. CE-Marking is the responsibility of TOSHIBA Europe GmbH, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

Modem warning notice

Conformity Statement

The equipment has been approved to [Commission Decision "CTR21"] for pan-European single terminal connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN).

However, due to differences between the individual PSTNs provided in different countries/regions the approval does not, of itself, give an unconditional assurance of successful operation on every PSTN network termination point.

In the event of problems, you should contact your equipment supplier in the first instance.

Network Compatibility Statement

This product is designed to work with, and is compatible with the following networks. It has been tested to and found to conform with the additional requirements contained in EG 201 121.

| Germany | - ATAAB AN005, AN006, AN007, AN009, AN010, and DE03, 04, 05, 08, 09, 12, 14, 17 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Greece | - ATAAB AN005, AN006 and GR01, 02, 03, 04 |
| Portugal | - ATAAB AN001, 005, 006, 007, 011 and P03, 04, 08, 10 |
| Spain | - ATAAB AN005, 007, 012, and ES01 |
| Switzerland | - ATAAB AN002 |
| All other countries/regions | - ATAAB AN003, 004 |

Specific switch settings or software setup are required for each network, please refer to the relevant sections of the user guide for more details.

The hookflash (timed break register recall) function is subject to separate national type approval. It has not been tested for conformity to national type regulations, and no guarantee of successful operation of that specific function on specific national networks can be given.

TEAC CD-ROM drive CD-224E, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive DW-224E safety instruction

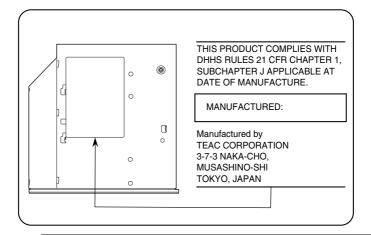


The CD/DVD drive employs a laser system. To ensure proper use of this product, please read this instruction manual carefully and retain for future reference. Should the unit ever require maintenance, contact an authorized service location.

Use of controls, adjustments or the performance of procedures other than those specified may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

Location of the required label



CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT LASER KLASSE 1 PRODUKT TO EN 60825-1 **CAUTION:** This appliance contains a laser system and is classified as a "CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT." To use this model properly, read the instruction manual carefully and keep this manual for your future reference. In case of any trouble with this model, please contact your nearest "AUTHORIZED service station." To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

CAUTION: USE OF CONTROLS OR ADJUSTMENTS OR PERFORMANCE OF PROCEDURES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE OWNER'S MANUAL MAY RESULT IN HAZARDOUS RADIATION EXPOSURE.

Toshiba DVD-ROM drive SD-C2612, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive SD-R2412, DVD-R/-RW drive SD-R6012 safety instruction

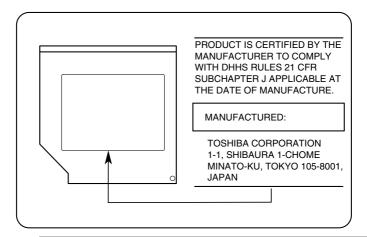


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HITACHI DVD-ROM drive GDR-8082 safety instruction

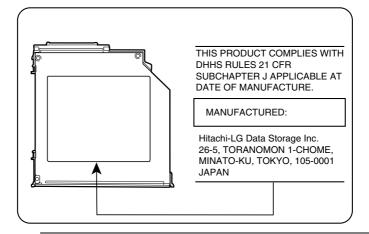


The DVD-ROM drive employs a laser system. To ensure proper use of this product, please read this instruction manual carefully and retain for future reference. Should the unit ever require maintenance, contact an authorized service location.

Use of controls, adjustments or the performance of procedures other than those specified may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

Location of the required label



CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT LASER KLASSE 1 PRODUKT TO EN 60825-1 **CAUTION:** This appliance contains a laser system and is classified as a "CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT." To use this model properly, read the instruction manual carefully and keep this manual for your future reference. In case of any trouble with this model, please contact your nearest "AUTHORIZED service station." To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

CAUTION: USE OF CONTROLS OR ADJUSTMENTS OR PERFORMANCE OF PROCEDURES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE OWNER'S MANUAL MAY RESULT IN HAZARDOUS RADIATION EXPOSURE.

Panasonic CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive UJDA-740/750 safety instruction

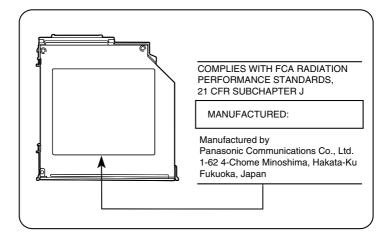


The CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive employs a laser system. To ensure proper use of this product, please read this instruction manual carefully and retain for future reference. Should the unit ever require maintenance, contact an authorized service location.

Use of controls, adjustments or the performance of procedures other than those specified may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

Location of the required label



CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT LASER KLASSE 1 PRODUKT TO EN 60825-1 **CAUTION:** This appliance contains a laser system and is classified as a "CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT." To use this model properly, read the instruction manual carefully and keep this manual for your future reference. In case of any trouble with this model, please contact your nearest "AUTHORIZED service station." To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure.

CAUTION: USE OF CONTROLS OR ADJUSTMENTS OR PERFORMANCE OF PROCEDURES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE OWNER'S MANUAL MAY RESULT IN HAZARDOUS RADIATION EXPOSURE.

General Precautions

TOSHIBA computers are designed to optimise safety, minimise strain and withstand the rigors of portability. However, certain precautions should be observed to further reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the computer.

Be certain to read the general precautions below and to note the cautions included in the text of the manual. Please also refer to the *Safety Instruction Manual*.

Stress injury

Carefully read the *Safety Instruction Manual*. It contains information on prevention of stress injuries to your hands and wrists that can be caused by extensive keyboard use. Chapter 3, *Getting Started*, also includes information on work space design, posture and lighting that can help reduce physical stress.

Heat Warning

- Avoid prolonged physical contact with the bottom of the computer. If the computer is used for long periods, its surface can become very warm. While the temperature will not feel hot to the touch, if you maintain physical contact with the computer for a long time (if you rest the computer on your lap, for example) your skin might suffer low-heat injury.
- If the computer has been used for a long time, avoid direct contact with the metal plate supporting the I/O ports. It can become hot.
- The surface of the AC adaptor can become hot when in use. This condition does not indicate a malfunction. If you need to transport the AC adaptor, disconnect it and let it cool before moving it.
- Do not lay the AC adaptor on a material that is sensitive to heat. The material could be damaged.

Mobile phones

Use of mobile phones can interfere with the PC sound system. The PC operation is not impaired but it is recommended that a distance of 30 cm is maintained between the PC & the mobile phone.

Pressure or impact damage

Do not apply heavy pressure to the computer or subject it to strong impact. Excessive pressure or impact can damage computer components or otherwise cause malfunctions.

Satellite Pro A10 Series viii

Central Processing Unit ("CPU") Performance Disclaimer

CPU Performance in your computer product may vary from specifications under the following conditions:

- use of certain external peripheral products
- use of battery power instead of AC power
- use of certain multimedia games or videos with special effects
- use of standard telephone lines or low speed network connections
- use of complex modelling software, such as high end computer aided design applications
- use of computer in areas with low air pressure (high altitude >1,000 meters or >3,280 feet above sea level)
- use of computer at temperatures outside the range of 5°C to 35°C (41°F to 95°F) or >25°C (77°F) at high altitude (all temperature references are approximate).
- CPU performance may also vary from specifications due to design configuration.

Under some conditions, your computer product may automatically shutdown. This is a normal protective feature designed to reduce the risk of lost data or damage to the product when used outside recommended conditions. To avoid risk of lost data, always make back-up copies of data by periodically storing it on an external storage medium. For optimum performance, use your computer product only under recommended conditions. Read additional restrictions under *Environmental Requirements* defined in the Appendix A. Contact TOSHIBA Technical Service and Support for more information.

PC Card overheating

Some PC cards can become hot with prolonged use. Overheating of a PC Card can result in errors or instability in the PC Card operation. Also be careful when you remove a PC Card that has been used for a long time.

LCD Display

TFT color LCD is manufactured by using very high brightness technology. Some sequential pixels may not light or may light always, but this is not a failure.

CE compliance

This product and the original options are designed to observe the related EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) and safety standards. However, TOSHIBA should not guarantee that this product still observes these EMC standards if options or cables not produced by TOSHIBA are connected or implemented. In this case the persons who have connected / implemented those options / cables have to assure that the system (PC plus options / cables) still fulfils the required standards. To avoid in general EMC problems following advice should be observed:

- Only CE marked options should be connected / implemented
- Only best shielded cables should be connected

Working environment

This product was designed to fulfil the EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) requirements to be observed for so-called "Residential, commercial and light industry environments".

TOSHIBA do not approve the use of this product in working environments other than the above mentioned "Residential, commercial and light industry environments".

For example, the following environments are not approved:

- Industrial Environments (environments with a mains voltage >230V~)
- Medical Environments
- Automotive Environments
- Aircraft Environments



If this product is supplied with a network port, please refer to the paragraph "Network connection".

Any consequences resulting from the use of this product in working environments that are not approved are not the responsibility of TOSHIBA Europe GmbH.

The consequences of the use of this product in non-approved working environments may be:

- Interference with other devices or machines in the near surrounding area
- Malfunction of, or data loss from, this product caused by disturbances generated by other devices or machines in the near surrounding area

Therefore TOSHIBA strongly recommend that the electromagnetic compatibility of this product should be suitably tested in all non-approved working environments before use. In the case of automobiles or aircraft, the manufacturer or airline respectively should be asked for permission before use of this product.

Furthermore, for general safety reasons, the use of this product in environments with explosive atmospheres is not permitted.

Network connection (class A warning)

If this product has networking capabilities and will be connected to a network, Class A radiation limits will be observed (in accordance with technical conventions). This means that if the product will be used in a domestic environment, other devices in the near surrounding may suffer interference. Consequently, please do not use this product in such environments (for example a living room), otherwise you could be held responsible for any ensuing interference.

Information on the secure use of the CD-RW

Please adhere to the following information on the use of the CD-RW to minimise the risk of unsuccessful storing process. As the storing may be unsuccessful despite your adhering to these information, for example because of a defective storing medium, you should even if the software indicates a successful storage, always check if the data has been stored successfully.

About TOSHIBA Wireless Solution

Wireless LAN Card Types

The Wireless LAN Card is a wireless network card that complies with the IEEE 802.11 standard on wireless LANs (Revision B). The Wireless LAN Card supports data rates up to 11 Mbit/s.



- Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) certified by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA). This means that your Wireless hardware will communicate with other vendors' IEEE 802.11 compliant wireless LAN product.
- Fully compatible with any other wireless LAN system based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) radio technology that complies with the "IEEE 802.11 standard on wireless LANs (Revision B).

Wireless LAN cards

The Wireless LAN Card supports the following wireless LAN features:

- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 11, 5.5, 2 and 1 Mbit/s.
- Frequent Channel Selection (2.4 GHz).
- Roaming over multiple channels.
- Card Power Management.
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on the 128 bit RC4 encryption algorithm as defined in the IEEE 802.11 standard on wireless I ANs.

Wireless Interoperability

The TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card products are designed to be interoperable with any Wireless LAN product that is based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) radio technology, and is compliant to:

- The IEEE 802.11 Standard on Wireless LANs (Revision B), as defined and approved by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.
- The Wireless Fidelity (WiFi) certification as defined by the WECA Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance.

Wireless LAN and your Health

Wireless LAN products, like other radio devices, emit radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by Wireless LAN devices however is far much less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices like for example mobile phones.

Because Wireless LAN products operate within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, TOSHIBA believes Wireless LAN is safe for use by consumers. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature.

In some situations or environments, the use of Wireless LAN may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the organisation. These situations may for example include:

- Using the Wireless LAN equipment on board of aeroplanes, or
- In any other environment where the risk of interference to other devices or services is perceived or identified as harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies on the use of wireless devices in a specific organisation or environment (e.g. airports), you are encouraged to ask for authorisation to use the Wireless LAN device prior to turning on the equipment.

Safety Instruction for Wireless Products

If your computer has wireless function, all safety instructions must be read carefully and must be fully understood, before attempting to use our Wireless Products.

This manual contains the safety instructions that must be observed in order to avoid potential hazards that could result in personal injuries or could damage your Wireless Products.

Limitation of Liability

For damage occurring due to an earthquake or thunder, fire beyond our responsibility, action by third party, other accident, intentional or accidental mistakes by a user, misuse, use under abnormal conditions, we do not take any responsibility.

For incidental damage (loss of business profit, business interruption, etc.) occurring due to use or disability of the product, we do not take any responsibility.

For damage occurring due to non observance of the contents described in the instruction manual, we do not take any responsibility.

For damage occurring due to erroneous operation or hang up caused by use in combination with products not related to our company, we do not take any responsibility.

Usage Restrictions

Do not use the Wireless Products for controlling equipment:

- Equipment directly linked with human life corresponds to the following.
 - Medical equipment such as life support systems, equipment used in operations, etc.
 - Exhaust systems for gases such as poisonous gas etc. and exhaust systems for smoke.
 - Equipment that must be set up in compliance with various laws such as the Fire Services Act, the Construction Standard Act, etc.
 - Equipment corresponding to that mentioned above.
- Equipment linked with human safety or having a serious influence on the safe maintenance of public function, etc., because it is not designed or manufactured for this type of use.
 - Traffic control equipment for air, railroad, road, marine transport, etc.
 - Equipment used in atomic power plants etc.
 - Equipment corresponding to that mentioned above.

Satellite Pro A10 Series xiii

WARNING



Turn OFF the Wireless Communication switch of Wireless Products in a congested place, such as a crowded commuter train.

Keep this product away from a cardiac pacemaker at least 22cm.

Radio waves can potentially affect cardiac pacemaker operation, thereby causing respiratory troubles.

Turn OFF the Wireless Communication switch inside a medical facility or near medical electric equipment. Do not bring medical electric equipment close to the product.

Radio waves can potentially affect medical electric equipment, thereby causing an accident due to malfunction.

Turn OFF the Wireless Communication switch near an automatic door, fire alarm or other automatic control equipment.

Radio waves can potentially affect automatic control equipment, thereby causing an accident due to malfunction.

Do not turn ON the Wireless Communication switch in aircraft or in places that generate or can generate radio interference.

Radio waves can potentially affect them, causing an accident due to malfunction.

Monitor possible radio interference or other troubles to other equipment while the product is used. If any effect is caused, turn OFF the Wireless Communication switch.

Otherwise, radio waves can potentially affect other equipment, thereby causing an accident due to malfunction.

When using the product in a car, check with the automobile dealer if the car has an adequate electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).

Radio waves of the product can potentially hamper safe driving.

Depending on car model, the product can rarely affect car electronic equipment if it is used in a car.

NOTE



Do not use the product in the following places:

Places near a microwave oven where a magnetic field generates and places where static electricity or radio interference generates.

Depending on environment, radio waves can not reach to the product.

Regulatory Information

The TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product. This device complies with the following radio frequency and safety standards.

Canada - Industry Canada (IC)

This device complies with RSS 210 of Industry Canada.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of this device."

L'utilisation de ce dispositif est autorisée seulement aux conditions suivantes : (1) il ne doit pas produire de brouillage et (2) l'utilisateur du dispositif doit étre prét à accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique reçu, même si ce brouillage est susceptible de compromettre le fonctionnement du dispositif.

Europe - EU Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC with essential test suites as per standards:

- EN 60950 Safety of Information Technology equipment
- ETS 300 328 Technical requirements for radio equipment
- ETS 300 826 General EMC requirements for radio equipment.

Belgium/ België/Belgique

For outdoor usage only channel 10 (2457 MHz) and 11 (2462 MHz) is allowed.

For private usage outside buildings across public grounds over less than 300m no special registration with IBPT/BIPT is required. Registration to IBPT/BIPT is required for private usage outside buildings across public grounds over more than 300m. An IBPT/BIPT license is required for public usage outside building.

For registration and license please contact IBPT/BIPT.

Gebruik buiten gebouw alleen op kanalen 10 (2457 MHz) en 11 (2462 MHz). Voor privégebruik buiten gebouw over publieke groud over afstand kleiner dan 300m geen registratie bij BIPT/IBPT nodig; voor gebruik over afstand groter dan 300m is wel registratie bij BIPT/IBPT nodig. Voor publiek gebruik buiten gebouwen is licentie van BIPT/IBPT verplicht. Voor registratie of licentie kunt u contact opnemen met BIPT.

L'utilisation en extérieur est autorisé sur le canal 10 (2457 MHz) et 11 (2462 Mhz).

Dans le cas d'une utilisation privée, à l'extérieur d'un bâtiment, au-dessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est nécessaire pour une distance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance supérieure à 300m un enregistrement auprès de l'IBPT est requise. Pour une utilisation publique à l'extérieur de bâtiments, une licence de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.

Germany/ Deutschland

License required for outdoor installations. Check with reseller for procedure to follow

Anmeldung im Outdoor-Bereich notwendig, aber nicht genehmigungspflichtig. Bitte mit Händler die Vorgehensweise abstimmen.

| France | Restricted frequency band: only channels 10 and 11 (2457 MHz and 2462 MHz respectively) may be used in France. License required for every installation, indoor and outdoor installations. Please contact ART for procedure to follow. |
|--------------|---|
| | Bande de fréquence restreinte : seuls les canaux 10 à 11 (2457 et 2462 MHz respectivement) doivent être utilisés en France. |
| | Toute utilisation, qu'elle soit intérieure ou extérieure, est soumise à autorisation. Vous pouvez contacter l'Autorité de Régulation des Télécommuniations (http://www.art-telecom.fr) pour la procédure à suivre. |
| Italy/Italia | License required for indoor use. Use with outdoor installations not allowed |
| | E'necessaria la concessione ministeriale anche per l'uso interno. |
| | Verificare con i rivenditori la procedura da seguire. L'uso per installazione in esterni non e' permessa. |
| Nederland | License required for outdoor installations. Check with reseller for procedure to follow |
| | Licentie verplicht voor gebruik met buitenantennes. Neem contact op met verkoper voor juiste procedure |

USA-Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules. Operation of the devices in a Wireless LAN System is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

TOSHIBA is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with this TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than specified by TOSHIBA.

The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment will be the responsibility of the user.

Satellite Pro A10 Series xvii

Caution: Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation.

The Toshiba Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card will be installed with one of two types of antennas. Both antenna types, when installed are located at the upper edge of the LCD screen.

For both antennas, the radiated output power of the TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. In normal operating configuration, the LCD in the upright position, the distance between the antenna and the user should not be less than 20cm.

Refer to the Regulatory Statements as identified in the documentation that comes with those products for additional information.

Relevant transmitters include FCC IDs: CJ6PA3171WL, CJ6PA3121BT.

Taiwan

| Article 14 | Unless approved, for any model accredited low power radio frequency electric machinery, any company, trader or user shall not change the frequency, increase the power or change the features and functions of the original design. |
|------------|---|
| Article 17 | Any use of low power radio frequency electric machinery shall not affect the aviation safety and interfere with legal communications. In event that any interference is found, the use of such electric machinery shall be stopped immediately, and reusing of such products can be resumed until no interference occurs after improvement. |
| | The legal communications mentioned in the above item refer to radio communications operated in accordance with telecommunication laws and regulations. |
| | Low power radio frequency electric machinery shall resist against interference from legal communications or from industrial, scientific and medical radio emission electric machinery. |

Satellite Pro A10 Series xviii

Using this equipment in Japan

In Japan, the frequency bandwidth of 2,400~2,483.5MHz for second generation low-power data communication systems such as this equipment overlaps that of mobile object identification systems (premises radio station and specified low-power radio station).

1. Sticker

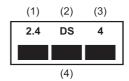
Please put the following sticker on devices incorporating this product.

In the frequency bandwidth of this equipment, industrial device, scientific device, medical device like microwave oven, licensed premises radio station and non-licensed specified low-power radio station for mobile object identification system (RF-ID) that is used in product line of factories, (Other Radio Stations) are used.

- Please make sure before using this equipment that no Other Radio Stations are used in the neighbourhood.
- 2. In case that RF interference occurs to Other Radio Stations from this equipment, please change promptly the frequency for use, place to use, or stop emitting Radio.
- Please contact TOSHIBA Direct PC if you have a problem, such as interference from this equipment to Other Radio Stations.

2. Indication

The indication shown below appears on this equipment.



- (1) 2.4: This equipment uses a frequency of 2.4GHz.
- (2) DS: This equipment uses DS-SS modulation.
- (3) 4: The interference range of this equipment is less than 40m.

(4) This equipment uses a frequency bandwidth from 2,400mhz to 2,483.5MHz.

It is impossible to avoid the band of mobile object identification systems.

Device Authorisation

This device obtains the Technical Regulation Conformity Certification and the Technical Conditions Compliance Approval, and it belongs to the device class of radio equipment of low-power data communication system radio station stipulated in the Radio Law and the Telecommunications Business Law of Japan.

The Name of the radio equipment: MPCI3A-20/R

JAPAN APPROVALS INSTITUTE FOR Approval Number: D01-1128JP TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

TELECOM ENGINEERING CENTER Approval Number: 01NY A1088

The following restrictions apply:

- Do not disassemble or modify the device.
- Do not install the embedded wireless module into other device.

Table of Contents

Preface

| Manual contents | xxviii |
|------------------------|--------|
| Conventions | |
| Abbreviations | |
| lcons | xxix |
| Keys | xxix |
| Key operation | |
| Display | |
| Messages | xxix |
| Chapter 1 Introduction | |
| Equipment checklist | 1-1 |
| Hardware | |
| Software | 1-2 |

 Documentation
 1-2

 Features
 1-3

 Special features
 1-8

 Utilities
 1-10

 Options
 1-11

User's Manual xxi

Chapter 2 The Grand Tour

| Front with the display closed Left side | ~ 4 |
|--|--------------|
| l eft side | 2-1 |
| =4 4.44 | 2-2 |
| Right side | 2-3 |
| Back side | 2-4 |
| Underside | 2-6 |
| Front with the display open | 2-7 |
| System indicators | 2-8 |
| Keyboard indicators | 2-9 |
| USB diskette drive | 2-10 |
| Optical media drive | 2-11 |
| DVD-ROM drive | 2-11 |
| CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive | 2-12 |
| DVD-R/-RW drive | 2-13 |
| Universal AC adaptor | 2-14 |
| Chapter 3 Getting Started | |
| Setting up your work space | 3_1 |
| General conditions | |
| Placement of the computer | |
| Seating and posture | |
| Lighting | |
| Work habits | |
| Connecting the AC adaptor | |
| Opening the display | |
| Turning on the power | |
| Starting up for the first time | |
| Turning off the power | |
| Shut Down mode (Boot mode) | |
| Hibernation mode | |
| | |
| | 3-10 |
| Standby mode | |
| Standby mode Restarting the computer | 3-11 |
| Standby mode | 3-11 3-12 |

Chapter 4 Operating Basics

| Using the Touch pad | 4-1 |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Using the USB diskette drive | |
| Connecting 3 ½" diskette drive | 4-2 |
| Disconnecting 3 ½" diskette drive | 4-3 |
| Using optical media drives | 4-3 |
| Loading discs | 4-3 |
| Removing discs | 4-7 |
| Writing CDs on CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive | 4-8 |
| Before writing or rewriting | 4-8 |
| When writing or rewriting | 4-9 |
| Writing CDs/DVDs on DVD-R/-RW drive | 4-10 |
| Important message | 4-10 |
| Disclaimer | 4-10 |
| Read/write function chart | 4-11 |
| Before writing or rewriting | 4-12 |
| When writing or rewriting | 4-13 |
| Drag'n Drop CD+DVD | 4-13 |
| Data Verification | 4-14 |
| Media care | 4-14 |
| CD/DVDs | 4-14 |
| Diskettes | 4-15 |
| Modem | 4-15 |
| Region selection | 4-16 |
| Properties menu | |
| Connecting | 4-18 |
| Disconnecting | 4-18 |
| Wireless LAN | 4-19 |
| Security | 4-19 |
| Wireless communication switch | 4-19 |
| Wireless communication Indicator | 4-20 |
| LAN | 4-20 |
| Connecting a LAN cable | |
| Disconnecting LAN cable | |
| Cleaning the computer | |
| Moving the computer | 4-22 |
| Heat dispersal | 4-23 |

Chapter 5 The Keyboard

| Typewriter keys | |
|--|-----|
| F1F12 function keys | |
| Soft Keys: Alt Gr Key Combinations | |
| Soft keys: Fn key combinations | |
| Emulating keys on enhanced keyboard | |
| Hot keys | |
| Fn Sticky key | 5-5 |
| Windows special keys | 5-6 |
| Keypad overlay | 5-6 |
| Turning on the overlays | 5-6 |
| Temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on) | 5-7 |
| Temporarily using overlay (overlay off) | 5-8 |
| Temporarily changing modes | 5-8 |
| Generating ASCII characters | 5-8 |
| Chapter 6 Power and Power-Up Modes | |
| Power conditions | 6-1 |
| Power indicators | |
| Battery indicator | |
| DC IN indicator | |
| Power indicator | |
| Battery types | |
| Battery pack | |
| Real Time Clock battery | |
| Care and use of the battery pack | |
| Safety precautions | |
| Charging the batteries | |
| Monitoring battery capacity | |
| Maximising battery operating time | |
| Retaining data with power off | |
| Extending battery life | |
| Replacing the battery pack | |
| Removing the battery pack | |
| Installing the battery pack | |
| Starting the computer by password | |
| • | |
| Power-up modes | |
| | |
| Hot keys | |
| Panel power off | |

Chapter 7 HW Setup and Passwords Accessing HW Setup......7-1 HW Setup window......7-1 Password 7-2 Supervisor password7-9 Chapter 8 Optional Devices PC cards......8-2 Inserting a PC card.....8-2 Removing a PC card.....8-3 Memory expansion.....8-4 Installing memory module......8-5 Removing memory module.....8-7 Battery pack......8-8 Universal AC adaptor8-8 USB FDD kit8-8 External monitor......8-8 TV......8-9 Changing the resolution to 640x480 for TV8-10 Security lock8-11 **Chapter 9 Troubleshooting** Problem solving process9-1 Preliminary checklist......9-2 Analysing the problem9-2 Hardware and system checklist.....9-3 System start-up9-4 Self test......9-4 Power 9-4 Password 9-6 Keyboard9-7 LCD panel 9-7 Hard disk drive9-8 DVD-ROM drive 9-8 Diskette drive 9-11 PC card......9-11

| Memory expansion | 9-13 |
|---|------|
| Sound system | 9-14 |
| External Monitor | 9-14 |
| Modem | 9-15 |
| LAN | 9-16 |
| Wireless LAN | 9-16 |
| Real Time Clock | 9-16 |
| If you need further assistance | 9-17 |
| Before you call | 9-17 |
| Where to write | 9-17 |
| Appendix A Specifications | |
| Appendix B AC Power Cord and Connectors | |
| Appendix C The TOSHIBA International Warranty | |
| Appendix D Keyboard Layouts | |
| Appendix E Display Controller and Modes | |
| Appendix F If your computer is stolen | |
| Appendix G ASCII Character Codes | |
| Appendix H Wireless LAN | |
| Appendix I Internal Modem Guide | |
| Glossary | |

Satellite Pro A10 Series

Index

Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the Satellite Pro A10 Series computer. This powerful notebook computer provides excellent expansion capability, including multimedia devices, and it is designed to provide years of reliable, high-performance computing.

This manual tells how to set up and begin using your Satellite Pro A10 Series computer. It also provides detailed information on configuring your computer, basic operations and care, using optional devices and troubleshooting.

If you are a new user of computers or if you're new to portable computing, first read over the *Introduction* and *The Grand Tour* chapters to familiarise yourself with the computer's features, components and accessory devices. Then read *Getting Started* for step-by-step instructions on setting up your computer.

If you are an experienced computer user, please continue reading the preface to learn how this manual is organised, then become acquainted with this manual by browsing through its pages. Be sure to look over the *Special features* section of the *Introduction*, to learn about features that are uncommon or unique to the computers and carefully read *HW Setup and Passwords*. Also read *Getting Started* for procedures on restoring your preinstalled software.

User's Manual xxvii

Manual contents

This manual offers important information about your computer, including solutions to the most common problems, and features and specifications.

It is composed of the following chapters, appendices, a glossary and an index.

Chapter 1, *Introduction*, is an overview of the computer's features, capabilities, and options.

Chapter 2, *The Grand Tour*, identifies the components of the computer and briefly explains how they function.

Chapter 3, *Getting Started*, provides a quick overview of how to begin operating your computer and gives tips on safety and designing your work area.

Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*, includes instructions on using the following devices: Touch pad, USB diskette drive, optical media drives, internal modem, wireless communication features, Wireless LAN and LAN. It also provides tips on care of the computer, diskettes and CD/DVDs.

Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, describes special keyboard functions including the keypad overlay and hot keys.

Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, gives details on the computer's power resources, battery save modes and how to set a password.

Chapter 7, *HW Setup and Passwords*, explains how to configure the computer using the HW Setup program and how to set passwords.

Chapter 8, Optional Devices, describes the optional hardware available.

Chapter 9, *Troubleshooting*, suggests courses of action if the computer doesn't seem to be working properly.

The Appendixes provide technical information about your computer.

The Glossary defines general computer terminology and includes a list of acronyms used in the text.

The Index quickly directs you to the information contained in this manual.

Satellite Pro A10 Series xxviii

Conventions

This manual uses the following formats to describe, identify, and highlight terms and operating procedures.

Abbreviations

On first appearance, and whenever necessary for clarity, abbreviations are enclosed in parentheses following their definition. For example: Read Only Memory (ROM). Acronyms are also defined in the Glossary.

Icons

Icons identify ports, dials, and other parts of your computer. The indicator panel also uses icons to identify the components it is providing information on.

Keys

The keyboard keys are used in the text to describe many computer operations. A distinctive typeface identifies the key top symbols as they appear on the keyboard. For example, **Enter** identifies the Enter key.

Key operation

Some operations require you to simultaneously use two or more keys. We identify such operations by the key top symbols separated by a plus sign (+). For example, **Ctrl** + **C** means you must hold down **Ctrl** and at the same time press **C**. If three keys are used, hold down the first two and at the same time press the third.

Display



ABC

Names of Windows® or icons or text generated by the computer that appears on its display screen is presented in the type face you see to the left.

Text generated by the computer is usually preceded by the screen icon.

Messages

Messages are used in this manual to bring important information to your attention. Each type of message is identified as shown below.



Pay attention! A caution informs you that improper use of equipment or failure to follow instructions may cause data loss or damage your equipment.



Please read. A note is a hint or advice that helps you make best use of your equipment.

Chapter 1

Introduction

This chapter provides an equipment checklist, and it identifies the computer's features, options and accessories.



Some of the features described in this manual may not function properly if you use an operating system that was not preinstalled by TOSHIBA.

Equipment checklist

Carefully unpack your computer. Save the box and packing materials for future use.

Hardware

Check to make sure you have all the following items:

- Satellite Pro A10 Series Portable Personal Computer
- AC adaptor and power cord
- USB diskette drive (optional)
- Modular cable

User's Manual 1-1

Software

- The following software is preinstalled:
 - Microsoft® Windows XP Edition
 - Modem driver
 - Display Driver for Windows
 - TOSHIBA Utilities
 - Wireless LAN driver
 - Sound Driver for Windows
 - DVD Video Player
 - LAN Driver
 - Pointing device Driver
 - TOSHIBA Power Saver
 - TOSHIBA Console
 - Drag'n Drop CD+DVD
 - Online manual
- Product Recovery CD-ROM or DVD-ROM
- Tools & Utilities CD-ROM

Documentation

- Satellite Pro A10 Series Portable Personal Computer User's Manual
- Satellite Pro A10 Series QuickStart
- Microsoft Windows XP manual
- Safety Instruction Manual
- Warranty information

Features

The computer uses TOSHIBA's advanced Large Scale Integration (LSI), Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) technology extensively to provide compact size, minimum weight, low power usage, and high reliability. This computer incorporates the following features and benefits:

Processor

| Built-in | Some configurations are equipped with a Mobile Intel® Celeron® processor, which incorporates a 256KB level 2 cache memory. |
|-----------|---|
| | 2.20GHz Mobile Intel[®] Celeron[®] processor 2.20 GHz |
| | 2.40GHz Mobile Intel[®] Celeron[®] processor 2.40 GHz |
| | Some configurations are equipped with a Mobile Intel® Pentium® 4 - M processor, which incorporates a 512KB level 2 cache memory. |
| | 2.00GHz Mobile Intel[®] Pentium[®] 4 processor 2.00 GHz –M |
| | 2.20GHz Mobile Intel[®] Pentium[®] 4 processor 2.20 GHz -M |
| | Other processors may be introduced in the future. |
| Memory | |
| Slots | 128, 256 or 512 MB memory modules can be installed in the two memory slots for a maximum of 1 GB system memory. |
| Video RAM | Allocated a part of System Memory dynamically. (Limit of graphics memory is 32MB at 128MB of System Memory, Limit of Graphics memory is 64MB at more than 256MB of System Memory) |
| | |

| Power | |
|--------------------|--|
| Battery pack | The computer is powered by one rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack. |
| RTC battery | The computer has an internal battery to back up the internal Real Time Clock (RTC) and calendar. |
| AC adaptor | The AC adaptor provides power to the system and recharges the batteries when they are low. It comes with a detachable power cord. |
| | Because it is universal, it can receive a range of AC voltage from 100 to 240 volts; however, the output current varies among different configurations. Using the wrong adaptor can damage your computer. See the AC adaptor section in Chapter 2, <i>The Grand Tour</i> . |
| Disks | |
| Hard disk drive | Available in three sizes. 27.94 GB (30.0 billion bytes) 37.26 GB (40.0 billion bytes) 55.88 GB (60.0 billion bytes) Other hard disks may be introduced in the future. |
| USB diskette drive | Accommodates either 3 ½" 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskettes. It connects to a USB port. |

DVD-ROM drive

Some models are equipped with a full-size, DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CDs or 12cm(4.72") DVDs without using an adaptor. It runs DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. The drive supports the following formats: DVD-ROM **DVD-Video**

CD-DA CD-Text ■ Photo CDTM (single/ ■ CD-ROM Mode 1, multi-session) Mode 2 ■ CD-ROM XA Mode 2 Enhanced CD

(Form1, Form2) (CD-EXTRA) CD-G (Audio CD) Addressing Method 2 only)

| CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive | Some models are equipped with a full-size CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-Rs at up to 24 speed and CD-RWs at up to 10 speed. For reading, this drive supports the same formats as the DVD-ROM drive. |
|------------------------|--|
| DVD-R/-RW drive | Some models are equipped with a full- size DVD-R/RW drive module that lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12cm (4.72") or 8cm (3.15") CDs/12cm(4.72") |

data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12cm (4.72") or 8cm (3.15") CDs/12cm(4.72") DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-Rs at up to 16 speed, CD-RWs at up to 10 speed, DVD-Rs and DVD-RWs at single speed. For reading, this drive supports the same formats as the DVD-ROM drive.

Display

The computer's LCD panel supports high-resolution video graphics. The screen can be set at a wide range of viewing angles for maximum comfort and readability.

| Built-in | 14.1" XGA TFT screen or 15.0"XGATFT screen,16 M colors, with the following resolution:■ XGA, 1024 horizontal x 768 vertical pixels |
|---------------------|---|
| Graphics controller | Graphics controller maximizes display performance. Refer to Appendix E for more information. |
| Keyboard | |
| Built-in | 85 keys or 86 keys, compatible with IBM enhanced keyboard, embedded numeric overlay dedicated cursor control, and two Windows keys. See Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i> , for details. |
| Pointing device | |
| Built-in Touch pad | A Touch pad and control buttons in the palm resenable control of the on-screen pointer. |

Ports

| Parallel | Some models are equipped with a parallel port for parallel printer or other parallel device (ECP compatible). Note that some models are not equipped with this port. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| External monitor | 15-pin, analog VGA port supports VESA DDC2B compatible functions. |
| Universal Serial Bus (USB 2.0) | The computer has two Universal Serial Bus ports that comply with the USB 2.0 standard, which enables data transfer speeds 40 times faster than the USB 1.1 standard. (The ports also support USB 1.1.) |
| Slots | |
| PC card | The PC card slot accommodates one 5 mm Type II card. |
| Multimedia | |
| Sound system | Windows sound system compatible sound system provides internal speakers as well as jacks for an external microphone and headphone. |
| TV out | Some models are equipped with TV out port. This jack lets you transfer video and sound data to external devices. Use a the S-VIDEO cable for TV-out. Data output depends on the type of device connected to the S-VIDEO cable. Note that some models are not equipped with this port. |
| Headphone jack | This jack outputs analog audio signals. |
| Microphone jack | A 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a three-conductor mini jack for monaural microphone input. |
| | |

Communications

| Modem | An internal modem provides capability for data and fax communication. It supports V.90 (V.92). Refer to Appendix E. The speed of data transfer and fax depends on analog telephone line conditions. It has a modem jack for connecting to a telephone line. It is preinstalled as a standard device in some markets. Both of V.90 and V.92 are supported only in USA and Canada. Only V.90 is available in other regions. |
|--------------------|---|
| LAN | The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-Tx). |
| Wireless LAN | Some computers in this series are equipped with a wireless LAN mini-PCI card that is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum /Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with the IEEE802.11 Standard (Revision A or B) and Turbo Mode. Revision-A supports data transfer rate up to 54Mbit/s. Revision-B supports data transfer rate up to 11Mbit/s. Turbo Mode supports data transfer rate up to 108Mbit/s. |
| Security | |
| Security lock slot | Connects an optional security lock to anchor the computer to a desk or other large object. |
| Software | |
| Standard | Windows XP Home Edition operating system and TOSHIBA Utilities and drivers preinstalled or the hard disk. |
| Plug and Play | When you connect an external device to the computer, Plug and Play capability enables the system to recognize the connection and make the necessary configurations automatically. |
| | |

Special features

The following features are either unique to TOSHIBA computers or are advanced features, which make the computer more convenient to use.

| Hot keys | Key combinations let you quickly modify the system configuration directly from the keyboard without running a system configuration program. |
|---|--|
| Display automatic power off | This feature automatically cuts off power to the internal display when there is no input from the keyboard or pointing device for a time specified. Power is restored when any key is pressed or when there is input from a pointing device. You can specify the time in the <i>Turn off monitor</i> item of the <i>Power Save Mode</i> window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
| HDD automatic power off | This feature automatically cuts off power to the hard disk drive when it is not accessed for a time specified. Power is restored when the hard disk is accessed. You can specify the time in the <i>Turn off hard disks</i> item of the <i>Power Save Mode</i> window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
| System automatic Standby/Hibernation | This feature automatically shuts down the system in standby mode or Hibernation mode when there is no input or hardware access for a time specified. You can specify the time and select either System Standby or System Hibernate in the System standby and System hibernate item of the Power Save Mode window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
| Keypad overlay | A ten-key pad is integrated into the keyboard. Refer to the <i>Keypad overlay</i> section in Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i> , for instructions on using the keypad overlay. |
| Power on password | Two levels of password security, supervisor and user, are available to prevent unauthorized access to your computer. |
| Instant security | A hot key function blanks the screen and disables the computer providing data security. |
| | |

| A microprocessor in the computer's intelligent power supply detects the battery's charge and calculates the remaining battery capacity. It also protects electronic components from abnormal conditions, such as voltage overload from a universal AC adaptor. You can monitor remaining battery capacity. Use the Battery remaining item of the Power Save Modes window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
|--|
| This feature lets you save battery power. You can specify the Power Save Mode in the Running on batteries item of the Power Save Modes window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
| This feature turns power to the computer off when the display panel is closed and turns it back on when the panel is opened. You can specify the setting in the <i>When I close the lid</i> item of the <i>System Power Mode</i> window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
| When battery power is exhausted to the point that computer operation cannot be continued, the system automatically enters Hibernation and shuts down. You can specify the setting in the <i>Battery Alarm</i> item of the <i>Alarm</i> window in TOSHIBA Power Saver. |
| The CPU has an internal temperature sensor that automatically activates cooling procedures. Refer to the <i>Heat dispersal</i> section in Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> , for details on setting the options for cooling methods. |
| This feature lets you turn off the power without exiting from your software. The contents of main memory is saved to the hard disk, when you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off. Refer to the <i>Turning off the power</i> section in Chapter 3, <i>Getting Started</i> , for details. |
| If you have to interrupt your work, you can turn off the power without exiting from your software. Data is maintained in the computer's main memory. When you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off. |
| |

Utilities

This section describes preinstalled utilities and tells how to start them. For details on operations, refer to each utility's online manual, help files or readme.txt files.

| TOSHIBA Power Saver | To access this power savings management program, open the Control Panel and select the TOSHIBA Power Saver icon. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| HW Setup | This program lets you customize your hardware settings according to the way you work with your computer and the peripherals you use. To start the utility, click the Windows Start button and click Control Panel. In the Control Panel, select the TOSHIBA HW Setup icon. |
| TOSHIBA Console | TOSHIBA Console is a graphical user interface that provides access to help and services. |
| DVD Video Player | The DVD Video Player is used to play DVD-Video. It has an on-screen interface and functions. Click Start, point to All Programs, point to InterVideo WinDVD 4, then click InterVideo WinDVD 4. |
| ConfigFree | ConfigFree is a suite of utilities to allow easy control of communication device and network connections. ConfigFree also allows you to find communication problems and create profiles for easy switching between location and communication networks. |
| | You can boot ConfigFree from the menu bar as follows. |
| | Start -> All Programs -> TOSHIBA ConfigFree -> ConfigFree |
| Drag'n Drop CD+DVD | This easy-to-use software lets you record CDs with just a few mouse clicks. You can create CDs in several formats including audio CDs that can be played on a standard stereo CD player and data CDs to store the files and folders on your hard drive. This software can be used on the model with CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive or DVD-R/-RW drive. |
| TOSHIBA Touch Pad On/Off Utility | Pressing Fn + F9 in a windows environment enables or disables the Touch pad function. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will change and be displayed as an icon. |

Options

You can add a number of options to make your computer even more powerful and convenient to use. The following options are available:

| Memory expansion | A 128, 256 or 512 MB memory module (PC2100, DDR) can easily be installed in the computer. |
|------------------|--|
| Battery pack | An additional battery pack can be purchased from your TOSHIBA dealer. Use it as a spare or replacement. |
| AC adaptor | If you use your computer at more than one site frequently, it may be convenient to purchase an additional AC adaptor for each site so you will not have to carry the adaptor with you. |
| Battery charger | The battery charger lets you charge extra batteries outside the computer. |
| USB FDD Kit | A 3 ½" diskette drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskette. It connects to a USB port. (You cannot format 720-kilobyte diskettes on Windows XP, but you can use previously formatted disks.) |
| Wireless LAN Kit | This option enables wireless LAN functions. It is installed by dealers only. Two types of Wireless LAN kit are prepared: Wireless LAN Kit for IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision B) and Wireless LAN Kit for IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision A and B) |

Chapter 2

The Grand Tour

This chapter identifies the various components of your computer. Become familiar with each component before you operate the computer.

Front with the display closed

WIRELESS

COMMUNICATION

INDICATOR

switch

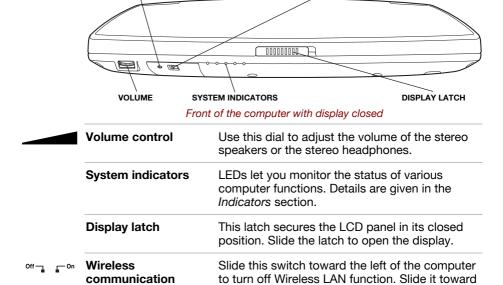
The figure below shows the computer's front with its display panel in the closed position.

WIRELESS

COMMUNICATION

SWITCH

the right of the computer to turn on the functions (Wireless LAN model or Wireless LAN ready



User's Manual 2-1

model only).



Set the switch to off in airplanes and hospitals. Check the wireless communication indicator. It will stop glowing when the wireless communication function is off.

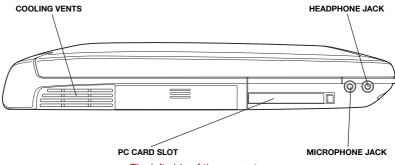


Wireless communication Indicator

This indicator glows orange when Wireless LAN function is on (Wireless LAN model or Wireless LAN ready model only).

Left side

The figure below shows the computer's left side.



The left side of the computer

Cooling vents

These vents provide an outlet for air pulled through the computer by the fan.



Be careful not to block the cooling vents. Also be careful to keep foreign objects out of them. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.



Microphone jack

A 3.5 mm mini microphone jack enables connection of a three-conductor mini jack for monaural microphone input.



Headphone jack

This jack lets you connect speakers or a stereo headphone (16 ohm minimum). When you connect a speaker or headphones, the internal speakers are automatically disabled.





PC card slot

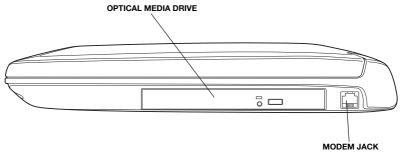
A PC card slot can accommodate one 5 mm Type II card. You can install any industry standard PC card such as a SCSI adaptor, Ethernet adaptor or flash memory card.



Keep foreign objects out of the PC card slot. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.

Right side

The figure below shows the computer's right side.



| The right side of the compute |
|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|

| Optical Media Drive | See Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> , for information on using the drive and caring for CDs and DVDs. |
|------------------------|---|
| DVD-ROM drive | Some models are equipped with a full-size DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run DVD-ROM without using an adaptor. |
| CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive | Some models are equipped with a full-size CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. You can also write CDs. |
| DVD-R/-RW drive | Some models are equipped with a full-size DVD-R/RW drive module that lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. You can also write CDs/DVDs. |
| Modem jack | The modem jack lets you use a modular cable to connect the modem directly to a telephone line. |



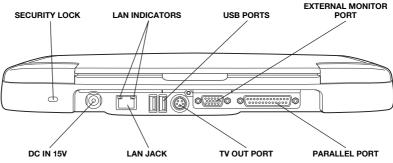


In case of a lightning storm, unplug the modem cable from the telephone

Do not connect the modem to a digital telephone line. A digital line will damage the modem.

Back side

The figure below shows the computer's back panel.



^{*} Some models are not equipped with a Parallel Port or a TV Out Port



| * Some models are not equipped with a Parallel Port or a TV Out Port. The back side of the computer | | |
|--|--|--|
| Security lock | A security cable attaches to this slot. The optional security cable anchors your computer to a desk or other large object to deter theft. | |
| LAN active indicator (orange) | This indicator glows orange when data is being exchanged between the computer and the LAN. | |
| Link indicator (green) | This indicator glows green when the computer is connected to a LAN and the LAN is functioning properly. | |
| Parallel port | Some models are equipped with a Centronics-compatible, 25-pin parallel port that is used to connect a parallel printer or other parallel device. This port supports Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) standard. | |
| External monitor port | This 15-pin port lets you connect an external video display. | |
| TV out port | Some models are equipped with a TV out port. | |

Plug an S-Video cable into this jack for video-out.



Universal Serial Bus (USB 2.0) ports

Two Universal Serial Bus ports are on the back side. The ports comply with the USB 2.0 standard, which enables data transfer speeds 40 times faster than the USB 1.1 standard. (The ports also support USB 1.1.)



Keep foreign objects out of the USB connectors. A pin or similar object can damage the computer's circuitry.



Operation of all functions of all USB devices has not been confirmed. Some functions might not execute properly.



LAN jack

This jack lets you connect to a LAN. The adaptor has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-Tx). The LAN has two indicators. See Chapter 4, Operating Basics, for details.



Do not connect cables other than LAN, otherwise it causes a failure or damage.

Do not connect equipment which supplies electric power, otherwise it causes a failure or damage.

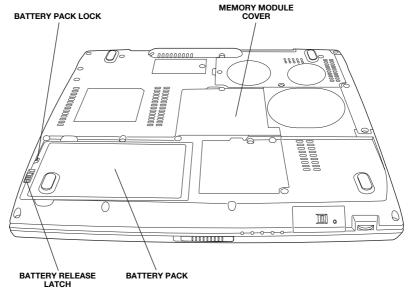


DC IN 15V

The universal AC adaptor connects to this socket. Use only the model of universal AC adaptor that comes with the computer. Using the wrong adaptor can damage your computer.

Underside

The figure below shows the underside of the computer. Make sure the display is closed before turning over your computer.

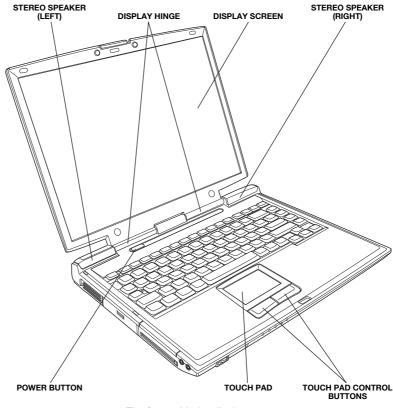


The underside of the computer

| Slide this latch to release the battery pack for removal. For detailed information on removing the battery packs, refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> . | |
|--|--|
| Switch this lock to make the battery release latch slide freely or locked. | |
| The battery pack powers the computer when the universal AC adaptor is not connected. For detailed information on the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> . | |
| This cover protects two memory module sockets. One or two modules are preinstalled. Refer to the memory expansion section in Chapter 8, Optional Devices. | |
| | |

Front with the display open

The figure below shows the front of the computer with the display open. To open the display, slide the display latch on the front of the display to the right of the computer and lift up. Position the display at a comfortable viewing angle.

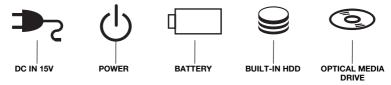


| The front with | the | display | open (|
|----------------|-----|---------|--------|
|----------------|-----|---------|--------|

| Display hinge | The display hinge holds the display screen at easy-to-view angles. | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Display screen | The LCD displays high-contrast text and graphics. The computer's LCD consists of up to 1024 x 768 pixels. Refer to Appendix E. | |
| | When the computer operates on the universal AC adaptor the display screen's image will be somewhat brighter than when it operates on battery power. The lower brightness level is intended to save battery power. | |

| Ф | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| | Stereo speakers | The speakers emit sound generated by your software as well as audio alarms, such as low battery condition, generated by the system. |
| | Power button | Press the power button to turn the computer's power on and off. |
| | Touch pad | A Touch pad located slightly in the left from the centre of the palm rest is used to control the on-screen pointer. Refer to the <i>Using the Touch pad</i> section in Chapter 4, <i>Operating Basics</i> . |
| | Touch pad control buttons | Control buttons close to the Touch pad let you select menu items or manipulate text and graphics designated by the on-screen pointer. |

System indicators



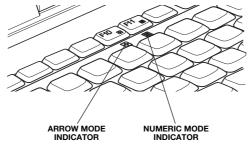
System indicators

| ⊅ 7 | DC IN 15V | The DC IN indicator glows green when DC power is supplied from the AC power adaptor. If the adaptor's output voltage is abnormal or if the power supply malfunctions, this indicator flashes orange. |
|------------|---------------------|--|
| (h | Power | The Power indicator glows green when the computer is on. If you select Standby from Shut Down Windows , this indicator flashes orange (one second on, two seconds off) while the computer shuts down. |
| | Battery | The Battery indicator shows the condition of the battery's charge: Green indicates full charge, orange indicates battery charging and flashing orange indicates a low battery charge. Refer to Chapter 6, <i>Power and Power-Up Modes</i> . |
| | Built-in HDD | The Built-in HDD indicator glows green when the computer is accessing the hard disk. |
| | Optical media drive | This indicator glows green when the computer is accessing a disk in the DVD-ROM, CD-RW/DVD-ROM or DVD-R/RW drive. |

Keyboard indicators

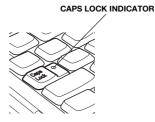
The figures below show the positions of the keypad overlay indicators and the CapsLock indicator.

When the F10 key indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you control the cursor. When the F11 key indicator glows the keypad overlay lets you enter numbers.



Keypad overlay indicators

When the CapsLock indicator glows the keyboard is in all-caps mode.

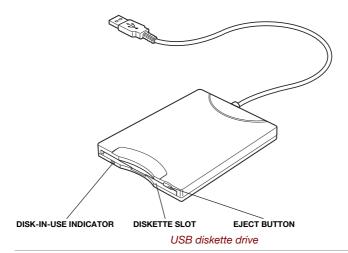


Caps Lock indicator

| | Caps Lock | This indicator glows green when the alphabet keys are locked in uppercase. |
|-----|--------------|---|
| +;+ | Arrow mode | When the Arrow mode indicator lights green, you can use the keypad overlay (grey labelled keys) as cursor keys. Refer to the <i>Keypad overlay</i> section in Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i> . |
| | Numeric mode | You can use the keypad overlay (grey labelled keys) for numeric input when the Numeric mode indicator lights green. Refer to the <i>Keypad overlay</i> section in Chapter 5, <i>The Keyboard</i> . |

USB diskette drive

A 3 ½" diskette drive accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskettes. It connects to the USB port.



| Disk-In-Use Indicator | This indicator lights when the diskette is being accessed. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Diskette slot | Insert a diskette in this slot. |
| Eject button | When a diskette is fully seated in the drive, the eject button pops out. To remove a diskette, push in the eject button and the diskette pops out partially for removal. |



Check the **Disk-In-Use** indicator when you use the diskette drive. Do not press the eject button or turn off the computer while the light is glowing. Doing so could destroy data and damage the diskette or the drive.



The external diskette drive should be placed on a flat, horizontal surface when in use. Do not set the drive on an incline greater than 200 while it is operating.

Do not set anything on top of the diskette drive.

Optical media drive

DVD-ROM drive

Some models are equipped with a full-size, DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CDs or 12cm(4.72") DVDs without using an adaptor. It runs DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. The drive supports the following formats:

- DVD-ROM
- CD-DA
- Photo CD[™] (single/multi-session)
- CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)
- CD-G (Audio CD only)

- DVD-Video
- CD-Text
- CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2
- Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)
- Addressing Method 2

DVD-ROM drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD media, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

| Code | Region |
|------|--|
| 1 | Canada, United States |
| 2 | Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East |
| 3 | Southeast Asia, East Asia |
| 4 | Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean |
| 5 | Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia |
| 6 | China |

CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive

Some models are equipped with a full-size, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive module that lets you run CD/DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at up to 24 speed and CD-RW at up to 10 speed. For reading, this drive supports the same formats as the DVD-ROM drive.

- DVD-ROM
- CD-DA
- Photo CD™ (single/multi-session)
- CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)
- CD-G (Audio CD only)

- DVD-Video
- CD-Text
- CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2
- Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)
- Addressing Method 2

CD-RW/DVD-ROM drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD media, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

| Code | Region |
|------|--|
| 1 | Canada, United States |
| 2 | Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East |
| 3 | Southeast Asia, East Asia |
| 4 | Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean |
| 5 | Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia |
| 6 | China |

DVD-R/-RW drive

Some models are equipped with a full- size DVD-R/RW drive module that lets you record data to rewritable CD/DVDs as well as run either 12 cm (4.72") or 8 cm (3.15") CDs/12 cm (4.72") DVDs without using an adaptor. It reads DVD-ROMs at maximum 8 speed and CD-ROMs at maximum 24 speed. It writes CD-R at up to 16 speed, CDRW at up to 10 speed, DVD-R and DVD-RW at single speed. For reading, this drive supports the same formats as the DVDROM drive.

- DVD-ROM
- CD-DA
- Photo CD[™] (single/multi-session)
- CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2)
- CD-G (Audio CD only)

- DVD-Video
- CD-Text
- CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2
- Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA)
- Addressing Method 2

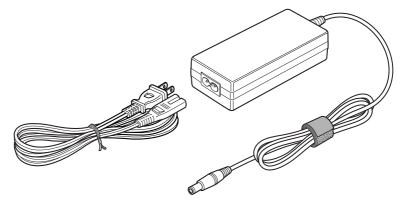
DVD-R/-RW drives and media are manufactured according to the specifications of six marketing regions. When you purchase DVD media, make sure it matches your drive, otherwise it will not play properly.

| Code | Region |
|------|--|
| 1 | Canada, United States |
| 2 | Japan, Europe, South Africa, Middle East |
| 3 | Southeast Asia, East Asia |
| 4 | Australia, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, Central America, South America, Caribbean |
| 5 | Russia, Indian Subcontinent, Africa, North Korea, Mongolia |
| 6 | China |

Universal AC adaptor

The universal AC adaptor converts AC power to DC power and reduces the voltage supplied to the computer. It can automatically adjust to any voltage from 100 to 240 volts and to a frequency of either 50 or 60 hertz, enabling you to use the computer in almost any country/region.

To recharge the battery, simply connect the universal AC adaptor to a power source and the computer. See Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*. for details.



The universal AC adaptor



Use only the universal AC adaptor that came with the computer or an equivalent optional adaptor. Use of the wrong adaptor could damage your computer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage in such case.

Chapter 3

Getting Started

This chapter provides basic information to get you started using your computer. It covers the following topics:

■ Setting up your work space — for your health and safety



Be sure also to read the Safety Instruction Manual. This guide, which is included with the computer, explains product liability.

- Connecting the AC adaptor
- Opening the display
- Turning on the power
- Starting up for the first time
- Turning off the power
- Restarting the computer
- Restoring the preinstalled software



All users should be sure to read the section Starting up for the first time.

Setting up your work space

Establishing a comfortable work site is important for you and your computer. A poor work environment or stressful work habits can result in discomfort or serious injury from repetitive strain to your hands, wrists or other joints. Proper ambient conditions should also be maintained for the computer's operation. This section discusses the following topics:

- General conditions
- Placement of the computer
- Seating and posture
- Lighting
- Work habits

User's Manual 3-1

General conditions

In general, if you are comfortable, so is your computer, but read the following to make sure your work site provides a proper environment.

- Make sure there is adequate space around the computer for proper ventilation.
- Make sure the AC power cord connects to an outlet that is close to the computer and easily accessible.
- The temperature should be 5 to 35 degrees Centigrade (41 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit) and the relative humidity should be 20 to 80 percent.
- Avoid areas where rapid or extreme changes in temperature or humidity may occur.
- Keep the computer free of dust, moisture, and exposure to direct sunlight.
- Keep the computer away from heat sources, such as electric heaters.
- Do not use the computer near liquids or corrosive chemicals.
- Do not place the computer near objects that create strong magnetic fields (e.g., stereo speakers).
- Some components in the computer, including data storage media, can be damaged by magnets. Do not place the computer near magnetic objects or bring magnetic objects close to the computer. Be careful of objects, such as stereo speakers, that produce strong magnetic fields during operation. Also, be careful with metal objects, such as bracelets, which can be inadvertently magnetized.
- Do not operate the computer in close proximity to a mobile phone.
- Leave ample ventilation room for the fan. Do not block the vents.

Placement of the computer

Position the computer and peripheral devices to provide comfort and safety.

- Set the computer on a flat surface at a comfortable height and distance. The display should be no higher than eye level to avoid eye strain.
- Place the computer so that it is directly in front of you when you work and make sure you have adequate space to easily operate other devices.
- Allow adequate space behind the computer to let you freely adjust the display. The display should be angled to reduce glare and maximise visibility.
- If you use a paper holder, set it at about the same height and distance as the computer.

Seating and posture

The height of your chair in relation to the computer and keyboard as well as the support it gives your body are primary factors in reducing work strain. Refer to the following tips.



Posture and positioning of the computer

- Place your chair so that the keyboard is at or slightly below the level of your elbow. You should be able to type comfortably with your shoulders relaxed.
- Your knees should be slightly higher than your hips. If necessary, use a foot rest (see "1" in the illustration) to raise the level of your knees to ease pressure on the back of your thighs.
- Adjust the back of your chair so it supports the lower curve of your spine.
- Sit straight so that your knees, hips and elbows form approximately 90 degree angles when you work. Do not slump forward or lean back too far.

Lighting

Proper lighting can improve legibility of the display and reduce eye strain.

- Position the computer so that sunlight or bright indoor lighting does not reflect off the screen. Use tinted windows, shades or other screen to eliminate sun glare.
- Avoid placing the computer in front of bright light that could shine directly in your eyes.
- If possible, use soft, indirect lighting in your computer work area. Use a lamp to illuminate your documents or desk, but be sure to position the lamp so that it does not reflect off the display or shine in your eyes.

Work habits

A key to avoiding discomfort or injury from repetitive strain is to vary your activities. If possible, schedule a variety of tasks into your work day. If you must spend long periods at the computer, finding ways to break up the routine can reduce stress and improve your efficiency.

- Sit in a relaxed posture. Good positioning of your chair and equipment as described earlier can reduce tension in your shoulders or neck and ease back strain.
- Vary your posture frequently.
- Occasionally stand up and stretch or exercise briefly.
- Exercise and stretch your wrists and hands a number of times during the day.
- Frequently, look away from the computer and focus your eyes on a distant object for several seconds, for example 30 seconds every 15 minutes.
- Take frequent short breaks instead of one or two long breaks, for example, two or three minutes every half hour.
- Have your eyes examined regularly and visit a doctor promptly, if you suspect you might be suffering from a repetitive strain injury.

A number of books are available on ergonomics and repetitive strain injury or repetitive stress syndrome. For more information on these topics or for pointers on exercises for such stress points as hands and wrists, please check with your library or book vendor. Also refer to the computer's *Safety Instruction Manual*.

Connecting the AC adaptor

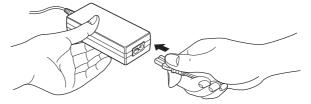
Attach the AC adaptor when you need to charge the battery or you want to operate from AC power. It is also the fastest way to get started, because the battery pack will need to be charged before you can operate from battery power.

The AC adaptor can be connected to any power source supplying from 100 to 240 volts and 50 or 60 hertz. For details on using the AC adaptor to charge the battery pack, refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.



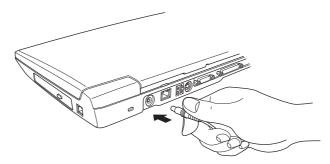
Use only the AC adaptor that came with the computer or an equivalent optional adaptor. Use of the wrong adaptor could damage your computer. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage in such case.

1. Connect the power cord to the AC adaptor.



Connecting the power cord to the AC adaptor

2. Connect the AC adaptor's DC output plug to the **DC IN** input port on the back of the computer.



Connecting the adaptor to the computer

3. Plug the power cord into a live wall outlet. The **Battery** and **DC IN** indicators on the front of the computer should glow.

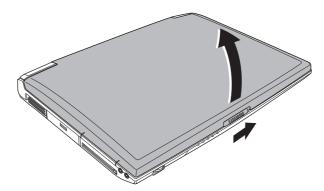
Opening the display

The display panel can be rotated in a wide range of angles for optimal viewing.

- 1. Slide the display latch on the front of the computer to the right.
- 2. Lift the panel up and adjust it to the best viewing angle for you.



Use reasonable care when opening and closing the display panel. Opening it vigorously or slamming it shut could damage the computer.

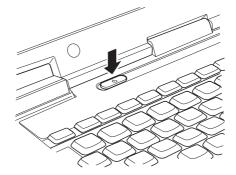


Opening the display

Turning on the power

This section describes how to turn on the power.

- **1.** Open the display.
- Press and hold the computer's power button for two or three seconds.



Turning on the power

Starting up for the first time

When you first turn on the power, the computer's initial screen is the Microsoft Windows XP Startup Screen Logo. Follow the on-screen directions for each screen. During setup, you can click the **Back** button to return to the previous screen.

Be sure to read the Windows End User License Agreement display carefully.



Be sure to read the License Agreement carefully.

Turning off the power

The power can be turned off in one of the following modes: Shut down (Boot), Hibernation or Standby mode.

Shut Down mode (Boot mode)

When you turn off the power in Shut Down mode no data is saved and the computer will boot to the operating system's main screen.

- **1.** If you have entered data, save it to the hard disk or to a diskette.
- Make sure all disk activity has stopped, then remove the CD/DVD-ROM or diskette.



Make sure the Built-in HDD/Optical media drive indicators are off. If you turn off the power while a disk is being accessed, you can lose data or damage the disk.

- Click start then click Turn Off Computer. From the Turn Off Computer menu select Turn Off.
- 4. Turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.

Hibernation mode

The hibernation feature saves the contents of memory to the hard disk when the computer is turned off. The next time the computer is turned on, the previous state is restored. The hibernation feature does not save the status of peripheral devices.



Save your data. While entering hibernation mode, the computer saves the contents of memory to the HDD. However, for safety sake, it is best to save your data manually.

Data will be lost if you remove the battery or disconnect the universal AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the Built-in HDD and Optical media drive indicators to go out.

Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in hibernation mode. Data will be lost.

Benefits of hibernation

The hibernation feature provides the following benefits:

Saves data to the hard disk when the computer automatically shuts down because of a low battery.



For the computer to shut down in hibernation mode, the hibernation feature must be enabled in two places in TOSHIBA Power Saver: the Hibernate window and the Battery Alarm item of the Alarm window. Otherwise, the computer will shut down in Standby mode. If battery power becomes depleted, data saved in Standby will be lost.

- You can return to your previous working environment immediately when you turn on the computer.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the duration set by the System hibernate feature.
- You can use the panel power off feature.

Starting Hibernation



You can also enable Hibernation by pressing $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F4}$. See Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for details.

To enter Hibernation mode, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click start.
- 2. Select Turn Off Computer.
- Open the Turn Off Computer dialog box. Hibernate is not displayed.
- 4. Press the **Shift** key. The **Standby** item will change to **Hibernate**.
- Select Hibernate.

Automatic Hibernation

The computer will enter Hibernate mode automatically when you press the power button or close the lid. First, however, make the appropriate settings according to the steps below.

- Open the Control Panel.
- 2. Open Performance and Maintenance and open TOSHIBA Power Saver.
- Select the Hibernate window, select the Enable Hibernate support check box and click the Apply button.
- 4. Select the Power Save Modes window.
- Double-click Power Mode (Full Power, Normal, etc.) and open the System Power Mode window.
- Enable the desired Hibernation settings for When I press the power button and When I close the lid.
- 7. Click the **OK** button.

Data save in hibernation mode

When you turn off the power in hibernation mode, the computer takes a moment to save current memory data to the hard disk. During this time, the **Disk** indicator will light.

After you turn off the computer and memory is saved to the hard disk, turn off the power to any peripheral devices.



Do not turn the computer or devices back on immediately. Wait a moment to let all capacitors fully discharge.

Standby mode

If you have to interrupt your work, you can turn off the power without exiting from your software. Data is maintained in the computer's main memory. When you turn on the power again, you can continue working right where you left off.

When the AC adaptor is used, the computer goes into Standby mode depending on the setting of the TOSHIBA Power Saver feature.

To restore operation, press the power button or press any key. The latter action works only if Wake-up on Keyboard is enabled in HW setup.

If a network application is active when the computer automatically enters Standby, it might not be restored when the computer wakes up from standby.

To prevent the computer from automatically entering standby mode, disable Standby in TOSHIBA Power Saver. Open the Standby setting. That action, however, will nullify the computer's Energy Star compliance.



Before entering Standby mode, be sure to save your data.

Do not install or remove a memory module while the computer is in standby mode. The computer or the module could be damaged.

Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in standby mode.

(unless the computer is connected to an AC power source). Data in memory will be lost.

If you carry the computer on board an aircraft or into a hospital, be sure to shut down the computer in hibernation mode or in shutdown mode to avoid radio signal interference.

Benefits of standby

The standby feature provides the following benefits:

- Restores the previous working environment more rapidly than does hibernation.
- Saves power by shutting down the system when the computer receives no input or hardware access for the duration set by the System Standby feature.
- You can use the panel power off feature.

Executing standby



You can also enable Standby by pressing **Fn + F3**. See Chapter 5, The Keyboard, for details.

You can enter standby mode in one of three ways:

- 1. Click start, click Turn Off Computer and click Stand by.
- Close the display panel. This feature must be enabled. Refer to the System Power Mode item in Power Saver Utility described in the Control Panel.

Open Performance and Maintenance and open TOSHIBA Power Saver.

Press the power button. This feature must be enabled. Refer to the System Power Mode item in Power Saver Utility described in the Control Panel.

Open Performance and Maintenance and open TOSHIBA Power Saver.



When the computer is shut down in standby mode, the power indicator flashes orange.

If you are operating the computer on battery power, you can lengthen the operating time by shutting down in hibernation mode. Standby mode consumes more power.

Standby limitations

Standby will not function under the following conditions:

- Power is turned back on immediately after shutting down.
- Memory circuits are exposed to static electricity or electrical noise.

Restarting the computer

Certain conditions require that you reset the system. For example, if:

- You change certain computer settings.
- An error occurs and the computer does not respond to your keyboard commands.

There are three ways to reset the computer system:

- Click start then click Turn Off Computer. From the Turn Off Computer menu select Restart.
- Press Ctrl + Alt + Del to display the Windows Task Manager, then select Shutdown and Restart.
- Press the power button and hold it down for five seconds. Wait 10 to 15 seconds, then turn the power on again by pressing the power button.

Restoring the preinstalled software

If preinstalled files are damaged, use the Product Recovery disk or the TOSHIBA Tools & Utilities CD-ROM to restore them.

Restoring the complete system

To restore the operating system and all preinstalled software, follow the steps below.



When you reinstall the Windows operating system, the hard disk will be reformatted and all data will be lost. Make sure you have a backup copy of your data, before you perform a complete system recovery.

- Load the Product Recovery disk in the optical media drive and turn off the computer's power.
- 2. Hold down the F12 key and turn on the power. When the TOSHIBA logo appears, release the F12 key.
- Use the left or right cursor key to select the CD-ROM/DVD-ROM icon in the displayed menu. For details, refer to the *Boot priority* section in Chapter 7, HW Setup.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- If your computer came with additional software installed, this software can not be recovered from the Product Recovery disk. Re-install these applications (e.g. Works Suite, DVD Player, Games, etc) separately from other media.

Restoring TOSHIBA utilities and drivers

If Windows is working properly, individual drivers or applications can be separately restored. Use the Tools & Utilities CD-ROM according to instructions in the booklet contained in the CD box to reinstall TOSHIBA utilities and drivers.

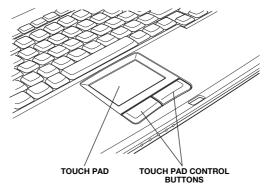
Chapter 4

Operating Basics

This chapter gives information on basic operations including using the Touch pad, USB diskette drive, optical media drives, the internal modem, Wireless LAN and LAN. It also provides tips on caring for your computer, diskettes and CD/DVDs.

Using the Touch pad

To use the Touch pad, simply touch and move your finger tip across it in the direction you want the on-screen pointer to go.



Touch pad and Touch pad control buttons

User's Manual 4-1

Two buttons below the keyboard are used like the buttons on a mouse pointer. Press the left button to select a menu item or to manipulate text or graphics designated by the pointer. Press the right button to display a menu or other function depending on the software you are using.



You can also tap the Touch pad to perform functions similar to those of the left button.

Click: Tap the Touch pad once

Double-click: Tap twice

Drag and drop: Tap twice to select the material you want to move, leaving your finger on the Touch pad after the second tap; then move the material.

Using the USB diskette drive

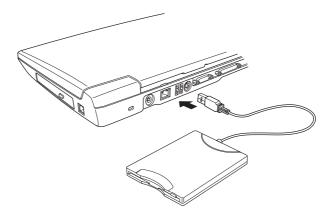
The 3 ½" diskette drive connects to the computer's USB port. It accommodates 1.44-megabyte or 720-kilobyte diskettes. Refer to Chapter 2, *Grand Tour*, for more information.

Connecting 3 1/2" diskette drive

To connect the drive, plug the diskette drive connector into a USB port. Refer to the figure below.



Make sure the connector is back side up and properly aligned with the socket. Do not try to force the connection, doing so can damage the connecting pins.



Connecting the USB diskette drive



If you connect the diskette drive after turning on the computer, it will take about 10 seconds for the computer to recognize the drive. Do not disconnect and reconnect before 10 seconds has elapsed.

Disconnecting 3 1/2" diskette drive

When you have finished using the diskette drive, follow the procedures below to disconnect it:

1. Wait for the indicator light to go out to make sure all diskette activity has stopped.



If you disconnect the diskette drive or turn off the power while the computer is accessing the drive you may lose data or damage the diskette or the drive.

- 2. Click the Safety Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 3. Click Diskette drive.
- 4. Pull the diskette drive connector out of the USB port.

Using optical media drives

The full-size drive provides high-performance execution of CD/DVD-ROM-based programs. You can run either 12 cm (4.72") CD/DVDs or 8 cm (3.15") CD without an adaptor. An ATAPI interface controller is used for CD/DVD-ROM operation. When the computer is accessing a CD/DVD, an indicator on the drive glows.



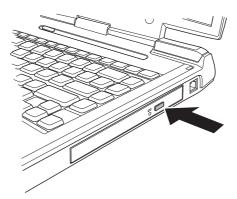
Use the WinDVD 4 application to view DVD-Video discs.

Refer also to the *Writing CDs* section for precautions on writing to CDs.

Loading discs

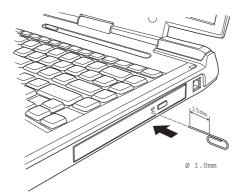
To load CD/DVDs, follow the steps below and refer to the figures below.

 a. When the power is on, press the eject button to open the drawer slightly.



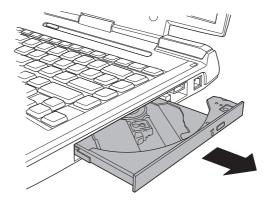
Pressing the eject button

b. Pressing the eject button will not open the drawer when the CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive's power is off. If the power is off, you can open the drawer by inserting a slender object (about 15 mm) such as a straightened paper clip into the eject hole just to the right of the eject button.



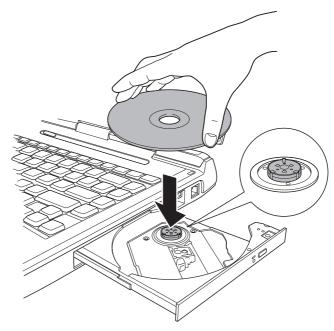
Manual release with the eject hole

2. Pinch the drawer gently and pull until it is fully opened.



Pulling the drawer open

3. Lay the CD/DVD, label side up, in the drawer.



Inserting a CD/DVD



When the drawer is fully opened, the edge of the computer will extend slightly over the CD/DVD tray. Therefore, you will need to turn the CD/DVD at an angle when you place it in the tray. After seating the CD/DVD, however, make sure it lies flat, as shown in figure 4-8.

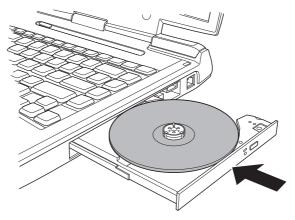


Do not touch the laser lens. Doing so could cause misalignment. Be careful to keep foreign matter from entering the drive. Check the back edge of the tray to make sure it carries no debris before closing the drive.

- **4.** Press gently at the centre of the CD/DVD until you feel it click into place. The CD/DVD should lie below the top of the spindle, flush with the spindle base.
- 5. Push the centre of the drawer to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.



If the CD/DVD is not seated properly when the drawer is closed, the CD/DVD might be damaged. Also, the drawer might not open fully when you press the eject button.



Closing the drawer

Removing discs

To remove the CD/DVD, follow the steps below and refer to the figure below.



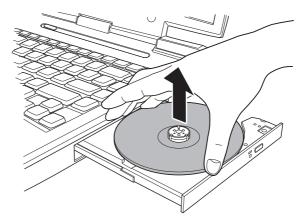
Do not press the eject button while the computer is accessing the Fixed CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive. Wait for the **Disk** indicator to go out before you open the drawer. Also, if the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the drawer, wait for it to stop before you remove it.

1. To pop the drawer partially open, press the eject button. Gently pull the drawer out until it is fully opened.



When the drawer pops open slightly, wait a moment to make sure the CD/DVD has stopped spinning before pulling the drawer fully open. Turn off the power before you use the eject hole. If the CD/DVD is spinning when you open the drawer, the CD/DVD could fly off the spindle and cause injury.

The CD/DVD extends slightly over the sides of the drawer so you can grasp it. Hold the CD/DVD gently and lift it out.



Removing a CD/DVD

3. Push the centre of the drawer to close it. Press gently until it locks into place.

Writing CDs on CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive

Depending on the type of drive installed, you may be able to write CDs. The CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive lets you write as well as read CD-ROMs. Observe the precautions in this section to ensure the best performance for writing CDs. For information on loading and unloading CDs refer to the Using optical media drive section.



CD-R discs can be written to only once. CD-RW discs can be rewritten many times.

Before writing or rewriting

Please observe the following points when you write or rewrite the data.

We recommend the following manufacturers of CD-R and CD-RW media. Media quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

CD-R: TAIYOYUDEN CO., LTD.

Mitsui Chemicals Inc.

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd.

Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

CD-RW: MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd.

TOSHIBA has confirmed the operation of CD-R and CD-RW media of the manufacturers above. Operation of other media cannot be guaranteed.

- CD-RW can generally be rewritten about 1,000 times. However, the actual number of rewrites is affected by the quality of the media and the way it is used.
- Be sure to connect the universal AC adaptor when you write or rewrite.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software.
- Do not run software such as a screen saver which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer at full power. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance HDD access speed. They may cause unstable operation and damage data.
- Write from the computer's HDD to the CD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than Drag'n Drop CD has not been confirmed. Therefore, operation with other software cannot be guaranteed.

When writing or rewriting

Note the following when you write or rewrite a CD-R or CD-RW.

- Always copy data from the HDD to the CD. Do not use cut-and-paste. The original data will be lost if there is a write error.
- Do not perform any of the following actions:
 - Operate the computer for any other function, including use of a mouse or Touch Pad, closing/opening the LCD panel.
 - Start a communication application such as a modem.
 - Apply impact or vibration to the PC.
 - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following:
 - PC card, USB devices, external display, optical digital devices.
 - Use the CD/MP3 control buttons to reproduce music and voice.
 - Open the optical media drive.
- If the media is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes trains, or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.

Writing CDs/DVDs on DVD-R/-RW drive

You can use the DVD-R/-RW drive to write data to either CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW discs. The following applications for writing are supplied on CD-ROM:

Drag'n Drop CD+DVD, licensed by Easy Systems Japan Ltd., and DigiOn Inc.

Important message

Before you write or rewrite to CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW disc, read and follow all set-up and operating instructions in this section. If you fail to do so, the DVD-R/-RW drive may not function properly, and you may fail to write or rewrite, lose data or incur other damage.

Disclaimer

TOSHIBA does not bear responsibility for the following:

- Damage to any CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product.
- Any change or loss of the recorded contents of CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW disc that may be caused by writing or rewriting with this product, or for any business profit loss or business interruption that may be caused by the change or loss of the recorded contents.
- Damage that may be caused by using third party equipment or software.

Given the technological limitations of current optical disc writing drives, you may experience unexpected writing or rewriting errors due to disc quality or problems with hardware devices. Also, it is a good idea to make two or more copies of important data, in case of undesired change or loss of the recorded contents.

Read/write function chart

| Disc type | CD-R | CD-RW | DVD-R | DVD-RW | DVD-RAM | DVD+ R | DVD+ RW |
|-------------------------|------|-------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Read | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| Write | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| Drag'n Drop CD+DVD*1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |

*1 Software supplied with the product can be used for writing to a disc.

Based on TOSHIBA's limited compatibility testing, we suggest the following manufacturers of CD-R/-RW and DVD-R/-RW disc. However, in no event does TOSHIBA guarantee the operation, quality or performance of any disc. Disc quality can affect write or rewrite success rates.

CD-R: TAIYOYUDEN CO., LTD.

Mitsui Chemicals Inc.

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd. Hitachi Maxell Ltd.

CD-RW: MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

RICOH Co., Ltd.

DVD-R: DVD Specifications for Recordable Disc for General

Version 2.0

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.

PIONEER VIDEO CORPORATION

MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL CORPORATION

DVD-RW: **DVD Specifications for Re-recordable Disc for**

Version 1.1

VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN, LIMITED

TDK Corporation

- If the disc is poor in quality, dirty or damaged, writing or rewriting errors may occur. Be careful to check the disc for dirt or damage before you use it.
- The actual number of rewrites to CD-RW or DVD-RW is affected by the quality of the disc and the way it is used.
- There are two types of DVD discs: authoring and general use discs. Do not use authoring discs. Only general use discs can be written to by a computer drive.
- Other DVD-ROM drives for computers or other DVD players may not be able to read DVD-R/-RW discs.
- You cannot partially delete any data written to a DVD-RW disc.
- Data written to a CD-R/DVD-R disc cannot be deleted either in whole or in part.

- Data deleted (erase) from a CD-RW and DVD-RW disc cannot be recovered. Check the content of the disc carefully before you delete it. If multiple drives that can write data to discs are connected, be careful not to delete data from the wrong drive.
- In writing to a DVD-R/-RW disc, some disc space is required for file management, so you may not be able to write the full capacity of the disc.
- Since the disc is based on the DVD standard, it might be filled with dummy data if the written data is less than about 1 GB. Even if you write only a small amount of data, it might take time to fill in the dummy data.

Before writing or rewriting

Please observe the following points when you write or rewrite data.

- Be sure to connect the universal AC adaptor before you write or rewrite.
- Be sure to close all other software programs except the writing software
- Do not run software such as a screen saver, which can put a heavy load on the CPU.
- Operate the computer in the full-power mode. Do not use power-saving features.
- Do not write while virus check software is running. Wait for it to finish, then disable virus detection programs including any software that checks files automatically in the background.
- Do not use hard disk utilities, including those intended to enhance HDD access speed. They may cause unstable operation and data damage.
- Write from the computer's HDD to the CD/DVD. Do not try to write from shared devices such as a LAN server or any other network device.
- Writing with software other than Drag'n Drop CD+DVD is not recommended.

When writing or rewriting

Please observe/consider the following when you write or rewrite to a CD-R/-RW or DVD-R/-RW disc.

- Do not perform any of the following actions when writing or rewriting:
 - Operate the computer for any other function, including using a mouse or Touch Pad or closing/opening the LCD panel.
 - Start a communication application such as a modem.
 - Apply impact or vibration to the computer.
 - Install, remove or connect external devices, including the following:
 - PC card, USB devices, external display, optical digital devices.
 - Use the Audio/Video control button to reproduce music or voice.
- Do not use standby/hibernation while writing or rewriting.
- Make sure writing or rewriting is completed before going into standby/hibernation.
- Set the computer on a level surface and avoid places subject to vibration such as airplanes, trains, or cars. Do not use an unstable surface such as a stand.
- Keep mobile phones and other wireless communication devices away from the computer.

Drag'n Drop CD+DVD

Note the following limitations when you use Drag'n Drop CD+DVD:

- DVD-Video cannot be created using Drag'n Drop CD+DVD.
- DVD-Audio cannot be created using Drag'n Drop CD+DVD.
- You cannot use Drag'n Drop CD+DVDs music CD function to record music to a DVD-R/-RW disc.
- Do not use the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD+DVD to copy DVD-Video and DVD-ROM with copyright protection, because the copy will not play correctly.
- You cannot backup a CD-ROM or CD-R/-RW to DVD-R/-RW using the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD+DVD.
- You cannot back up DVD-ROM, DVD-Video or DVD-R/-RW to CD-R/-RW using the DISC Backup function of Drag'n Drop CD+DVD.
- Drag'n Drop CD+DVD cannot record in packet format.
- You might not be able to use the DISC backup function of Drag'n Drop CD+DVD to back up a DVD-R/-RW disc that was made with other software on a different DVD-R/-RW recorder.

Data Verification

To verify that data is written or rewritten correctly, follow the steps below before you write or rewrite a Data CD/DVD.

- Right-click Data BOX and select Options to display the DATA DISC Option window.
- 2. Mark the Record and Verify check box and select Byte compare.
- Click the OK button.

The "Record and Verify" function automatically checks whether data has been correctly recorded onto a CD/DVD. "Byte compare" compares the original data file with the data recorded on the CD/DVD and checks that the data completely matches.

Media care

This section provides tips on protecting data stored on your CD/DVDs and diskettes.

Handle your media with care. The following simple precautions will increase the lifetime of your media and protect the data stored on them:

CD/DVDs

- 1. Store your CD/DVDs in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean.
- 2. Do not bend the CD/DVD.
- Do not write on, apply a sticker to, or otherwise mar the surface of the CD/DVD that contains data.
- 4. Hold the CD/DVD by its outside edge or the edge on the centre hole. Fingerprints on the surface can prevent the drive from properly reading data.
- 5. Do not expose to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold. Do not place heavy objects on your CD/DVDs.
- 6. If your CD/DVDs become dusty or dirty, wipe them with a clean dry cloth. Wipe from the centre out, do not wipe in a circular direction around the CD/DVD. If necessary, use a cloth dampened in water or a neutral cleaner. Do not use benzene, thinner or similar cleaner.

Diskettes

Store your diskettes in the container they came in to protect them and keep them clean. If a diskette is dirty, do not use cleaning fluid. Clean it with a soft damp cloth.

- Do not slide back the diskette's protective metal covering or touch the diskette's magnetic surface. Fingerprints may prevent the diskette drive from reading data from the diskette.
- 2. Data may be lost if the diskette is twisted; bent; or exposed to direct sunlight, extreme heat or cold.
- 3. Do not place heavy objects on your diskettes.
- 4. Do not eat, smoke, or use erasers near your diskettes. Foreign particles inside the diskette's jacket can damage the magnetic surface.
- Magnetic energy can destroy the data on your diskettes. Keep your diskettes away from speakers, radios, television sets and other sources of magnetic fields.

Modem

This section describes how to connect and disconnect the internal modem to and from a telephone jack.



The internal modem does not support voice functions. All data and fax functions are supported.



In case of a lightning storm, unplug the modem cable from the telephone iack.

Do not connect the modem to a digital telephone line. A digital line will damage the modem.

Region selection

Telecommunication regulations vary from one region to another, so you will need to make sure the internal modem's settings are correct for the region in which it will be used.

To select a region, follow the steps below.

 Click start, point to All Programs, point to TOSHIBA Internal Modem and click Region Select Utility.



Do not use the Country/Region Select function in the Modem setup utility in the Control Panel if the function is available. If you change the Country/Region in the Control Panel, the change may not take effect.

2. The Region Selection icon will appear in the Windows Task Bar.



The Region Selection icon

- 3. Click the icon with the primary mouse button to display a list of regions that the modem supports. A sub menu for telephony location information will also be displayed. A check will appear next to the currently selected region and telephony location.
- Select a region from the region menu or a telephony location from the sub-menu.
 - When you click a region it becomes the modem's region selection, and the New Location for telephony will be set automatically.
 - When you select a telephony location, the corresponding region is automatically selected and it becomes the modem's current region setting.

Properties menu

Click the icon with the secondary mouse button to display the following menu.



The menu list

Setting

You can enable or disable the following settings:

AutoRun Mode

The Region Select utility starts automatically when you start up the operating system.

Open the Dialling Properties dialog box after selecting region.

The dialling properties dialog box will be displayed automatically after you select the region.

Location list for region selection.

A submenu appears displaying location information for telephony.

Open dialog box, if the modem and Telephony Current Location region code do not match.

A warning dialog box is displayed if current settings for region code and telephony location are incorrect.

Modem Selection

If the computer cannot recognize the internal modem, a dialog box is displayed. Select the COM port for your modem to use.

Dialling Properties

Select this item to display the dialling properties.

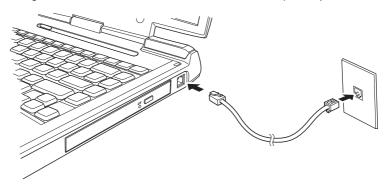


If you are using the computer in Japan, the Telecommunications Business Law requires that you select Japan region mode. It is illegal to use the modem in Japan with any other selection.

Connecting

To connect the internal modem cable, follow the steps below.

- 1. Plug one end of the modular cable into the modem jack.
- 2. Plug the other end of the modular cable into a telephone jack.



Connecting the internal modem



Do not pull on the cable or move the computer while the cable is connected.



If you use a storage device such as a DVD-ROM drive, CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive or HDD connected to a 16-bit PC card, you might experience the following modem problems:

Modem speed is slow or communication is interrupted.

Skips may occur in sound.

Disconnecting

To disconnect the internal modem cable, follow the steps below.

- Pinch the lever on the connector in the telephone jack and pull out the connector.
- **2.** Disconnect the cable from the computer in the same manner.

Wireless LAN

The wireless LAN is compatible with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum /Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing radio technology that complies with IEEE802.11 wireless LAN standard (Revision A or B) and Turbo Mode. It supports the following features:

- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9 and 6Mbit/s. (Revision A, Revision A/B combo type)
- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 11, 5.5, 2 and 1Mbit/s. (Revision B)
- Automatic Transmit Rate Select mechanism in the transmit range of 108, 96.72, 48, 36, 24, 18 and 12Mbit/s. (Turbo Mode, Revision A/B combo type)
- Frequency Channel Selection (Revision A/Turbo Mode:5GHz, Revision B: 2.4GHz)
- Roaming over multiple channels
- Card Power Management
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on the 152 bit encryption algorithm.(Revision A/B combo type) Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) data encryption, based on the 128 bit encryption algorithm.(Revision B only type)
- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) data encryption, based on 256bit encryption algorithm.(Revision A/B combo type)

Wake-up on LAN does not function on a wireless LAN.

Security

- Be sure to enable WEP (encryption) function. Otherwise your computer will allow the illegal access by outsider through wireless LAN to cause illegal intrusion, eavesdropping, and loss or destruction of stored data. TOSHIBA strongly recommend the customer to enable the WEP function.
- 2. TOSHIBA is not liable for the eavesdropping of data due to the use of wireless LAN and the damage thereof.

Wireless communication switch

You can enable or disable wireless LAN function, with the on/off switch. No transmission is sent or received when the switch is off. Slide the switch toward the right of the computer to turn it on and toward the left of the computer to turn it off.



Set the switch to off in airplanes and hospitals. Check the indicator. It will stop glowing when the wireless communication function is off.

Wireless communication Indicator

The wireless communication indicator indicates the status of the wireless communication functions

| Indicator status | Indication |
|------------------|---|
| Indicator off | Wireless communication switch is set to off. |
| Indicator glows | Wireless communication switch is on. Wireless LAN is turned on by an application. |

If you used the Task Bar to disable W-LAN, restart the computer or follow the procedures below to enable the system to recognize W-LAN. Open or click the following: start, Control Panel, System, Hardware Device Manager, Network adaptors, TOSHIBA Wireless LAN Mini PCI Card and enable.

LAN

The computer has built-in support for Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-Tx).

This section describes how to connect/disconnect to a LAN.



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.

Do not connect cables other than LAN, otherwise it causes a failure or damage.

Do not connect equipment which supplies electric power, otherwise it causes a failure or damage.



The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the universal AC adaptor connected while using this feature.

Connecting a LAN cable



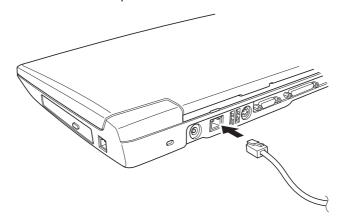
The computer must be configured properly before connecting to a LAN. Logging onto a LAN using the computer's default settings could cause a malfunction in LAN operation. Check with your LAN administrator regarding set-up procedures.

If you are using Fast Ethernet LAN (100 megabits per second, 100BASE-TX), be sure to connect with a CAT5 cable. You cannot use a CAT3 cable.

If you are using Ethernet LAN (10 megabits per second, 10BASE-T), you can connect with either a CAT5 or a CAT3.

To connect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn off the power to the computer and to all external devices connected to the computer.
- 2. Plug one end of the cable into the LAN jack. Press gently until you hear the latch click into place.



Connecting the LAN cable

3. Plug the other end of the cable into a LAN hub connector. Check with your LAN administrator before connecting to a hub.



When the computer is exchanging data with the LAN, the **LAN Active** indicator glows orange. When the computer is connected to a LAN hub but is not exchanging data, the **Link** indicator glows green.

Disconnecting LAN cable

To disconnect the LAN cable, follow the steps below.



Make sure the LAN Active indicator (orange LED) is out before you disconnect the computer from the LAN.

- Pinch the lever on the connector in the computer's LAN jack and pull out the connector.
- **2.** Disconnect the cable from the LAN hub in the same manner. Check with your LAN administrator before disconnecting from the hub.

Cleaning the computer

To help ensure long, trouble-free operation, keep the computer free of dust and use care with liquids around the computer.

- Be careful not to spill liquids into the computer. If the computer does get wet, turn the power off immediately and let the computer dry completely before you turn it on again.
- Clean the computer using a slightly damp (with water) cloth. You can use glass cleaner on the display. Spray a small amount of cleaner on a soft, clean cloth and wipe the screen gently with the cloth.



Never spray cleaner directly onto the computer or let liquid run into any part of it. Never use harsh or caustic chemical products to clean the computer.

Remove the dust from the cooling vents on the Left side of the computer regularly with vacuum cleaner. See Chapter 2 Grand Tour, I eft side.

Moving the computer

The computer is designed for rugged durability. However, a few simple precautions taken when moving the computer will help ensure trouble-free operation.

- Make sure all disk activity has ended before moving the computer. Check the Built-in HDD indicator on the computer.
- If a CD/DVD is in the drives, remove it. Also make sure the drawer is securely closed.
- Turn off the power to the computer.
- Disconnect the universal AC adaptor and all peripherals before moving the computer.
- Close the display. Do not pick up the computer by its display panel.
- Close all port covers.
- Use the carrying case when transporting the computer.

Heat dispersal

To protect from overheating, the CPU has an internal temperature sensor. If the computer's internal temperature rises to a certain level, the cooling fan is turned on or the processing speed is lowered. You can select whether to control the CPU temperature by turning on the fan first, then if necessary, lowering the CPU speed. Or, by lowering the CPU speed first, then if necessary, turning on the fan. Use the *Cooling Method* item of the *Power Save Mode* window in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

| Maximum Performance | Turn on the fan first, then if necessary, lower the CPU processing speed. |
|------------------------|---|
| Performance | Use a combination of the fan and lowering the CPU processing speed. |
| Battery optimised | Lower the CPU processing speed first, then if necessary turn on the fan. |

When the CPU temperature falls to a normal range, the fan is turned off and the CPU operation returns to standard speed.



If the CPU temperature reaches an unacceptably high level with either setting, the system automatically shuts down to prevent damage. Data in memory will be lost.

The CPU cooling fan on the underside of your computer cools the CPU by drawing outside air into the computer.



To prevent possible overheating of the CPU, make sure the cooling fan's air intake is not blocked. The fan draws in air by creating a vacuum. If the fan is blocked, it could cause the CPU to run at a lower performance level or cause the computer to shut down. Loose items such as notebook and tissue paper, plastic wrappers, or other similar materials can block the air intake, preventing air from reaching the CPU. Do not use the computer on surfaces with objects that can be drawn in by the cooling fan.

Chapter 5

The Keyboard

The computer's keyboard layouts are compatible with a 101/102-key enhanced keyboard. By pressing some keys in combination, all the 101/102-key keyboard functions can be executed on the computer.

The number of keys on your keyboard depends on which country/region's keyboard layout your computer is configured with. Keyboards for numerous languages are available.

There are five types of keys: typewriter keys, keypad overlay, function keys, soft keys and cursor control keys.

Typewriter keys

The typewriter keys produce the upper- and lower-case letters, numbers, punctuation marks, and special symbols that appear on the screen.

There are some differences, however, between using a typewriter and using a computer keyboard:

- Letters and numbers produced in computer text vary in width. Spaces, which are created by a "space character," may also vary depending on line justification and other factors.
- The lowercase I (el) and the number 1 (one) are not interchangeable on computers as they are on a typewriter.
- The uppercase O (oh) and the 0 (zero) are not interchangeable.
- The Caps Lock function key locks only the alphabetic characters in uppercase while the shift lock on a typewriter places all keys in the shifted position.
- The Shift keys, the Tab key, and the BkSp (backspace) key perform the same function as their typewriter counterparts but also have special computer functions.

User's Manual 5-1

F1...F12 function keys

The function keys, not to be confused with **Fn**, are the 12 keys at the top of your keyboard. These keys function differently from other keys.



F1 through **F12** are called function keys because they execute programmed functions when pressed. Used in combination with the **Fn** key, keys marked with icons execute specific functions on the computer. See the section Soft keys: Fn key combinations in this chapter. The function executed by individual keys depends on the software you are using.

Soft Keys: Alt Gr Key Combinations



The **Alt Gr** key, at the right of the space bar, is used in combination with other keys to create accented or special characters (#,@,|, etc.). Note that some of the keys at the top of the keyboard bear three symbols (not to be confused with the blue or white letters on the side of some other keys). To generate the third symbol, hold **Alt Gr** and press the key bearing the character you wish to create. Please note that since the **Alt Gr** key is not present on the American keyboard, it cannot be used if you have installed an American keyboard driver.

Soft keys: Fn key combinations

The **Fn** (function) is unique to TOSHIBA computers and is used in combination with other keys to form soft keys. Soft keys are key combinations that enable, disable or configure specific features.



Some software may disable or interfere with soft-key operations. Soft-key settings are not restored by the Standby feature.

Emulating keys on enhanced keyboard



A 101-key enhanced keyboard layout

The keyboard is designed to provide all the features of the 101-key enhanced keyboard, shown above. The 101/102-key enhanced keyboard has a numeric keypad and scroll lock key. It also has additional **Enter** and **Ctrl** keys to the right of the main keyboard. Since the keyboard is smaller and has fewer keys, some of the enhanced keyboard functions must be simulated using two keys instead of one on the larger keyboard.

Your software may require you to use keys that the keyboard does not have. Pressing the **Fn** key and one of the following keys simulates the enhanced keyboard's functions.

Press Fn + F10 or Fn + F11 to access the integrated keypad. When activated, the keys with grey markings on the bottom edge become numeric keypad keys (Fn + F11) or cursor control keys (Fn + F10). Refer to the *Keypad overlay* section in this chapter for more information on how to operate these keys. The power on default for both settings is off.

Press Fn + F12 (ScrLock) to lock the cursor on a specific line. The power on default is off.



Press **Fn + Enter** to simulate **Enter** on the enhanced keyboard's numeric keypad.



Press Fn + Ctrl to simulate the enhanced keyboard's right Ctrl key.

Hot keys

Hot keys (**Fn** + a function or Esc key) let you enable or disable certain features of the computers.



Sound mute: Pressing **Fn** + **Esc** in a Windows environment turns sound on or off. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will change and be displayed as an icon.



Instant security: Press Fn + F1 to blank the screen to prevent others from accessing your data. To restore the screen and original settings, press any key or press the Touch Pad. Enter the screensaver password and click OK.



Power save mode: Pressing **Fn** + **F2** changes the power save mode.

If you press **Fn** + **F2** in a Windows environment, the Power Save Mode is displayed in a dialog box similar to the one below. Continue holding down **Fn** and press **F2** again to change the setting. You can also change this setting through the *Plugged in* or *Running on batteries* item of the *Power Saver Properties* window in Power Saver.



Standby: When you press $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F3}$, the computer enters Standby. To avoid entering Standby unexpectedly, a dialog box appears for verification. However, if you select the check box, it will not appear in the future.



Hibernation: When you press **Fn** + **F4**, the computer enters Hibernation. To avoid entering Hibernation unexpectedly, a dialog box appears for verification. However, if you select the check box, it will not appear in the future.



Display selection: Press **Fn** + **F5** to change the active display device. When you press these hot keys a dialog box appears. Only selectable devices will be displayed. Hold down **Fn** and press **F5** again to change the device. When you release **Fn** and **F5**, the selected device will change. If you hold down the keys for three seconds the selection will return to **LCD**.



LCD Display Brightness: Pressing **Fn** + **F6** decreases the display brightness in decrements. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will be displayed for two seconds by an icon. You can also change this setting through the *Monitor brightness* item of the *Power Save Mode* window in Power Saver.



LCD Display Brightness: Pressing **Fn** + **F7** increases the display brightness in increments. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will be displayed for two seconds by a pop-up icon. You can also change this setting through the *Monitor brightness* item of the *Power Save Mode* window in Power Saver.



Display clarity increases with the brightness level.



Wireless setting: Fn + F8 hotkeys are not used.



Touch pad: Pressing $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F9}$ enables or disables the Touch pad function. When you press these hot keys, the current setting will change and be displayed as an icon.

Fn Sticky key

You can use the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility to make the **Fn** key sticky, that is, you can press it once, release it, and then press an "**F number**" key. To start the TOSHIBA Accessibility Utility, click **start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **TOSHIBA Utilities** and click **Accessibility**.

Windows special keys

The keyboard provides two keys that have special functions in Windows: one activates the **start** menu and the other has the same function as the secondary mouse button.



This key activates the Windows start menu.



This key has the same function as the secondary mouse button.

Keypad overlay

Your computer's keyboard does not have an independent numeric keypad, but its numeric keypad overlay functions like one.

The keys in the centre of the keyboard with grey letters make up the numeric keypad overlay. The overlay provides the same functions as the numeric keypad on the 101/102-key enhanced keyboard.

Turning on the overlays

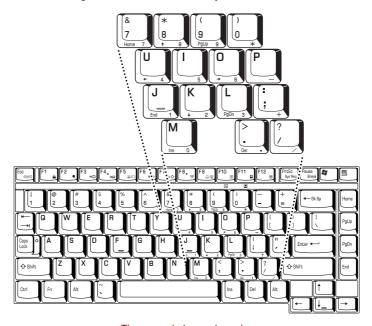
The numeric keypad overlay can be used for numeric data input or cursor and page control.

Arrow mode

To turn on the Arrow mode, press Fn + F10. The Arrow mode F10 indicator lights. Now try cursor and page control using the keys shown below. Press Fn + F10 again to turn off the overlay.

Numeric mode

To turn on the Numeric mode, press **Fn** + **F11**. The Numeric mode **F11** indicator lights. Now try numeric data entry using the keys shown below. Press **Fn** + **F11** again to turn off the overlay.



The numeric keypad overlay

Temporarily using normal keyboard (overlay on)

While using the overlay, you can temporarily access the normal keyboard without turning off the overlay:

- Hold Fn and press any other key. All keys will operate as if the overlay were off.
- 2. Type upper-case characters by holding **Fn + Shift** and pressing a character key.
- **3.** Release **Fn** to continue using the overlay.

Temporarily using overlay (overlay off)

While using the normal keyboard, you can temporarily use the keypad overlay without turning it on:

- 1. Press and hold down **Fn**.
- 2. Check the keyboard indicators. Pressing Fn turns on the most recently used overlay. If the **Numeric mode** icon lights, you can use the overlay for numeric entry. If the **Arrow mode** icon lights, you can use the overlay for cursor and page control.
- **3.** Release **Fn** to return to normal keyboard operation.

Temporarily changing modes

If the computer is in **Numeric mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Arrow mode** by pressing a shift key.

If the computer is in **Arrow mode**, you can switch temporarily to **Numeric mode** by pressing a shift key.

Generating ASCII characters

Not all ASCII characters can be generated using normal keyboard operation. But, you can generate these characters using their ASCII codes.

With the overlay on:

- 1. Hold down Alt.
- 2. Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
- 3. Release Alt, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen.

With the overlay off:

- **1.** Hold **Alt** + **Fn**.
- **2.** Using the overlay keys, type the ASCII code.
- Release Alt + Fn, and the ASCII character appears on the display screen.

A list of ASCII characters with their codes is shown in Appendix G.

Chapter 6

Power and Power-Up Modes

The computer's power resources include the AC adaptor and internal batteries. This chapter gives details on making the most effective use of these resources including charging and changing batteries, tips for saving battery power, and power up modes.

Power conditions

The computer's operating capability and battery charge status are affected by the power conditions: whether an AC adaptor is connected, whether a battery is installed and what the charge level is for the battery.

| | | Power on | Power off (no operation) |
|----------------------|--|---|--|
| AC adaptor connected | Battery fully charged | Operates LED: Battery green DC IN green | LED: Battery green DC IN green |
| | Battery partially charged or no charge | Operates Quick charge LED: Battery orange DC IN green | Quick charge LED: Battery orange DC IN green |
| | No battery installed | Operates No charge LED: Battery off DC IN green | No charge LED: Battery off DC IN green |

User's Manual 6-1

| | | Power on | Power off (no operation) |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| AC adaptor not connected | Battery charge is above low battery trigger point | Operates LED: Battery off DC IN off | _ |
| | Battery charge is below low battery trigger point | Operates LED: Battery flashes orange DC IN off | _ |
| | Battery charge exhausted | Computer goes into resume mode and shuts down | _ |
| | No Battery | Cannot operate | |

• LED: Battery off DC IN off

Power indicators

As shown in the above table, the **Battery, DC IN** and **Power** indicators on the system indicator panel alert you to the computer's operating capability and battery charge status.

Battery indicator

installed

Check the **Battery** indicator to determine the status of the battery. The following indicator lights indicate the battery status:

| Flashing orange | The battery charge is low. The AC adaptor must be connected to recharge the battery. |
|-----------------|--|
| Orange | Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and charging the battery. |
| Green | Indicates the AC adaptor is connected and the battery is fully charged. |
| No light | Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light. |



If the battery becomes too hot while it is being charged, the charge will stop and the battery indicator will go out. When the battery's temperature falls to a normal range, charge will resume. This occurs whether the computer's power is on or off.

DC IN indicator

Check the ${\bf DC\ IN}$ indicator to determine the power status from the AC adaptor connected:

| Green | Indicates the universal AC adaptor is connected and supplying proper power to the computer. |
|-----------------|---|
| Flashing orange | Indicates a problem with the power supply. Plug the universal AC adaptor into another outlet. If it still does not operate properly, see your dealer. |
| No light | Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light. |

Power indicator

Check the **Power** indicator to determine the power status:

| Indicates power is being supplied to the computer and the computer is turned on. |
|---|
| Indicates power is being supplied to the computer while the computer is in Standby mode. The indicator turns on for one second and off for two seconds. |
| Under any other conditions, the indicator does not light. |
| |

Battery types

The computer has two types of batteries:

- Battery pack. Two types of 6-cell battery pack are available, 4400mAh and 3600mAh.
- Real Time Clock (RTC) battery

Battery pack

When the AC adaptor is not connected, the computer's main power source is a removable lithium ion battery pack, also referred to in this manual as the battery pack. You can purchase additional battery packs for extended use of the computer away from an AC power source.

Before you remove the battery pack, set the computer to Hibernation mode or save your data and shut down the computer. Do not change the battery pack while the AC adaptor is connected.



The battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.

Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it will be lost. When the computer is powered off in Standby mode, and the universal AC adaptor is not connected, the battery pack supplies power to maintain data and program in memory. If the battery pack is completely discharged, Standby mode does not function and the computer loses all data in memory.

To ensure that the battery pack maintains its maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power at least once a month until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to *Extending battery life* in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power through a universal AC adaptor for an extended period, more than a month, the battery may fail to retain a charge. It may not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery and the **Battery** indicator may not indicate a low-battery condition.

Real Time Clock battery

The Real Time Clock (RTC) battery provides power for the internal real time clock and calendar. It also maintains the system configuration.

If the RTC battery becomes completely discharged, the system loses this data and the real time clock and calendar stop working. The following message appears when you turn on the power:



**** RTC battery is low or CMOS checksum is inconsistent) ****
Press [F1] key to set Date/Time.



The computer's RTC battery is a lithium ion battery and should be replaced only by your dealer or by a TOSHIBA service representative. The battery can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Care and use of the battery pack

The battery pack is a vital component of portable computing. Taking proper care of it will help ensure longer operating time on battery power as well as a longer life for your battery pack. Follow the instructions in this section carefully to assure safe operation and maximum performance.

Safety precautions

Mishandling of batteries can cause death, serious injury or property damage. Carefully observe the following advisories:

Danger: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

Warning: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which could result in death or serious injury, if you do not follow instructions.

Caution: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury or property damage.

Note: Provides important information.

Danger

- Never try to dispose of the battery pack by burning or expose it to a heating device such as a microwave oven. The battery pack could explode and cause bodily injury.
- Never try to disassemble, repair or otherwise tamper with a battery pack. The battery pack will overheat and ignite. Leakage of caustic alkaline solution or other electrolytic substances will cause fire or injury, possibly resulting in death or serious injury.

- 3. Never short-circuit the battery pack by contacting the terminals with a metal object. A short-circuit can cause fire or otherwise damage the battery pack and possibly cause injury. To avoid accidental short-circuit, always wrap the battery pack in plastic and cover the terminals with electrical tape when storing or disposing of the battery pack.
- 4. Never puncture the battery pack with a nail or other sharp object. Never strike it with a hammer or other object. Never step on it.
- 5. Never try to charge the battery pack in any manner other than that described in the user's manual. Never connect the battery pack to a plug socket or to a automobile's cigarette lighter socket. It may rupture or ignite.
- 6. Use only the battery pack supplied with the computer or other device or an battery pack approved by the computer or device's manufacturer. Battery packs have different voltages and terminal polarities. Use of an improper battery could cause smoke, fire or rupture of the battery pack.
- 7. Never subject a battery pack to heat, such as storage near a heat source. Exposure to heat can cause the battery pack to ignite, explode or leak caustic liquid and cause death or serious injury. It could also fail or malfunction causing data loss.
- 8. Never expose the battery pack to abnormal shock, vibration or pressure. The battery pack's internal protective device will fail, causing it to overheat, explode, ignite or leak caustic liquids possibly resulting in death or serious injury.
- Never let a battery pack become wet. A wet battery pack will overheat, ignite or rupture possibly resulting in death or serious injury.

Warning

- 1. Never allow caustic electrolyte fluid leaked from a battery pack to contact your eyes, skin or clothing. If caustic electrolyte fluid should contact your eyes, immediately wash your eyes with large amounts of running water and seek medical attention, to help prevent eye damage. If electrolyte fluid should contact your skin immediately wash it under running water to prevent rash. If it contacts your clothes, promptly remove them to prevent the fluid from contacting your skin or eyes.
- 2. Immediately turn off the power, disconnect the AC adaptor and remove the battery if any of the following events are observed in the battery pack: offensive or unusual odour, excessive heat, discoloration or deformation. Never use the computer again until it has been checked by a TOSHIBA service provider. It might generate smoke or fire, or the battery pack might rupture.
- 3. Make sure the battery is securely installed in the computer before attempting to charge the battery pack. Improper installation could generate smoke or fire, or cause the battery pack to rupture.
- **4.** Keep the battery pack out or reach of infants and children. It can cause injury.

Caution

- Never continue to use a battery pack after its recharging capacity has become impaired, or after the display of a warning message indicating that the battery pack's power is exhausted. Continued use of an exhausted or impaired battery pack could cause the loss of data.
- 2. Never dispose of battery packs with normal trash. Bring them to your TOSHIBA dealer or to another recycling centre to save resources and prevent environmental damage. Cover the terminals with electrical tape to prevent short-circuits, which could cause the battery pack to ignite or rupture.
- 3. Use only battery packs recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.
- **4.** Always make sure the battery pack is installed correctly and securely. Otherwise, a battery pack could fall out and possibly cause injury.
- 5. Charge the battery pack only in an ambient temperature between 5 and 35 degrees Celsius. Otherwise, the electrolyte solution might leak, battery pack performance might deteriorate and the battery life might be shortened.
- 6. Be sure to monitor the remaining battery power. If the battery pack and real time clock battery discharge completely, Standby and Suspend will not function and data in memory will be lost. Also, the computer might register an incorrect time and date. In this case, connect the AC adaptor to recharge the batteries.
- 7. Never install or remove the battery pack without first turning off the power and disconnecting the AC adaptor. Never remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode. Data will be lost.

Note

- Never remove the battery pack while the Wake-up on LAN function is enabled. Data will be lost. Before you remove a battery pack, disable the Wake-up on LAN function.
- 2. To ensure the battery pack maintains maximum capacity, operate the computer on battery power once a week until the battery pack is fully discharged. Refer to the section Extending battery life in this chapter for procedures. If the computer is continuously operated on AC power for an extended period, more than a week, the battery might fail to retain a charge. It might not function efficiently over the expected life of the battery pack and the Battery indicator might not indicate a low-battery condition.
- 3. After the battery pack is charged, avoid leaving the AC adaptor connected and the computer turned off for more than a few hours at a time. Continuing to charge a fully-charged battery pack can damage the battery.

Charging the batteries

When the power in the battery pack becomes low, the **Battery** indicator flashes orange indicating that only a few minutes of battery power remain. If you continue to use the computer while the **Battery** indicator flashes, the computer enables Hibernation mode (so you don't lose data) and automatically turns off.



The computer enters Hibernate mode only if Hibernation is enabled in two places in TOSHIBA Power Saver: the Hibernate window and the Battery Alarm item of the Alarm window.

You must recharge a battery pack when it becomes discharged.

Procedures

To recharge a battery pack while it is installed in the computer, connect the AC adaptor to the DC IN socket and plug the other end into a working outlet.

The **Battery** indicator glows orange when the battery is being charged.



Use only the computer connected to an AC power source to charge the battery pack. Never attempt to charge the battery pack with any other charger.

Time

The following table shows the approximate time required to fully charge a discharged battery.

| | Charging time (hours) | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| Battery type | Power on | Power off | |
| Battery pack 3600mAh | 3.5 to 9or longer | about 2.6 | |
| Battery pack 4400mAh | 4 to 11 or longer | about 2.6 | |
| RTC battery | 8 | Doesn't charge | |



The charging time when the computer is on is affected by ambient temperature, the temperature of the computer and how you use the computer. If you make heavy use of external devices, for example, the battery might scarcely charge at all during operation. Refer also to the section Maximising battery operating time.

Battery charging notice

The battery may not charge right away under the following conditions:

- The battery is extremely hot or cold. If the battery is extremely hot, it might not charge at all. To ensure the battery charges to its full capacity, charge the battery at room temperature of 10° to 30°C (50° to 88°F).
- The battery is nearly completely discharged. Leave the AC adaptor connected for a few minutes and the battery should begin charging.

The **Battery** indicator may show a rapid decrease in battery operating time when you try to charge a battery under the following conditions:

- The battery has not been used for a long time.
- The battery has completely discharged and been left in the computer for a long time.
- A cool battery is installed in a warm computer.

In such case, follow the steps below.

- 1. Fully discharge the battery by leaving it in the computer with the power on until the power automatically shuts off.
- 2. Plug in the AC adaptor.
- 3. Charge the battery until the **Battery** indicator glows green.

Repeat these steps two or three times until the battery recovers normal capacity.



Leaving the AC adaptor connected will shorten battery life. At least once a month, run the computer on battery power until the battery is fully discharged, then recharge the battery.

Monitoring battery capacity

Remaining battery power can be monitored in the *Power Save Modes* window in Power Saver.



Wait at least 16 seconds after turning on the computer before trying to monitor the remaining operating time. The computer needs this time to check the battery's remaining capacity and to calculate the remaining operating time, based on the current power consumption rate and remaining battery capacity. The actual remaining operating time may differ slightly from the calculated time.

With repeated discharges and recharges, the battery's capacity will gradually decrease. Therefore, an often used, older battery will not operate for as long as a new battery even when both are fully charged. In this case, Power Save Modes window in TOSHIBA Power Saver will indicate a 100% charge for both the old and new battery, but the displayed estimated time remaining will be shorter for the older battery.

Maximising battery operating time

A battery's usefulness depends on how long it can supply power on a single charge.

How long the charge lasts in a battery depends on:

- How you configure the computer (for example, whether you enable battery-power saving options). The computer provides a battery save mode, which can be set in TOSHIBA Power Saver, to conserve battery power. This mode has the following options:
 - Processor speed
 - Monitor brightness
 - System standby
 - System hibernate
 - Turn off monitor
 - Turn off hard disks
- How often and how long you use the hard disk, CD/DVD-ROM and the diskette drive.
- How much charge the battery contained to begin with.
- How you use optional devices, such as a PC card, to which the battery supplies power.
- Enabling Standby mode conserves battery power if you are frequently turning the computer off and on.
- Where you store your programs and data.
- Closing the display when you are not using the keyboard saves power.
- Operating time decreases at low temperatures.
- The condition of the battery terminals. Make sure the battery terminals stay clean by wiping them with a clean dry cloth before installing the battery pack.

Retaining data with power off

When you turn off your computer with fully charged batteries, the computer will retain data for the following approximate time periods:

| Battery pack | about 3 days (Standby mode) |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 3600mAh | about 25 days (Boot mode) |
| Battery pack | about 3.6 days (Standby mode) |
| 4400mAh | about 30 days (Boot mode) |
| RTC battery | 1 month |

Extending battery life

To maximise the life of your battery pack:

- At least once a month, disconnect the computer from a power source and operate it on battery power until the battery pack fully discharges. Before doing so, follow the steps below.
- 1. Turn off the computer's power.
- 2. Disconnect the universal AC adaptor and turn on the computer's power. If it does not turn on go to step 4.
- 3. Operate the computer on battery power for five minutes. If the battery pack has at least five minutes of operating time, continue operating until the battery pack is fully discharged. If the **Battery** indicator flashes or there is some other warning to indicate a low battery, go to step 4.
- 4. Connect the universal AC adaptor to the computer and the power cord to a power outlet. The DC IN indicator should glow green, and the Battery indicator should glow orange to indicate that the battery pack is being charged. If the DC IN indicator does not glow, power is not being supplied. Check the connections for the universal AC adaptor and power cord.
- 5. Charge the battery pack until the **Battery** indicator glows green.
- If you have extra battery packs, rotate their use.
- If you will not be using the system for an extended period, more than one month, remove the battery pack.
- Disconnect the universal AC adaptor when the battery is fully charged. Overcharging makes the battery hot and shortens life.
- If you are not going to use the computer for more than eight hours, disconnect the universal AC adaptor.
- Store spare battery packs in a cool dry place out of direct sunlight.

Replacing the battery pack

When the battery pack reaches the end of its operating life you will need to install a new one. The life of the battery pack is generally about 500 recharges. If the **Battery** indicator flashes orange shortly after fully recharging the battery, the battery pack needs to be replaced.

You might also replace a discharged battery pack with a charged spare when you are operating your computer away from an AC power source. This section explains how to remove and install the battery pack.

Removing the battery pack

To replace a discharged battery, follow the steps below. Refer to Chapter 2, The Grand Tour, for component locations.



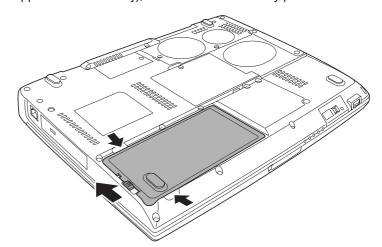
When handling battery packs, be careful not to short circuit the terminals. Also do not drop, hit or otherwise apply impact; do not scratch or break the casing and do not twist or bend the battery pack.

Do not remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode. Data is stored in RAM, so if the computer loses power it will be lost.

In Hibernation mode, data will be lost if you remove the battery and disconnect the universal AC adaptor before the save is completed. Wait for the **Built-in HDD** indicator to go out.

Do not touch the latch while holding the computer. Or you may get injured by the dropped battery by unintentional release of the latch.

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Turn the computer's power off. Make sure the Power indicator is off.
- **3.** Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- 4. Turn the computer upside down.
- 5. Slide the battery release latch to free the battery pack for removal after switching the battery safety lock into unlock position (direction opposite to the battery), then slide out the battery pack.



Releasing the battery pack



For environmental reasons, do not throw away a spent battery pack. Please return spent battery packs to your TOSHIBA dealer.

Installing the battery pack

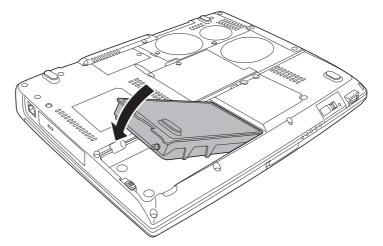
To install a battery pack, follow the steps below.



The battery pack is a lithium ion battery, which can explode if not properly replaced, used, handled or disposed of. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. Use only batteries recommended by TOSHIBA as replacements.

Do not touch the latch while holding the computer. Or you may get injured by the dropped battery by unintentional release of the latch.

- 1. Turn the computer's power off.
- 2. Disconnect all cables connected to the computer.
- 3. Insert the battery pack.
- Secure the battery pack lock. Switch the battery safety lock into lock position.(direction toward the battery)



Securing the battery pack

Starting the computer by password

To start up the computer with the user password, follow these steps:

1. Turn on the power as described in Chapter 3, *Getting Started*. The following message appears:



Password =



At this point, the hotkeys $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F1}$ to $\mathbf{F5}$ do not work. They will function after you enter the password.

- 2. Enter the password.
- 3. Press Enter.



If you enter the password incorrectly three times in a row, the computer shuts off. In this case, you must turn the computer back on to retry password entry.

Power-up modes

The computer has the following power-up modes:

- Boot: Computer shuts down without saving data. Always save your work before you turn the computer off in boot mode.
- Hibernation: Data in memory is saved to the hard disk.
- Standby: Data is maintained in the computer's main memory.



Refer also to the sections Turning on the power and Turning off the power in Chapter 3, Getting Started.

Windows utilities

You can specify the setting in TOSHIBA Power Saver.

Hot keys

You can use hot keys **Fn + F3** to enter Standby mode and **Fn + F4** to enter Hibernation. See Chapter 5, *Keyboard* for details.

Panel power off

You can set up your computer so that power turns off automatically when you close the display panel. When you open the panel, power turns on in Standby or Hibernation mode but not in boot mode.



If the panel power off function is enabled and you use Shut down Windows, do not close the display until the shut down function is completed.

System Auto Off

This feature turns the system off automatically if it is not used for a set duration. The system shuts down in Standby mode or Hibernation mode in Windows.

Chapter 7

HW Setup and Passwords

This chapter explains how to use TOSHIBA HW Setup program to configure your computer and how to set passwords.

TOSHIBA HW Setup lets you configure settings for Display, Boot Priority, Keyboard, USB, LAN, General, Password, Device Config and Parallel/Printer.



Some models are not equipped with Parallel/Printer tab and/or CPU tab.

Accessing HW Setup

To run HW Setup, click **start**, click **Control Panel** and select **TOSHIBA HW Setup**.

HW Setup window

The HW Setup window contains the following tabs: Password, General, Device Config, Parallel/Printer, Display, CPU, Boot Priority, Keyboard, USB and LAN.



Some models are not equipped with Parallel/Printer and/or CPU tabs.

| OK | Accepts your changes and closes the HW Setup window. |
|--------|---|
| Cancel | Closes the window without accepting your changes. |
| Apply | Accepts all your changes without closing the HW Setup window. |

User's Manual 7-1

General

This window displays the BIOS version and contains two buttons: **Default** and **About**.

Setup

This field displays BIOS Version and date.

Default

Click **Default** to return all HW Setup values to the factory settings.

About

Click **About** to display the HW Setup version.

Password

User Password

This option allows you to set or reset the user password for power on.

| Not Registered | Change or remove the password. (Default) |
|----------------|---|
| Registered | Set the password. A dialog box will appear to let you set the password. |

To enter a user password:

1. Select Registered to display the following prompt:



Enter Password:

2. Enter a password of up to 10 characters. (You cannot use the following characters: - ^ @ [];:,. / space.) The character string you enter is displayed as a string of asterisks. For example, if you enter a password consisting of four characters, the display is shown as:



Enter Password: ****



If you click the **OK** button before entering the password, **Not** registered will appear on the display.

Click the OK button. The following message appears, allowing you to verify the password.



Verify Password:

4. If character strings match, the password is registered and the display changes to:



The password was registered

If they do not match, the following message appears. You must repeat from step 1.



Entry Error!!!

To delete a user password:

1. Select **Not Registered** to display the following prompt:



Enter Password:

2. Enter the currently registered password. The character string you enter is displayed as a string of asterisks.



Enter Password: ****



If you click the **OK** button before entering the password, **Registered** will appear on the display.

Click the OK button. If the character string you enter matches the registered password, the password option is reset and the display changes to:



The password was deleted

If they do not match, the following message appears. You must repeat step 1.



Incorrect Password



If you enter the password incorrectly three times, the screen will display: Sorry, access denied!!! Powering off your machine then powering it back on again are required to regain access.

You will not be able to access the password option in the HW Setup. In this case you must turn the power off and back on to retry the procedure.

4. Follow the same procedures described in the earlier section, *How to set the password*, to set a new user password.

Refer to the *Supervisor password* section later in this chapter for details on setting the supervisor password.

Key FD

After you set a password, you can create a Key FD (diskette). If you forget the user password, the Key FD lets you bypass the password function.



It is a good idea to create more than one Key FD in case a Key FD is damaged or lost.

To create a Key FD follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn off the computer's power.
- 2. Connect the diskette drive to a USB port on the computer.
- 3. Set a diskette's write-protect tab to the write enable position and insert the diskette in the drive.



All data on the diskette will be destroyed.

- 4. Turn on the computer's power. Password= will be displayed on the LCD.
- 5. Enter the password.
- Press the Tab key. Insert FD Ready (Y/N) will be displayed on the LCD.
- 7. Press Y. Remove FD press key will be displayed on the LCD.
- 8. Remove the diskette and press any key.

Device Config

Device Configuration

This option lets you set the device configuration.

| All Devices | BIOS sets all devices. |
|-------------|--|
| Setup by OS | Operating system sets devices that it can control. (Default) |

Parallel/Printer

Some models are equipped with Parallel/Printer tab. This tab lets you set the Parallel Port Mode. Use the Windows Device Manager to make settings for the Parallel port.

Parallel Port Mode

The options in this tab are ECP and Standard Bi-directional.

| ECP | Sets the port type to Extended Capabilities Port (ECP). For most printers, the port should be set to ECP. (Default) |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Standard Bi- directional | This setting should be used with some other parallel devices. |

Display

This tab lets you customize your computer's display settings for either the internal LCD screen or for an external monitor.

Power On Display

Lets you use the display to be used when the computer is booted. (This setting is only available on Standard VGA mode and not available on Windows Desktop)

| Auto-Selected | Selects an external monitor if one is connected. Otherwise, it selects the internal LCD. (Default) |
|-----------------|--|
| LCD + AnalogRGB | Selects both the internal LCD and external monitor for simultaneous display. |

CPU

Celeron models are not equipped with CPU tab.

This function lets you set the CPU operating mode.

Dynamic CPU Frequency Mode

This option lets you choose from the following settings:

| Dynamically Switchable | CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is enabled. When the computer is in use, CPU operation is automatically switched when necessary. (Default) |
|---------------------------|---|
| Always High | CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at its fastest speed. |
| Always Low | CPU power consumption and clock speed automatic switching function is disabled. The CPU always runs at low power consumption and low speed. |

Boot Priority

Boot Priority Options

This option sets the priority for booting the computer. Select from the following settings:

| | FDD -> -> LAN | The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, diskette drive, CD-ROM and LAN. (Default) |
|------------------|------------------|--|
| | HDD -> -> LAN | The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: diskette drive, HDD, CD-ROM and LAN. |
| HDD -> | CD-ROM -> FDD | The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: HDD, CD-ROM, LAN and diskette drive. |
| FDD -> | CD-ROM -> HDD | The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: diskette drive, CD-ROM, LAN and HDD. |
| CD-ROM HDD -> | -> LAN -> FDD | The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: CD-ROM, LAN, HDD, diskette drive. |
| CD-ROM FDD -> | -> LAN -> HDD | The computer looks for bootable files in the following order: CD-ROM, LAN, diskette drive and HDD. |

To change the boot drive, follow the steps below.

- 1. Hold down F12 and boot the computer.
- 2. The following menu will be displayed with the following icons: Built-in HDD, CD-ROM, FDD, Network (LAN), PDA (ATA) card boot.















A bar will appear only under the selected device.

3. Use the left/right cursor keys to highlight the boot device you want and press **Enter**.



A menu change bar does not appear when a supervisor password is set and Permit to use HW Setup or BIOS SETUP in TOSHIBA Password Utility is not checked by the user intentionally, and the PC is booted under the control of the user including the case that the user password is not registered.

The selection method above does not change the boot priority settings in HW Setup.

If you press a key other than one of those above or if the selected device is not installed, the system will boot according to the current setting in HW Setup.

Support of PDA (ATA) card boot is guaranteed only for TOSHIBA PC card HDDs.

A PDA (ATA) card takes the position of HDD in the Boot Priority Options list

HDD Priority Options

If more than one HDD is installed in the computer, this option lets you set the priority for HDD detection. If the first detected HDD has a boot command, the system will boot from the HDD.

| Built-in HDD -> PC Card (Default) | HDDs are searched for a boot command in the following order: the built-in HDD, and the PC card. (Default) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| PC Card -> Built- in HDD | HDDs are searched for a boot command in the following order: the built-in HDD and the PC card. |



If a boot command is not found on the first detected HDD, the system will not boot from the other HDD. It will search the next device in the boot priority for a boot command.

Network Boot Protocol

This feature sets the protocol to remotely boot from the network.

| [PXE] | Sets PXE as the protocol. (Default) |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| [RPL] | Sets RPL as the protocol. |



The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the universal AC adaptor connected while using this feature.

Keyboard

Wake-up on Keyboard

When this feature is enabled and the computer is in Standby mode, you can turn on the computer by pressing any key. It is effective only for the internal keyboard and only when the computer is in standby mode.

| Enabled | Enables the Wake-up on Keyboard. |
|----------|---|
| Disabled | Disables the Wake-up on Keyboard. (Default) |

USB

USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation. If your operating system does not support USB, you can still use a USB mouse and keyboard by setting the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation item to Enabled.

| Enabled | Enables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation. (Default) |
|----------|--|
| Disabled | Disables the USB KB/Mouse Legacy Emulation. |

USB-FDD Legacy Emulation

Use this option to enable or disable USB-FDD Legacy Emulation.

| Enabled | Enables the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation. (Default) |
|----------|---|
| Disabled | Disables the USB-FDD Legacy Emulation. |

LAN

Wake-up on LAN

This feature lets the computer's power be turned on when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN.

| Enabled | Enables Wake-up on LAN. |
|----------|------------------------------------|
| Disabled | Disables Wake-up on LAN. (Default) |



Do not install or remove an optional memory module while Wake-up on LAN is enabled.



The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. Leave the universal AC adaptor connected while using this feature.

Built-in LAN

This feature enables or disables the Built-in LAN.

| Enabled | Enables Built-in LAN functions. (Default) | |
|----------|---|--|
| Disabled | Disables Built-in LAN functions. | |

Supervisor password

Refer to the readme file of the Supervisor Password Utility for instructions on setting the Supervisor Password.

The path to the readme file is C:\Program Files\TOSHIBA\Windows Utilities\SVPWTool. In the SVPWTool directory, open the readme.htm file.

Chapter 8

Optional Devices

Optional devices can expand the computer's capabilities and its versatility. This chapter describes connection or installation of the following devices, which are available from your TOSHIBA dealer:

Cards/memory

- PC cards
- Memory expansion

Power devices

- Battery pack
- Universal AC adaptor

Peripheral devices

- USB FDD kit
- External monitor
- TV

Other

■ Security lock

User's Manual 8-1

PC cards

The computer is equipped with a PC card expansion slot that can accommodate one 5 mm Type II card. Any PC card that meets industry standards (manufactured by TOSHIBA or other vendor) can be installed. The slot supports 16-bit PC cards, including PC card 16's multifunction card and CardBus PC cards.

CardBus supports the new standard of 32-bit PC cards. The bus provides superior performance for the greater demands of multimedia data transmission.

Inserting a PC card

The PC card connector is located on the left side of the computer.

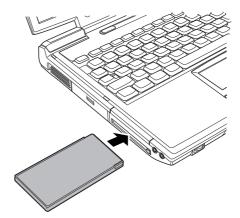
Windows' hot-install feature lets you install PC cards while the computer's power is on.



Do not install a PC card while the computer is in standby or hibernation mode. Some cards might not work properly.

To install a PC card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Insert the PC card.
- 2. Press gently to ensure a firm connection.



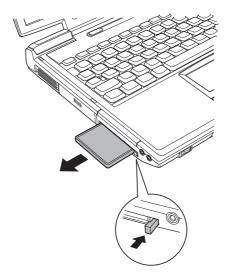
Installing the PC card

After installing the card, refer to the card's documentation and check the configuration in Windows to make sure it is appropriate for your card.

Removing a PC card

To remove the PC card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Safety Remove Hardware icon on the Task Bar.
- 2. Click PC card.
- 3. Press the PC card eject button to extend it.
- 4. Press the extended eject button to pop the card out slightly.
- 5. Pinch the PC card and remove it.



Removing the PC card

Memory expansion

You can install additional memory in the computer's memory module socket to

increase the amount of RAM. This section describes how to install and remove a memory module.



Use only memory modules approved by TOSHIBA.

Do not try to install or remove a memory module under the following conditions. You can damage the computer and the module. Also, data will be lost.

The computer is turned on.

The computer was shut down using the Stand by mode or Hibernation mode.

Wake-up on LAN is enabled.

Some memory modules can be physically installed but are not compatible with the computer. In this case the computer will issue a warning. A beep will sound when you turn on the power.

If the module is installed in slot A, there will be a long beep followed by a short beep. If the module is in slot B, there will be a long beep followed by two short beeps. If the memory module is 1 GB or more, there will be a long beep followed by four short beeps. In the case, shut down the power and remove the incompatible module.

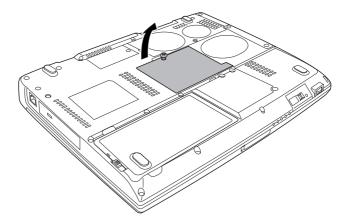


Use a 0-bit, Phillips screwdriver to remove and fasten the screws. Use of an incorrect screwdriver can damage the screw heads.

Installing memory module

Follow the steps below to install a memory module.

- 1. Set the computer to boot mode and turn off the power.
- 2. Remove all cables connected to the computer.
- 3. Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack (refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*).
- **4.** Loose a screw securing the memory module cover. The screw is attached to the cover to prevent it from being lost.
- 5. Slide your fingernail or a thin object under the cover and lift it off.



Removing the memory module cover

6. Lift one side of the insulator sheet and fit the module's connectors into the computer's connectors at about a 45 degree angle. Press the module carefully to ensure a firm connection.

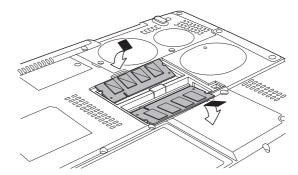


Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.



You can install the main memory module in either slot.

7. Push the module down so it lies flat. Latches on either side will click into place to secure the module.



Installing the memory module

- 8. Seat the cover and secure it with a screw.
- **9.** Replace the battery pack as described in Chapter 6, Power and Power-Up Modes.
- 10. Turn the power on and make sure the added memory is recognized. Open System Properties in the Control Panel and click the General tab.

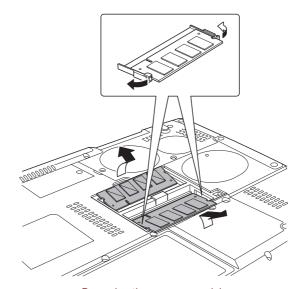
Removing memory module

To remove the memory module, make sure the computer is in boot mode then:

- Be sure the power is off and all cables are disconnected from the computer.
- **2.** Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery and a screw securing the memory module cover.
- 3. Slide your fingernail or a thin object under the cover and lift it off.
- **4.** Lift one side of the insulator and push the latches to the outside to release the module. A spring will force one end of the module up.
- 5. Grasp the module by the sides and pull it out.



If you use the computer for a long time, the memory modules will become hot. In this case, let the memory modules cool to room temperature before you replace them, or you will get burnt if you touch any of them. Do not touch the connectors on the memory module or on the computer. Debris on the connectors may cause memory access problems.



Removing the memory module

Seat the cover and secure it with a screw and replace the battery pack.

Battery pack

You can increase the portability of the computer with additional battery packs. If you're away from an AC power source and your battery runs low, you can replace it with a freshly charged battery. See Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.

Universal AC adaptor

If you frequently transport the computer between different sites such as your home and office, purchasing a universal AC adaptor for each location will reduce the weight and bulk of your carrying load.

USB FDD kit

The 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " external diskette drive module can be connected to the USB port. For details on connecting the 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " external diskette drive module, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

External monitor

An external analog monitor can be connected to the external monitor port on the computer. The computer supports VGA and Super VGA video modes. To connect a monitor, follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn the computer off.
- 2. Connect the monitor to the external monitor port.
- 3. Turn the monitor's power on.
- **4.** Turn the computer on.

When you turn on the power, the computer automatically recognizes the monitor and determines whether it is colour or monochrome.

To change the display settings, press Fn + F5. If you disconnect the monitor before you turn the computer off, be sure to press Fn + F5 to switch to the internal display. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*, for details on using hot keys to change the display setting.

TV

Some models are equipped with TV out port. You can connect a television set to the TV out jack on the computer. Follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn the computer off.
- Use the TV adaptor cable's S-Video plug (not supplied) to connect the television to the TV out port.
- 3. Turn the television on.
- 4. Turn the computer on.

You can use the hot keys **Fn + F5** to change the display device. Refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.



If a television is connected to the computer, set the TV type in Display Properties.

To set the TV type in Display Properties follow the steps below:

- 1. Click start and click Control Panel.
- 2. Double-click the **Display** icon to open the Display Properties window.
- 3. Click the **Settings** tab and click the **Advanced** button.
- Click Intel[®] Extreme Graphics tab, click Graphics Properties... button and click Devices tab.
- Select Television icon.
- Select the Video Standard list box and select the format that your TV supports.

*Please select one of them, NTSC-M, NTSC-J or PAL-B from the **Video Standard** list box though there are lots of selections.

Changing the resolution to 640x480 for TV

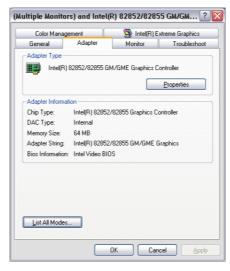
If you want to change the resolution into 640x480 because it is difficult to read characters on TV, follow the steps below.

- 1. Open Display properties and select the Settings tab.
- 2. Select Advanced.



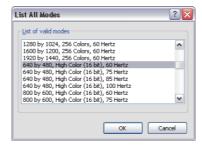
Display properties

3. Select the Adaptor tab, then select List all modes.



The Adaptor window

4. Select a resolution from the menu.

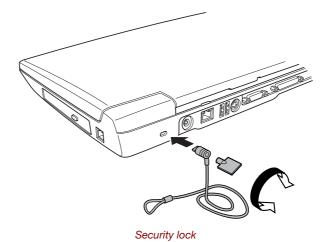


Resolution menu

Security lock

A security lock enables you to anchor your computer to a desk or other heavy object to help prevent unauthorized removal of the computer.

Attach one end of a cable to the desk and the other end to the security lock slot on the back side of the computer.



Chapter 9

Troubleshooting

TOSHIBA designed the computer for durability. However, should problems occur, following the procedures in this chapter can help to determine the cause.

All readers should become familiar with this chapter. Knowing what might go wrong can help prevent problems from occurring.

Problem solving process

Resolving problems will be much easier if you observe the following guidelines:

- Stop immediately when you recognise a problem exists. Further action may result in data loss or damage. You may destroy valuable problem-related information that can help solve the problem.
- Observe what is happening. Write down what the system is doing and what actions you performed immediately before the problem occurred. If you have a printer attached, print a copy of the screen using PrtSc SysReq.

The questions and procedures offered in this chapter are meant as a guide, they are not definitive problem solving techniques. Many problems can be solved simply, but a few may require help from your dealer. If you find you need to consult your dealer or others, be prepared to describe the problem in as much detail as possible.

User's Manual 9-1

Preliminary checklist

Consider the simplest solution first. The items in this checklist are easy to fix and yet can cause what appears to be a serious problem.

- Make sure you turn on all peripheral devices before you turn on the computer. This includes your printer and any other external device you are using.
- Before you attach an external device, turn the computer off. When you turn the computer back on it recognises the new device.
- Make sure all options are set properly in the setup program.
- Check all cables. Are they correctly and firmly attached? Loose cables can cause signal errors.
- Inspect all connecting cables for loose wires and all connectors for loose pins.
- Check that your diskette, CD/DVD-ROM is correctly inserted and that the diskette's write protect tab is correctly set.

Make notes of your observations and keep them in a permanent error log. This will help you describe your problems to your dealer. If a problem recurs, the log will help you identify the problem faster.

Analysing the problem

Sometimes the system gives clues that can help you identify why it is malfunctioning. Keep the following questions in mind:

- Which part of the system is not operating properly: keyboard, diskette drives, hard disk drive, optical media drive, display. Each device produces different symptoms.
- Is the operating system configuration set properly? Check the configuration options.
- What appears on the display screen? Does it display any messages or random characters? Print a copy of the screen if you have a printer attached. Look up the messages in the software and operating system documentation. Check that all connecting cables are correctly and firmly attached. Loose cables can cause erroneous or intermittent signals.
- Do any indicators light? Which ones? What colour are they? Do they stay on or blink? Write down what you see.
- Do you hear any beeps? How many? Are they long or short? Are they high pitched or low? Is the computer making any unusual noises? Write down what you hear.

Record your observations so you can describe them to your dealer.

Software

The problems may be caused by your software or disk. If you cannot load a software package, the media may be damaged or the program might be corrupted. Try loading another copy of the software.

If an error message appears while you are using a software package, check the software documentation. These documents usually include a problem solving section or a summary of error messages.

Next, check any error messages in the OS documentation.

Hardware

If you cannot find a software problem, check your hardware. First run through the items in the preliminary checklist above. If you still cannot correct the problem, try to identify the source. The next section provides checklists for individual components and peripherals.

Hardware and system checklist

This section discusses problems caused by your computer's hardware or attached peripherals. Basic problems may occur in the following areas:

- System start-up
- Self Test
- Power
- Password
- Keyboard
- LCD panel
- Hard disk drive
- CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive
- DVD-ROM drive
- DVD-R/RW drive
- Diskette drive

- PC card
- Pointing device
- USB
- Memory expansion
- Sound system
- Monitor
- Modem
- LAN
- Wireless I AN
- Real time clock (RTC)

System start-up

When the computer does not start properly, check the following items:

- Self Test
- Power Sources
- Power-on Password

Self test

When the computer starts up, the self test will be run automatically, and the following will be displayed:



In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA

This message remains on the screen for a few seconds.

If the self test is successful, the computer tries to load the operating system, depending on how the Boot Priority is set in the TOSHIBA HW Setup program.

If any of the following conditions are present, the self test failed:

- The computer stops and does not proceed to display information or messages except the TOSHIBA logo.
- Random characters appear on the screen, and the system does not function normally.
- The screen displays an error message.

Turn off the computer and check all cable connections as well as PC card and memory module connections. If the test fails again, contact your dealer.

Power

When the computer is not plugged into an AC outlet, the battery pack is the primary power source. However, your computer has a number of other power resources, including intelligent power supply, Real Time Clock battery. These resources are interrelated and any one could affect apparent power problems. This section provides check lists for AC power and the main battery. If you cannot resolve a problem after following them, the cause could lie with another power resource. In such case, contact your dealer.

Overheating power down

If the computer's internal temperature becomes too high, the computer will automatically shut down.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|--|--|
| Computer shuts down and DC IN indicator flashes orange | Leave the computer off until it reaches room temperature, then turn it back on. | |
| | If the computer is still too warm, the DC IN indicator will continue blinking when you turn on the power. Let it cool longer and try again. | |
| | If the computer has reached room temperature and still does not start, or if it starts but shuts down quickly contact your dealer. | |

AC power

If you have trouble turning on the computer with the AC adaptor connected, check the DC IN indicator. Refer to Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*, for more information.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|--|--|
| AC adaptor doesn't power the computer (DC IN indicator does not glow green) | Check the connections. Make sure the cord is firmly connected to the computer and a power outlet. | |
| | Check the condition of the cord and terminals. If the cord is frayed or damaged, replace it. If the terminals are soiled, wipe them with cotton or a clean cloth. | |
| | If the AC adaptor still does not power the computer, contact your dealer. | |

Battery

If you suspect a problem with the battery, check the **DC IN** indicator as well as the **Battery** indicator. For information on indicator and battery operation see Chapter 6, *Power and Power-Up Modes*.

| Procedure |
|---|
| The battery may be discharged. Connect the AC adaptor to charge the battery. |
| If the battery is completely discharged, it will not begin charging at once. Wait a few minutes. |
| If the battery still does not charge, make sure the outlet is supplying power. Plug in an appliance and see if it works. If it doesn't, try another power source. |
| Check whether the battery is hot or cold. If the battery is too hot or too cold, it will not charge properly. Let it reach room temperature. |
| Unplug the AC adaptor and remove the battery to make sure the terminals are clean. If necessary wipe them with a soft dry cloth dipped in alcohol. |
| Connect the AC adaptor and replace the battery. |
| Make sure the battery is securely seated. |
| If the indicator still does not glow, the battery may be at the end of its operating life. Replace it. |
| If you do not think the battery is at the end of its operating life, see your dealer. |
| Check the power consumption settings in TOSHIBA Power Saver Utility. Consider using a power saving mode. |
| |

Password

| Problem | Procedure |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Cannot enter or forgot password | If you created a Key FD (diskette), you can use it to start the computer. |
| | If you did not create a Key FD or cannot use it to start your computer, contact your dealer. |



For information on setting a password, refer to Chapter 7, HW Setup and Passwords.

Keyboard

Keyboard problems can be caused by your setup configuration. For more information refer to Chapter 5, *The Keyboard*.

| Problem | Procedure |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Some letter keys produce numbers | Check that the numeric keypad overlay is not selected. Press $\mathbf{Fn} + \mathbf{F10}$ and try typing again. |
| Output to screen is garbled | Make sure the software you are using is not remapping the keyboard. Remapping involves reassigning the meaning of each key. See your software's documentation. |
| | If you are still unable to use the keyboard, consult your dealer. |

LCD panel

| Problem | Procedure | |
|--|--|--|
| No display | Press hot keys Fn + F5 to change the display priority, to make sure it is not set for an external monitor. | |
| Markings appear on the LCD. | They might have come from contact with the keyboard, Touch Pad. Try wiping the LCD gently with a clean dry cloth. If markings remain, use LCD cleaner. Be sure to let the LCD dry before closing it. | |
| Problems above remain unresolved or other problems occur | Refer to your software's documentation to determine if the software is causing the difficulty. Contact your dealer if the problems continue. | |

Hard disk drive

| Problem | Procedure | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Computer does not boot from hard disk drive | Check if a diskette is in the diskette drive or a CD-ROM is in the optical media drive. Remove any diskette and/or CD-ROM and check Boot priority. Refer to Chapter 7, HW Setup. | | |
| | There may be a problem with your operating system files. Refer to your OS documentation. | | |
| Slow performance | Your files may be fragmented. Run SCANDISK and defragmenter to check the condition of your files and disk. Refer to your OS documentation or online HELP for information on running SCANDISK and the defragmenter. | | |
| | As a last resort, reformat the hard disk. Then, reload the operating system and other files. | | |
| | If problems persist, contact your dealer. | | |

DVD-ROM drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

| Problem | Procedure |
|---|--|
| You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive | Make sure the drive's drawer is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place. |
| | Open the drawer and make sure the CD/DVD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up. |
| | A foreign object in the drawer could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object. |
| | Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. See the Media care section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning. |

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not | causing a p | re or hardware configuration may be roblem. Make sure the hardware on matches your software's needs. CD/DVD's documentation. |
| | Check the t | ype of CD/DVD you are using. The orts: |
| | DVD-ROM: | DVD-ROM, DVD-Video |
| | CD-ROM: | CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), CD-G (Audio CD only), Addressing Method 2 |
| | match that codes are li | egion code on the DVD. It must on the DVD-ROM drive. Region sted in the Optical media section in The Grand Tour. |
| | If problems | persist, contact your dealer. |

CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|---|--|
| You cannot access a CD/DVD in the drive | Make sure the drive's drawer is securely closed. Press gently until it clicks into place. | |
| | Open the drawer and make sure the CD/DVD is properly seated. It should lie flat with the label facing up. | |
| | A foreign object in the drawer could block laser light from reading the CD/DVD. Make sure there is no obstruction. Remove any foreign object. | |
| | Check whether the CD/DVD is dirty. If it is, wipe it with a clean cloth dipped in water or a neutral cleaner. See the <i>Media care</i> section in Chapter 4 for details on cleaning. | |

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| Some CD/DVDs run correctly, but others do not | causing a p | re or hardware configuration may be broblem. Make sure the hardware on matches your software's needs. CD/DVD's documentation. |
| | Check the drive support | type of CD/DVD you are using. The orts: |
| | DVD-ROM: | DVD-ROM, DVD-Video |
| | CD-ROM: | CD-DA, CD-Text, Photo CD (single/multi-session), CD-ROM Mode 1, Mode 2, CD-ROM XA Mode 2 (Form1, Form2), Enhanced CD (CD-EXTRA), CD-G (Audio CD only), Addressing Method 2 |
| | match that Region cod | region code on the DVD. It must on the CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive. les are listed in the Slim Select Bay ection in Chapter 2, The Grand Tour. |
| Cannot write correctly | | trouble writing, make sure you are he following precautions: |
| | • | y media recommended by TOSHIBA. |
| | Do not writing. | use the mouse or keyboard during |
| | | y the software supplied with the er for recording. |
| | Do not writing. | run or start other software during |
| | ■ Do not j | ar the computer during writing. |
| | | connect/ disconnect external devices ll/remove internal cards during |
| | | |

Diskette drive

For more information, refer to Chapter 4, Operating Basics.

| Problem | Procedure |
|--|---|
| Drive does not operate | There may be a faulty cable connection. Check the connection to the computer and to the drive. |
| You cannot access the external 3 ½" diskette drive | Try another diskette. If you can access the diskette, the original diskette (not the drive) is probably causing the problem. If problems persist, contact your dealer. |

PC card

Refer also to Chapter 8, Optional Devices.

| Problem | Procedure |
|----------------------|--|
| PC card error occurs | Reseat the PC card to make sure it is firmly connected. |
| | Make sure the connection between the external device and the card is firm. |
| | Check the card's documentation. |
| | If problems persist, contact your dealer. |

Pointing device

If you are using a USB mouse, also refer to the *USB* section in this chapter and to your mouse documentation.

Touch pad

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|--|--|
| On-screen pointer does not respond to pad operation | The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it. | |
| Double-tapping does not work | Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility. | |
| | Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter. | |
| | 2. Click the Buttons tab. | |
| | 3. Set the double-click speed as instructed and click OK. | |
| The mouse pointer moves too fast or too slow | Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility. | |
| | Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter. | |
| | 2. Click the Pointer Options tab. | |
| | 3. Set the speed as instructed and click OK. | |
| | If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |

USB mouse

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|--|--|
| On-screen pointer does not respond to mouse operation | The system might be busy. If the pointer is shaped as an hourglass, wait for it to resume its normal shape and try again to move it. | |
| | Make sure the mouse is properly connected to the USB port. | |
| Double-clicking does not work | Try changing the double-click speed setting in the mouse control utility. | |
| | Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter. | |
| | 2. Click the Buttons tab. | |
| | 3. Set the double-click speed as instructed and click OK. | |

| Problem | Procedure |
|--|--|
| The mouse pointer moves too fast or too slow | Try changing the speed setting in the mouse control utility. |
| | Open the Control Panel, select the Mouse icon and press Enter. |
| | 2. Click the Pointer Options tab. |
| | 3. Set the speed as instructed and click OK. |
| The mouse pointer moves erratically | The mouse might be dirty. Refer to your mouse documentations for instructions on cleaning. |
| | If problems persist, contact your dealer. |
| | |

USB

Refer also to your USB device's documentation.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| USB device does not work | Check for a firm cable connection between the USB ports on the computer and the USB device. | |
| | Make sure the USB device drivers are properly installed. Refer to your Windows XP documentation for information on checking the drivers. | |
| | If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |

Memory expansion

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, for information on installing memory modules.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|---|--|
| Beep sounds. (If slot A, two beeps. If slot B, three beeps. If both, two and three | Make sure the memory module installed in the expansion slot is compatible with the computer If an incompatible module has been installed, follow the steps below. | |
| beeps. If the memory module is 1GB or | 1. Turn off the Power. | |
| more, five beeps) | Disconnect the universal AC adaptor and al peripheral devices. | |
| | 3. Remove the battery. | |
| | 4. Remove the memory module. | |
| | 5. Replace the battery and/or connect the universal AC adaptor. | |
| | 6. Turn on the power. | |
| | If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |

Sound system

Refer also to documentation for your audio devices.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| No sound is heard | Adjust the volume control dial. | |
| | Check the software volume settings. | |
| | Make sure the headphone connection is secure. If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |
| Annoying sound is heard | You may be experiencing feedback. If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |

External Monitor

Refer also to Chapter 8, *Optional Devices*, and to your monitor's documentation.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Monitor does not turn on | Make sure that the external monitor's power switch is on. Confirm that the external monitor's power cable is plugged into a working power outlet. | |
| No display | Try adjusting the contrast and brightness controls on the external monitor. | |
| | Press hot keys Fn + F5 to change the display priority and make sure it is not set for the internal display. | |
| Display error occurs | Check that the cable connecting the external monitor to the computer is attached firmly. If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |

Modem

| Problem | Procedure | |
|---|--|--|
| Communication software can't initialize modem | Make sure the computer's internal modem settings are correct. Refer to <i>Phone and Modem</i> Properties in the Control Panel. | |
| You can hear a dial tone but can't make a call | If the call is going through a PBX machine, make sure the communication application's tone dial detection feature is disabled. You can also use the ATX command. | |
| You place a call, but a connection can't be made | Make sure the settings are correct in your communications application. | |
| After making a call you can't hear a ring | Make sure the tone or pulse selection in your communications application is set correctly. You can also use the ATD command. | |
| Communication is cut off unexpectedly | The computer will automatically cut off communication when connection with the carrier is not successful for a set time interval. Try lengthening this time interval. | |
| A CONNECT display is quickly replaced by NO CARRIER | Check the error control setting in your communications application. You can also use the AT\N command. | |
| Character display becomes garbled during a communication | In data transmission, make sure the parity bit and stop bit settings correspond with those of the remote computer. Check the flow control and communication protocol. | |
| You cannot receive an incoming call | Check the rings before auto answer setting in your communications application. You can also use the ATS0 command. If problems persist, contact your dealer. | |

LAN

| Problem | Procedure | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Cannot access LAN | Check for a firm cable connection between the LAN jack and the LAN HUB. | |
| Wake-up on LAN does not work | Make sure the AC adaptor is connected. The Wake-up on LAN function consumes power even when the system is off. | |
| | If problems persist, consult your LAN administrator. | |

Wireless LAN

If the following procedures do not restore LAN access, consult your LAN administrator. For more information on wireless communication, refer to Chapter 4, *Operating Basics*.

| Problem | Procedure | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Cannot access Wireless LAN | Make sure the computer's wireless communication switch is set to on. | |
| | If problems persist, contact your LAN administrator or dealer. | |

Real Time Clock

| Problem | Procedure | |
|--|--|--|
| The following message is displayed on the LCD: RTC battery is low or CMOS checksum is inconsistent. Press [F1] key to set Date/Time. | The battery for RTC is wearing. Set the date and time in BIOS setup with the following steps: 1. Press F1 key. BIOS setup will boot up. 2. Set the date in System Date. 3. Set the time in System Time. 4. Press End key. Confirmation message will appear. | |
| | 5. Press Y key. BIOS setup will terminate and the computer will be rebooted. | |

If you need further assistance

If you require any additional help using your computer or if you are having problems operating the computer, you may need to contact TOSHIBA for additional technical assistance.

Before you call

Some problems you experience may be related to software or the operating system, it is important to investigate other sources of assistance first. Before contacting TOSHIBA, try the following:

- Review troubleshooting sections in the documentation for software and peripheral devices.
- If a problem occurs when you are running software applications, consult the software documentation for troubleshooting suggestions. Call the software company's technical support for assistance.
- Consult the dealer you purchased your computer and/or software from. They are your best sources for current information and support.

Where to write

If you are still unable to solve the problem and suspect that it is hardware related, write to TOSHIBA at the nearest location listed in appendix C.

Appendix A

Specifications

This appendix summarises the computer's technical specifications.

Environmental Requirements

| Conditions | Ambient temperature | Relative humidity |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Operating | 5°C (41°F) to 35°C (95°F) | 20% to 80% |
| Non-operating | -20°C (-4°F) to 65°C (149°F) | 10% to 95% |
| Thermal Gradient | 20°C per hour maximum | |
| Wet-bulb temperature | 26°C maximum | |
| Conditions | Altitude (from sea level) | |
| Operating | -60 to 3,000 metres | |
| Non-operating | -60 to 10,000 metres <i>maximum</i> | |
| | | |

Power Requirements

| Universal AC adaptor | 100-240 volts AC 50 or 60 hertz (cycles per second) |
|----------------------|--|
| Computer | 15 VDC 4.0/5.0 amperes |

User's Manual A-1

Built-in Modem

| Network control unit (NCU) | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Network control unit (NCO) | | | |
| Type of NCU | AA | | |
| Type of line | Telephone line (analo | gue only) | |
| Type of dialling | Pulse | | |
| | Tone | | |
| Control command | AT commands | | |
| | EIA-578 commands | | |
| Monitor function | Computer's speaker | | |
| Communication specifications | | | |
| Communication | Data: Full duplex | | |
| system | Fax: Half duplex | | |
| Communication protocol | Data ITU-T-Rec (Former CCITT) | V.21/V.22/V.22bis/V.32/ V.32bis/V.34/V.90 | |
| | Bell | 103/212A | |
| | Fax ITU-T-Rec (Former CCITT) | V.17/V.29/V.27ter/ V.21 ch2 | |
| Communication speed | Data transmission and reception speed 300/1200/2400/4800/7200/9600/12000/14400/ 16800/19200/21600/24000/26400/28800/31200/ 33600 bps | | |
| | Data reception only v 28000/29333/30666/3 36000/37333/38666/4 44000/45333/46666/3 52000/53333/54666/3 Fax 2400/4800/7200/9600 | 32000/33333/34666/ 40000/41333/42666/ 48000/49333/50666/ 56000 bps | |

| Transmitting level | -10 dBm |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Receiving level | -10 to -40 dBm |
| Input/output impedance | 600 ohms ±30% |
| Error correcting | MNP class 4 and ITU-T V.42 |
| Data compression | MNP class 5 and ITU-T V.42bis |
| Power supply | +3.3V (supplied by computer) |
| | |

Certification

This product is approved for electrical safety and/or electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) by the following associations:

ΤÜV

DIN GOST TÜV

UL

CSA

FCC



TOSHIBA declares that this product complies with the following directives to be observed for CE marking. CE-Marking is the responsibility of TOSHIBA Europe, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

| 93/68/EEC | CE marking directive |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 89/336/EEC | EMC directive |
| 73/23/EEC | Low voltage directive |
| 99/05/EEC | R&TTE Directive |
| EN 60950 | Electrical safety |
| EN 55022 | EMC / Radio disturbances |
| EN 50082-1 or EN55024 | EMC / Immunity |
| EN61000-3-2,-3-3 | Disturbances in supply systems |

Appendix B

AC Power Cord and Connectors

The power cord's AC input plug must be compatible with the various international AC power outlets and the cord must meet the standards for the country/region in which it is used. All cords must meet the following specifications:

| Length: | Minimum 2 metres |
|-----------------|--|
| Wire size: | Minimum 0.75 mm2 |
| Current rating: | Minimum 2 Amperes |
| Voltage rating: | 125 or 250 VAC (depending on country/region's power standards) |

Certification agencies

| U.S. and Canada: | UL listed and CSA certified No. 18 AWG, Type SVT or SPT-2 two conductor | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Australia: | AS | |
| Japan: | DENANHO | |
| Europe: | | |
| Austria: | OVE | |
| Belgium: | CEBEC | |
| Denmark: | DEMKO | |
| Finland: | SETI | |
| France: | UTE | |
| | | |

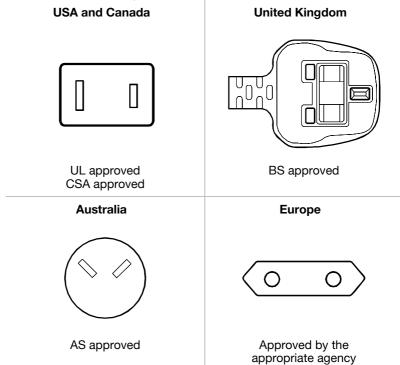
User's Manual B-1

| Germany: | VDE |
|------------------|-------|
| Italy: | IMQ |
| The Netherlands: | KEMA |
| Norway: | NEMKO |
| Sweden: | SEMKO |
| Switzerland: | SEV |
| United Kingdom: | BSI |
| | |

In Europe, power cords must be VDE type, H05VVH2-F and two conductor.

For the United States and Canada, plug configuration must be a 2-15P (250 V) or 1-15P (125 V) as designated in the U.S. National Electrical code handbook and the Canadian Electrical Code Part II.

The following illustrations show the plug shapes for the U.S.A. and Canada, the United Kingdom, Australia and Europe.



Appendix C

The TOSHIBA International Warranty

The TOSHIBA International Warranty is a service policy on the parts and repair on your TOSHIBA portable personal computer which is automatically available to purchasers of the computer.

The cover is assured in major industrial countries of the world. It means that wherever you take your TOSHIBA mobile PC in this area, you will never be left without help should any problems arise.

For more information on the warranty coverage please refer to your warranty booklet supplied with your Notebook.

What the warranty covers

The Warranty covers the computer in the standard version, including the AC adaptor. Batteries, modems, memory expansion kits and other TOSHIBA branded options, as well as third party expansion boards are NOT covered by this warranty. For information concerning warranties for these products, please consult your dealer.



If you would like to use the international warranty, please register for this warranty.(...) at the following Internet website:

http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/warranty

Once your registration has been received by TOSHIBA the warranty entitlement of your Notebook can be checked on the following Internet website:

http://gedb.toshiba.com

On the following pages is a list of the TOSHIBA Authorised Service Providers who can be contacted if a claim on the warranty needs to be made.

If users need further addresses in eastern Europe or outside Europe, these are available from the national or European companies.

The countries to which the international warranty applies can be found using the TOSHIBA Global ASP locator.

Click: Support, Find an Authorised Service Provider

User's Manual C-1

TOSHIBA's Worldwide Computer Representatives

| Australia | Toshiba (Australia) Pty. Limited 84-92 Talavera Road, North Ryde NSW 2113 | Tel: +61-2-9887-3322 Fax: +61-2-9888-3664 http://www.isd.toshiba.com.au |
|-------------------|--|---|
| Austria | Toshiba Europe GmbH Leibnizstr. 2 93055 Regensburg | Tel: 0800-29 74 88 Fax:+49-(0)941-780 79 25 www.computer.toshiba.at |
| Azerbaijan | AZEL (Azerbaijan Electronics) Floor 5, 65 Fizuli Str. 370014 Baku | Tel: +99412-974040 Fax: +99412-974042 http://www.azel.net |
| Belgium | Toshiba Information Systems Belgium Excelsiorlaan 40 1930 Zaventem | Tel: +32-900-10990 Fax: +32-2-7253030 www.toshiba.be |
| Bulgaria | IMPEX Sofia Ltd. 12, Anton Naydenov Street, PO Box 184, 1710 Sofia | Tel: +359-2-962-1219 Fax: +359-2-962-5062 |
| Canada | Toshiba of Canada Ltd. 191 McNabb Street Markham, Ontario L3R-8H2 | Tel: +1-905-470-3500 Fax: +1-905-470-3487 http://www.toshiba.ca |
| Czech Republic | CHG Service , s.r.o. Videnska 102 619 00 Brno | Tel: +420-5-4742-6581 Fax: +420-5-4742-6590 http:// www.chgservice.cz |
| Denmark | Scribona Toshiba Digital Media Hovedvejen 9 DK-2600 Glostrup | Tel: +45-3823-7600 Fax: +45-3823-7601 www.toshiba-dm.com |
| Egypt | El Araby Co. for Trading and Manufactoring P.O. Box 1224/Off Beirut St. 10, Mohammed Sabry Abolaalm Street Kourba, Heliopolis / Cairo 11511 | Tel: +202-291-6989 Fax: +202-291-6454 http://www.elaraby.com.eg |
| Estonia | ServiceNet Pärnu str. 142 11317 Tallinn | Tel: +372-6504-949 Fax: +372-6504-948 http://www.servicenet.ee |
| Finland | Scribona Suomi OY / Toshiba Digital Media Sinimäentie 8A,P.O.Box 83 02630 ESPOO | Tel: +358-9-5272555 Fax: +358-9-5272500 http://www.toshiba-dm.com |
| France | Toshiba Systèmes (France) S.A. 7 Rue Ampère ; B.P. 131 92804 Puteaux Cedex | Tel.: +33-8 92 69 70 92 Fax: +33-1-4728-2247 http://www.pc.toshiba.fr |
| Germany | Toshiba Europe GmbH Leibnizstraße 2 93055 Regensburg | Tel: 01805-23 16 32 Fax: +49-(0)941-7807-925 www.computer.toshiba.de |
| Greece | Ideal Electronics S.A. 25 Kreontos Str. 10442 Sepolia, Athens | Tel: +30-210-5193950 Fax: +30-210-5193960 http://www.ideal.gr |

| Hungary | Technotrade Informatikai Rt. Öv u, 185, 1147 Budapest | Tel: +36-1-467 6100 Fax: +36-1-252 6470 http://www.technotrade.hu |
|-------------|---|--|
| Ireland | Toshiba Information Systems (U.K.) Limited, Toshiba Court, Weybridge Business Park, Addlestone Road, Weybridge, Surrey KT15 2UL | Tel.: +353 (0)1248 1 248 Fax: + 44 (0)8702 202 303 www.toshiba.co.uk/computers/ |
| Israel | Mafil Technologies (3000) Ltd 8 Bareket Street 49517 Petah Tikwa | Tel: +972-3-918-3333 Fax: +972-3-924-1310 http://www.mafil.co.il |
| Italy | Progetto Elettronica 92.S.p.A Via de Gasperi 88a 20017 Mazzo di Rho | Tel: +39-02-9397-5551 +39-02-939 75678 Fax: +39-02-9397-5299 http://www.pe92.it |
| Japan | Toshiba Corporation, IOPC 1-1, Shibaura 1-Chome, Minato-KU Tokyo 105-01 | Tel: +81-3-3457-5565 Fax: +81-3-5444-9262 http://www.toshiba.co.jp |
| Jordan | Scientific & Medical Supplies Co. Jabal Amman, 1st Circle, Al Hayyek Street, Opposite to Housing Bank 11118 Amman | Tel: +962 (6) 4624907 Fax: +962 (6) 462858 |
| Kuwait | Arabian Business Machines Co. Salhiya-Sulaiman AL Laheeb Building 3 P.O. Box 29961, 13160 Safat | Tel: +965-242-9154 244-5373/-5369 Fax: +965-241-4399 www.abm-kuwait.com |
| Latvia | Servicenet LV Bullu Str 9 LV1055 Riga | Tel: +371-7052079 Tel: +371 7460399 Fax: + 371-7460299 http://www.servicenet.lv |
| Lebanon | Pcdealnet Diab Bldg. Mkalles Rd., P.O. Box 11-316 Beirut | Tel: +961-1-682-956 Fax: +961-1-682-955 www.pcdealnet.com |
| Lithuania | Servicenet LT verslo g. 6 Kumpiu km. Domeikava 4302 Kauno raj. | Tel: + 370 37 757586 Fax: + 370 37 757541 http://www.servicenet.lt |
| Luxemburg | See 'Netherlands' | |
| Malta | Tabone Computer Centre Limited 111 Old Railway Track HMR-16 St Venera | Tel: +356-49 36 04 Fax: +356-49 36 03 http://www.tabone.com.mt |
| Morocco | C.B.I. Lotissement Attoufik, Rue No 1 Immeuble 29, Sidi Maarouf 20190 Casablanca/ Maroc | Tel: +212- 22 43 71 60/61 Fax: +212-22 43 71 88 |
| Netherlands | Toshiba Information Systems Benelux B.V. Rivium Boulevard 41 2909 LK Capelle a/d IJssel | Tel: +31-0900-1000-1000 Fax: +31-10-2882-390 http://www.toshiba.nl |
| | | |

| Norway | Scribona Norway A/S Stålfjæra 20, P.O.Box 51, Kalbakken 0901 Oslo | Tel: +47-22-897-189 Fax: +47-22-897-166 http://www.toshiba-dm.com |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Oman (Sultanate of Oman) | Bahwan IT Sarco Building, Ground Floor No. 459, Way No. 3109 Al Noor Street, Ruwi 113 Muscat | Tel.: + 968 790191-117 Fax: +968-790 192 http://www.bahwanit.com |
| Poland | AC Serwis Sp. Z o. o. ul. Przasnyska 6b, 01-756 Warszawa | Tel: +48- 22-56-08-205 Fax: +48- 22-56-08-20 http://www.acserwis.com.pl |
| Portugal | Toshiba Information Systems Portugal Edificio D. Pedro I Quinta da Fonte 2780-730 Paço d'Arcos | Tel: +351-707265265 Fax: +351-21-000-1675 http://www.toshiba.pt |
| Qatar | Mannai Trading Company Rayyan Road, P.O. Box 76 Doha | Tel: +974 441-2555 Fax: +974 444-5413 |
| Qatar | Jarir Bookstore Qatar Al Maha Center, Ramada Crossing, Salwa Road, P.O. Box 24824, Doha | Tel: +974 444 0212 Fax: +974 444 04 32 www.jarirbookstore.com |
| Romania | Scop Computers SRL 162 Barbu Vacarescu St, Sector 2 71424 Bucharest | Tel: +40-1-231-4602 Fax: +40-1-231-4606 http://www.scop.ro |
| Russia | AC SERSO Sovetskoi Armii st. 5 127018 Moscow | Tel: +7 - 095 284 5577 Tel: +7-095 105-8161 Fax: +7-095 284 5880 http://www.cepco.ru |
| Russia | Microbit SERSO Izmailovskiy Pr.2 S.Petersburg 198005 | Tel.: +7 812 327-5700 www.microbit.ru |
| Saudi Arabia | Arabian Business Machines Co. Dareen Center, Ahsaa Road P.O. Box 2006 11451 Riyadh | Tel: +966-1 478 4909 Fax: +966-1 477 7803 www.olayangroup.com |
| Saudi Arabia | Jarir Bookstore P.O. Box 3196 Olaya Street 11471 Riyadh | Tel: +966-1 462 6000 Fax: +966-1 462 9500 www.jarirbookstore.com |
| Slovakia | HT Computers a.s. Dobrovicova 8 81109 Bratislava | Tel: +421-2-59334 550 Fax: +421-2-59334 555 http://www.htc.sk |
| Slovenia | Inea d.o.o. Stegne 11, 1117 Ljubljana | Tel: +386-1-513-81-00 Fax: +386-1-513-81-70 http://www.inea.si |

| South Africa | CS IT Solutions, CS Holdings Office Park Block D, 241 Third Road PO Box 786691 1685 Midrand | Tel: +27 (0) 11 205-7000 Fax: +27-0-11-205-8586 http://www.cs.co.za/it.htm. |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| South Africa | RECTRON (Pty) Ltd. 152 15th Road, Randjespark Midrand, 1685 | Tel: +27-0-11-203-1000 Fax: +27-0-11-203-1100 |
| Spain | Toshiba Information Systems (España) S.A. Parque Empresarial San Fernando Edificio Europa, 1a Planta, Escalera A 28830 (Madrid) San Fernando de Henares | Tel: +34-91-6606-700 Fax: +34-91-6606-760 http://www.toshiba.es |
| Sweden | Toshiba Digital Media Sundbybergsvägen 1, Box 1374 171 27 Solna | Tel: +46-200-212100 Fax: +46-8-734-4656 http://www.toshiba.se |
| Switzerland | Toshiba Europe Gmbh, Swiss Sales branch, Chriesbaumstrasse 4 Postfach 171 CH-8604 Volketswil | Tel: +41-848-845250 Fax: +41-1-908 5658 http://www.toshiba.ch |
| Turkey | Bekom Bilgisayar Sistemleri San. ve TIC. A.S. Burhaniye Mah. Neset Bey Sok. No:7 USKUDAR, ISTANBUL | Tel: +90 216 422 40 50 Fax: +90 216 422 55 20 http://www.toshibatr.com |
| Ukraine | DKT-SERSO Lesya Ukrainka blv, 26 01133 Kiev | Tel: +380-44-573-9627 Fax: +380-44-254-4646 http://www.dkt-cepco.com.ua |
| United Arab Emirates | Al-Futtaim Electronics P.O. Box 5866, Bin Ham Building, Mezzanine Floor Adjacent to BurJuman Centre, Trade Centre Road, Dubai | Tel: +971 4 351 5004 Fax: +971 4 351 4254 http://www.toshibauae.com |
| United Arab Emirates | Al-Futtaim Electronics, Central Services Operation Garhound Area, P.O. Box:531 Dubai, U.A.E. | Tel: +971 4 282 5112 Fax: +971 4 282 4094 |
| United Arab Emirates | Al-Futtaim Electronics, Central Services Operation Mina-Area, P.O. Box:26605, Abudhabi, U.A.E. | Tel: +971 2 673 3004 Fax: +971 2 673 3809 |
| United Kingdom | Toshiba Information Systems (UK) Ltd. Toshiba Court, Weybridge Business Park Addlestone Road, Weybridge Surrey KT15 2UL | Tel: +44-(0)8702 202202 Fax: + 44-(0)8702 202303 www.toshiba.co.uk/computers/ |
| United States | Toshiba America Information Systems, Inc. 9740 Irvine Blvd., P.O. Box 19724 Irvine, CA 92713-9724 | Tel: +1-949-583-3000 Fax: +1-949-583-3345 http://www.toshiba.com |
| Yugoslavia | CT Computers d.o.o. Vladimira Popovica 6 11070 Beograd | Tel: +381-11-311-2060 Fax: +381-11-311-2060 http://www.comtrade.co.yu |

TOSHIBA addresses for the Internet/World Wide Web

TOSHIBA Europe

http://www.toshiba-europe.com

TOSHIBA America

http://www.toshiba.com

TOSHIBA Japan

http://www.toshiba.co.jp

TOSHIBA Canada

http://www.toshiba.ca

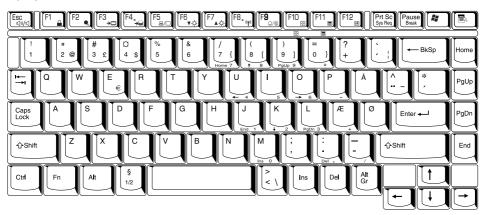
Appendix D

Keyboard Layouts

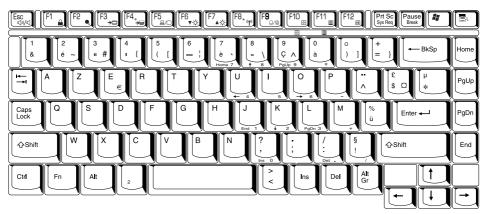


User's Manual D-1

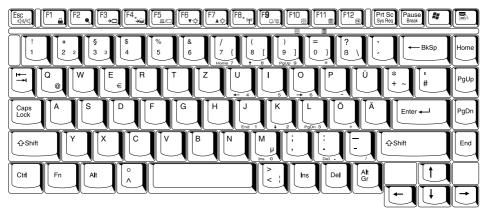
Danish



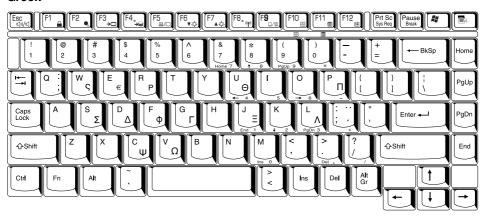
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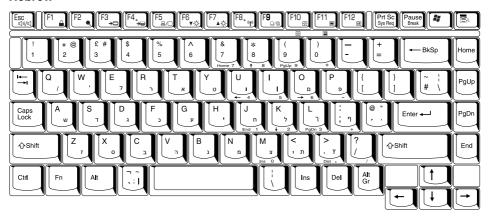
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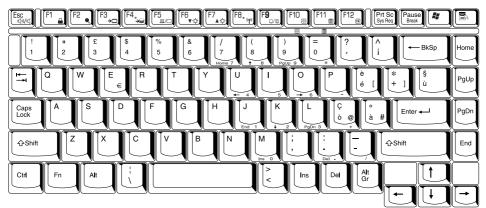
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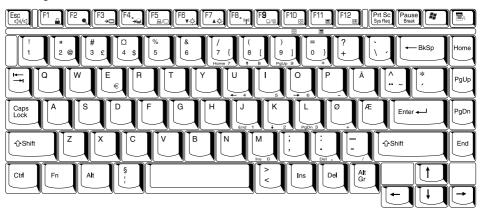
Hebrew



Italian



Norwegian



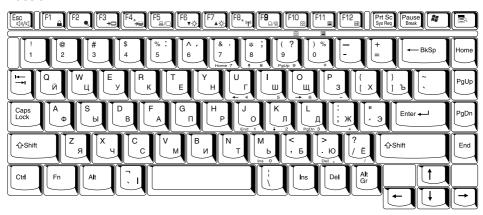
Polish



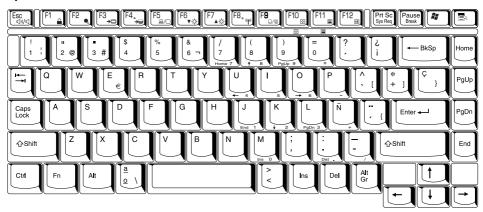
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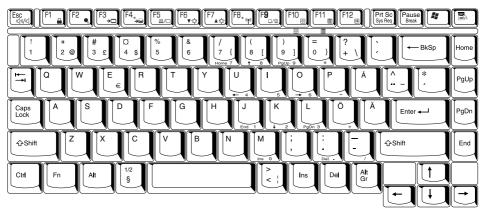
Russian



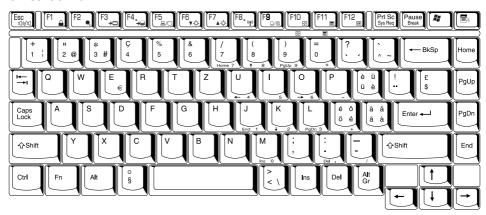
Spanish



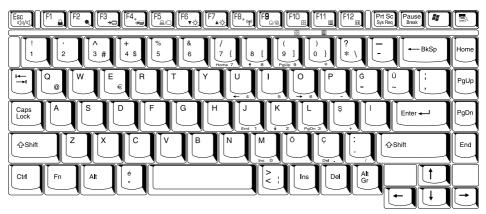
Swedish



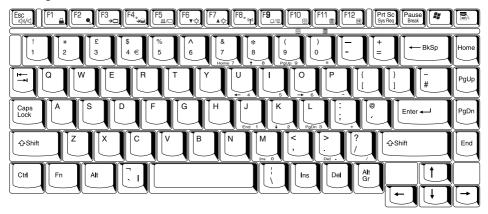
Swiss-German



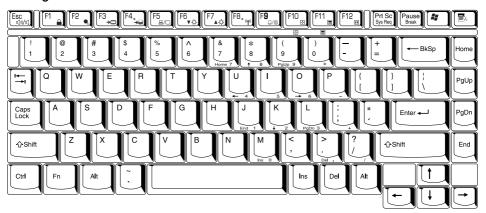
Turkish



UK English



US English



Appendix E

Display Controller and Modes

Display controller

The display controller interprets software commands into hardware commands that turn particular pels on or off.

The controller is an advanced Video Graphics Array (VGA) that provides Extended Graphics Array (XGA) support for the internal LCD and external monitors.

A high-resolution external monitor connected to the computer can display up to 1920 horizontal and 1440 vertical pixels at 16 M colors.

The display controller also controls the video mode, which uses industry standard rules to govern the screen resolution and the maximum number of colors that can be displayed on the screen.

Software written for a given video mode will run on any computer that supports the mode.

The computer's display controller supports all VGA and SVGA modes, the most widely used industry standards.

Video modes

The computer supports video modes defined in the tables below. If your application offers a selection of mode numbers that do not match the numbers on the table, select a mode based on mode type, resolution, character matrix, number of colours and refresh rates. Also, if your software supports both graphics and text modes, the screen display may appear to operate faster using a text mode.

User's Manual E-1

Table 1 Video modes (VGA)

| Video Mode | Туре | Resolution | Character matrix (pels) | LCD Colours | CRT Colours | Scanning frequency Vertical (Hz) |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| 0, 1 | VGA Text | 40 x 25 Characters | 8 x 8 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 2, 3 | VGA Text | 80 x 25 Characters | 8 x 8 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 0*, 1* | VGA Text | 40 x 25 Characters | 8 x 14 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 2*, 3* | VGA Text | 80 x 25 Characters | 8 x 14 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 0+, 1+ | VGA Text | 40 x 25 Characters | 9 x 16 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 2+, 3+ | VGA Text | 80 x 25 Characters | 9 x 16 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 4, 5 | VGA Grph | 320 x 200 Pels | 8 x 8 | 4 of 256K | 4 of 256K | 70 |
| 6 | VGA Grph | 640 x 200 Pels | 8 x 8 | 2 of 256K | 2 of 256K | 70 |
| 7 | VGA Text | 80 x 25 Characters | 9 x 14 | Mono | Mono | 70 |
| 7+ | VGA Text | 80 x 25 Characters | 9 x 16 | Mono | Mono | 70 |
| D | VGA Grph | 320 x 200 Pels | 8 x 8 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| Е | VGA Grph | 640 x 200 Pels | 8 x 8 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| F | VGA Grph | 640 x 350 Pels | 8 x 14 | Mono | Mono | 70 |
| 10 | VGA Grph | 640 x 350 Pels | 8 x 14 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 70 |
| 11 | VGA Grph | 640 x 480 Pels | 8 x 16 | 2 of 256K | 2 of 256K | 60 |
| 12 | VGA Grph | 640 x 480 Pels | 8 x 16 | 16 of 256K | 16 of 256K | 60 |
| 13 | VGA Grph | 320 x 200 Pels | 8 x 8 | 256 of 256K | 256 of 256K | 70 |

Table 2 Video modes (XGA)

| Resolution | LCD colours | CRT colours | Vertical frequency (Hz) |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 640 x 480 | 256/256K | 256/256K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 800 x 600 | 256/256K | 256/256K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1024 x 768 | 256/256K | 256/256K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1280 x 1024 | 256/256K (Virtual) | 256/256K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1400 x 1050 | 256/256K (Virtual) | 256/256K | 60 75 85 |
| 1600 x 1200 | 256/256K (Virtual) | 256/256K | 60 75 85 |
| 1920 x 1440 | 256/256K (Virtual) | 256/256K | 60 |
| 640 x 480 | 64K/64K | 64K/64K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 800 x 600 | 64K/64K | 64K/64K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1024 x 768 | 64K/64K | 64K/64K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1280 x 1024 | 64K/64K (Virtual) | 64K/64K | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1400 x 1050 | 64K/64K (Virtual) | 64K/64K | 60 75 85 |

| Resolution | LCD colours | CRT colours | Vertical frequency (Hz) |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1600 x 1200 | 64K/64K (Virtual) | 64K/64K | 60 75 85 |
| 1920 x 1440 | 64K/64K (Virtual) | 64K/64K | 60 |
| 640 x 480 | 16M/16M | 16M/16M | 60 75 85 100 |
| 800 x 600 | 16M/16M | 16M/16M | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1024 x 768 | 16M/16M | 16M/16M | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1280 x 1024 | 16M/16M (Virtual) | 16M/16M | 60 75 85 100 |
| 1400 x 1050 | 16M/16M (Virtual) | 16M/16M | 60 75 85 |
| 1600 x 1200 | 16M/16M (Virtual) | 16M/16M | 60 75 85 |
| 1920 x 1440 | 16M/16M (Virtual) | 16M/16M | 60 |

Appendix F

If your computer is stolen



Always take care of your computer and try to prevent it from being stolen. You are the owner of a valuable technical device, which may be highly attractive to thieves, so please do not leave it unattended in a public place. To further help protect against theft, security cables can be bought for use with your notebook when it is being used at home or in the office.

Make a note of your computer's machine type, model number, and serial number, and put it in a safe place. You will find this information on the underside of your notebook. Please also keep the receipt of the computer you purchased.

Should your computer be stolen, however, we'll help you try to find it. Before contacting TOSHIBA, please prepare the following information which is necessary to uniquely identify your computer:

- In which country was your computer stolen?
- What type of machine do you have?
- What was the model number (PA number)?
- What was the serial number (8 digits)?
- When was it stolen, i.e. date?
- What was the warranty seal number (if available)?
- What is your address, phone, and fax number?

To register the theft, please follow these procedures:

- Fill in the TOSHIBA Theft Registration form (or a copy of it) below.
- Attach a copy of your receipt showing where your computer was purchased.
- Either fax or send the receipt and registration form to the address below.

Your registration will be entered in a database, which is used to track TOSHIBA computers at our service points around Europe.

User's Manual F-1

TOSHIBA Theft Registration

Send to:

| | Technical Service and Support Leibnizstr. 2 93055 Regensburg Germany |
|---|---|
| Fax number: | +49 (0) 941 7807 925 |
| Country stolen: | |
| Machine type: (e.g. Satellite Pro A10) | |
| Model number: (e.g. PSA10 YXT) | |
| Serial number: (e.g. 70123456E) | |
| Date stolen: | |
| Warranty seal: (e.g. 9813 123456 049) | |
| Owner's details | |
| Name: | |
| Company: | |
| Street: | |
| Postal Code/City: | |
| Country: | |
| Phone: | |
| Fax: | |
| | |

TOSHIBA Europe GmbH

Appendix G

ASCII Character Codes

This appendix shows the American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) on the following pages. The characters in the IBM char column appear on your display when you type the corresponding ASCII code (as described in Chapter 5, The Keyboard). The characters that are printed, however, depend on the software you are using. For most software, the printed output for decimal codes 32 to 128 will match your screen display.

User's Manual G-1

| Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq | Ctrl char |
|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 000 | 00 | | 000 | NUL |
| 001 | 01 | \odot | 1 | SOH |
| 002 | 02 | • | 2 | STX |
| 003 | 03 | • | 3 | ETX |
| 004 | 04 | ♦ | 4 | EOT |
| 005 | 05 | * | 5 | ENQ |
| 006 | 06 | ^ | 6 | ACK |
| 007 | 07 | • | 7 | BEL |
| 800 | 08 | • | 8 | BS |
| 009 | 09 | 0 | 9 | HT |
| 010 | 0A | 0 | 10 | LF |
| 011 | OB | o" | 11 | VT |
| 012 | 0C | Q | 12 | FF |
| 013 | 0D | | 13 | CR |
| 014 | 0E | Ţ. | 14 | SO |
| 015 | 0F | Ø | 15 | SI |
| 016 | 10 |) | 16 | DLE |
| 017 | 11 | | 17 | DC1 |
| 018 | 12 | \$ | 18 | DC2 |
| 019 | 13 | !! | 19 | DC3 |
| 020 | 14 | ¶ | 20 | DC4 |
| 021 | 15 | § | 21 | NAK |
| 022 | 16 | - | 22 | SYN |
| 023 | 17 | <u></u> | 23 | ETB |
| 024 | 18 | \uparrow | 24 | CAN |
| 025 | 19 | \downarrow | 25 | EM |
| 026 | 1A | \rightarrow | 26 | SUB |
| 027 | 1 B | \leftarrow | 27 | ESC |
| 028 | 1C | _ | 28 | FS |
| 029 | 1D | \leftrightarrow | 29 | GS |
| 030 | 1 E | A | 30 | RS |
| 031 | 1F | ▼ | 31 | US |

| Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq | Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sor seq |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 032 | 20 | space | 32 | 064 | 40 | @ | 64 |
| 033 | 21 | ! | 33 | 065 | 41 | A | 65 |
| 034 | 22 | u | 34 | 066 | 42 | В | 66 |
| 035 | 23 | # | 35 | 067 | 43 | С | 67 |
| 036 | 24 | \$ | 36 | 068 | 44 | D | 68 |
| 037 | 25 | % | 37 | 069 | 45 | Е | 69 |
| 038 | 26 | ક | 38 | 070 | 46 | F | 70 |
| 039 | 27 | , | 39 | 071 | 47 | G | 71 |
| 040 | 28 | (| 40 | 072 | 48 | Н | 72 |
| 041 | 29 | j) | 41 | 073 | 49 | I | 73 |
| 042 | 2A | * | 42 | 074 | 4A | J | 74 |
| 043 | 2B | + | 43 | 075 | 4B | K | 75 |
| 044 | 2C | , | 44 | 076 | 4C | L | 76 |
| 045 | 2D | - | 45 | 077 | 4D | M | 77 |
| 046 | 2E | | 46 | 078 | 4E | N | 78 |
| 047 | 2F | / | 47 | 079 | 4F | 0 | 79 |
| 048 | 30 | Ó | 48 | 080 | 50 | P | 80 |
| 049 | 31 | 1 | 49 | 081 | 51 | Q | 81 |
| 050 | 32 | 2 | 50 | 082 | 52 | R | 82 |
| 051 | 33 | 3 | 51 | 083 | 53 | S | 83 |
| 052 | 34 | 4 | 52 | 084 | 54 | T | 84 |
| 053 | 35 | 5 | 53 | 085 | 55 | U | 85 |
| 054 | 36 | 6 | 54 | 086 | 56 | V | 86 |
| 055 | 37 | 7 | 55 | 087 | 57 | W | 87 |
| 056 | 38 | 8 | 56 | 088 | 58 | Χ | 88 |
| 057 | 39 | 9 | 57 | 089 | 59 | Υ | 89 |
| 058 | 3A | : | 58 | 090 | 5A | Z | 90 |
| 059 | 3B | ; | 59 | 091 | 5B | [| 91 |
| 060 | 3C | < | 60 | 092 | 5C | ` | 92 |
| 061 | 3D | = | 61 | 093 | 5D |] | 93 |
| 062 | 3E | > | 62 | 094 | 5E | ^ | 94 |
| 063 | 3F | ? | 63 | 095 | 5F | _ | 95 |

| Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq | Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 096 | 60 | , | 96 | 128 | 80 | Ç | 67 |
| 097 | 61 | a | 97 | 129 | 81 | ü | 85 |
| 098 | 62 | b | 98 | 130 | 82 | é | 69 |
| 099 | 63 | С | 99 | 131 | 83 | â | 65 |
| 100 | 64 | d | 100 | 132 | 84 | ä | 65 |
| 101 | 65 | е | 101 | 133 | 85 | à | 65 |
| 102 | 66 | f | 102 | 134 | 86 | å | 65 |
| 103 | 67 | g | 103 | 135 | 87 | Ç | 67 |
| 104 | 68 | h | 104 | 136 | 88 | ê | 69 |
| 105 | 69 | i | 105 | 137 | 89 | ë | 69 |
| 106 | 6A | j | 106 | 138 | 8A | è | 69 |
| 107 | 6B | k | 107 | 139 | 8B | ï | 73 |
| 108 | 6C | l | 108 | 140 | 8C | î | 73 |
| 109 | 6D | m | 109 | 141 | 8D | ì | 73 |
| 110 | 6E | n | 110 | 142 | 8E | Ä | 65 |
| 111 | 6F | 0 | 111 | 143 | 8F | Å | 65 |
| 112 | 70 | р | 112 | 144 | 90 | É | 69 |
| 113 | 71 | q | 113 | 145 | 91 | æ | 65 |
| 114 | 72 | r | 114 | 146 | 92 | Æ | 65 |
| 115 | 73 | S | 115 | 147 | 93 | ô | 79 |
| 116 | 74 | t | 116 | 148 | 94 | Ö | 79 |
| 117 | 75 | u | 117 | 149 | 95 | Ò | 79 |
| 118 | 76 | V | 118 | 150 | 96 | û | 85 |
| 119 | 77 | W | 119 | 151 | 97 | ù | 85 |
| 120 | 78 | Х | 120 | 152 | 98 | ÿ Ö | 89 |
| 121 | 79 | у | 121 | 153 | 99 | | 79 |
| 122 | 7A | Z | 122 | 154 | 9A | Ü | 85 |
| 123 | 7B | { | 123 | 155 | 9B | ¢ | 36 |
| 124 | 7C | } | 124 | 156 | 9C | £ | 36 |
| 125 | 7D | } | 125 | 157 | 9D | ¥ | 36 |
| 126 | 7E | ~ | 126 | 158 | 9E | Pt | 36 |
| 127 | 7F | \triangle | 127 | 159 | 9F | f | 36 |

| Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq | Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 160 | Α0 | á | 65 | 192 | C0 | | |
| 161 | A 1 | í | 73 | 193 | C1 | | |
| 162 | A2 | ó | 79 | 194 | C2 | \top | |
| 163 | A3 | ú | 85 | 195 | C3 | F | |
| 164 | A4 | ñ | 78 | 196 | C4 | | |
| 165 | A5 | Ñ | 78 | 197 | C5 | + | |
| 166 | A6 | ā | 166 | 198 | C6 | = - | |
| 167 | A7 | ō | 167 | 199 | C7 | \vdash | |
| 168 | A8 | ¿ | 63 | 200 | C8 | L | |
| 169 | A9 | | 169 | 201 | C9 | | |
| 170 | AA | \neg | 170 | 202 | CA | <u></u> | |
| 171 | AB | 1/2 | 171 | 203 | CB | 7 | |
| 172 | AC | 1/4 | 172 | 204 | CC | F | |
| 173 | AD | i | 33 | 205 | CD | == | |
| 174 | ΑE | « | 34 | 206 | CE | # | |
| 175 | AF | » | 34 | 207 | CF | <u></u> | |
| 176 | ВО | *** | | 208 | D0 | | |
| 177 | B1 | *** | | 209 | D1 | _ | |
| 178 | B2 | | | 210 | D2 | | |
| 179 | В3 | | | 211 | D3 | L | |
| 180 | B4 | Ä | | 212 | D4 | L | |
| 181 | В5 | = | | 213 | D5 | Ē | |
| 182 | В6 | - | | 214 | D6 | | |
| 183 | B7 | \neg | | 215 | D7 | + | |
| 184 | B8 | \exists | | 216 | D8 | + | |
| 185 | В9 | 4 | | 217 | D9 | i | |
| 186 | BA | | | 218 | DA | Ē | |
| 187 | BB | Ä | | 219 | DB | | |
| 188 | ВС | | | 220 | DC | = | |
| 189 | BD | | | 221 | DD | Ī | |
| 190 | BE | \exists | | 222 | DE | 7 | |
| 191 | BF | $\bar{\neg}$ | | 223 | DF | | |

| Dec code | Hex code | IBM char | Sort seq |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 224 | E0 | α | |
| 225 | E1 | ß | 83 |
| 226 | E2 | Γ | |
| 227 | E3 | Π | |
| 228 | E4 | \sum | |
| 229 | E5 | σ | |
| 230 | E6 | μ | |
| 231 | E7 | Υ | |
| 232 | E8 | Φ | |
| 233 | E9 | Θ | |
| 234 | EA | Ω | |
| 235 | EB | δ | |
| 236 | EC | φ | |
| 237 | ED | ф | |
| 238 | EE | E | |
| 239 | EF | Λ | |
| 240 | F0 | Ξ | |
| 241 | F1 | ± | |
| 242 | F2 | ≥ | |
| 243 | F3 | ≤ | |
| 244 | F4 | ſ | |
| 245 | F5 | J | |
| 246 | F6 | ÷ | |
| 247 | F7 | ≈ | |
| 248 | F8 | 0 | |
| 249 | F9 | · | |
| 250 | FA | - | |
| 251 | FB | $\sqrt{}$ | |
| 252 | FC | η 2 | |
| 253 | FD | 2 | |
| 254 | FE | | |
| 255 | FF | | |

Appendix H

Wireless LAN

This appendix describes Wireless LAN features and TOSHIBA Wireless LAN card specifications. For details on Wireless LAN settings, refer to the LAN Card Settings and Client Manager help file. These references have the latest information.

Card specifications

| ■ Mini PCI Type III |
|---|
| ■ I EEE 802.11 Standard for Wireless LANS Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) certified by the Wi-Fi Alliance.The 'Wi-Fi CERTIFIED' logo is a certification mark of the Wi-Fi Alliance. |
| ■ Microsoft Windows® Networking |
| CSMA/CA (Collision Avoidance) with Acknowledgment (ACK) |
| 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6 Mb/s (Revision A) 11/5.5/2/1 Mb/s (Revision B) 108/96/72/48/36/24/18/12 Mb/s (Turbo Mode) |
| |

User's Manual H-1

Radio Characteristics

Radio Characteristics of Wireless LAN Cards may vary according to:

- country/region where the product was purchased
- Type of product

Wireless communication is often subject to local radio regulations. Although Wireless LAN Wireless networking products have been designed for operation in the license-free 2.4GHz and 5GHz band, local radio regulations may impose a number of limitations to the use of wireless communication equipment.



Refer to the flyer "Information to the User" for regulatory information that may apply in your country/region.

| R-F Frequency | Band 5GHz (5150-5850 MHz) (Revision A, Turbo Mode)Band2.4GHz (2400-2483.5 MHz) (Revision B) |
|-------------------------|---|
| Modulation Technique | Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum ■ DSSS-CCK, DSSS-DQPSK, DSSS-DBPSK (Revision B) ■ OFDM-BPSK, OFDM-QPSK, OFDM-16QAM, OFDM-64QAM (Revision A, Turbo Mode) |

The range of the wireless signal is related to the Transmit Rate of the wireless communication. Communications at lower Transmit range may travel larger distances.

- The range of your wireless devices can be affected when the antennas are placed near metal surfaces and solid high-density materials.
- Range is also impacted due to "obstacles" in the signal path of the radio that may either absorb or reflect the radio signal.

Supported Frequency Sub-bands

Subject to the radio regulations that apply in the countries/regions, your Wireless LAN Card may support a different set of 5GHz / 2.4GHz channels.

Consult your Authorized Wireless LAN or TOSHIBA Sales office for information about the radio regulations that apply in your country/region.

Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision B)

| Frequency Range | 2400-2472 MHz |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Channel ID | |
| 1 | 2412 |
| 2 | 2417 |
| 3 | 2422 |
| 4 | 2427 |
| 5 | 2432 |
| 6 | 2437 |
| 7 | 2442 |
| 8 | 2447 |
| 9 | 2452 |
| 10 | 2457* |
| 11 | 2462 |
| | |

^{*} Factory-set default channels

When installing Wireless LAN Cards, the channel configuration is managed as follows:

- For wireless clients that operate in a Wireless LAN Infrastructure, the Wireless LAN Card will automatically start operation at the channel identified by the Wireless LAN Access Point, When roaming between different access points the station can dynamically switch to another channel if required.
- For Wireless LAN Cards installed in Wireless clients that operating in a peer-to-peer mode, the card will use the default channel 10.
- In a Wireless LAN Access Point, the Wireless LAN card will use the factory-set default channel (printed in bold), unless the LAN Administrator selected a different channel when configuring the Wireless LAN Access Point device.

Wireless IEEE 802.11 Channels Sets (Revision A)

| Frequency Range | 5150-5850 MHz | Note | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------|--|
| Channel ID | | | |
| 36 | 5180 | | |
| 40 | 5200 | | |
| 44 | 5220 | | |
| 48 | 5240 | | |
| 52 | 5260 | | |
| 56 | 5280 | | |
| 60 | 5300 | | |
| 64 | 5320 | | |
| 149 | 5745 | US only *1 | |
| 153 | 5765 | US only *1 | |
| 157 | 5785 | US only *1 | |
| 161 | 5805 | US only *1 | |
| | | | |

^{*1:} Available Area: US (USA, CANADA) only

Wireless Channels Sets (Turbo Mode)

| Fraguesay Dange | 5150-5850 MHz | Note |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Frequency Range | 3130-3630 IVITZ | NOTE |
| Channel ID | | |
| 42 | 5210 | US only *1 |
| 50 | 5250 | US only *1 |
| 58 | 5290 | US only *1 |
| 152 | 5760 | US only *1 |
| 160 | 5800 | US only *1 |

^{*1:} Available Area: US (USA, CANADA) only

Appendix I

Internal Modem Guide

This appendix describes how to install and the remove the internal modem.



Do not disassemble the computer beyond the steps described in this instruction or touch any components not specifically described.

Installing the internal modem



The internal modem is preinstalled. The following is for information only.

To install the internal modem follow the procedures below.

Installing the modem board and jack

To install the modem board and jack, follow the steps below.

- **1.** Save your data and turn off the computer.
- 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and other peripheral devices.
- **3.** Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack.
- 4. Remove one screw securing the cover.
- Slip your fingernail or a narrow object into a notch under the cover and lift off the cover.
- **6.** Remove two screws, which you use later to secure the modem board.
- 7. Connect the modern board cable and seat the modern board.
- 8. Secure the modem board with two screws removed in step 6.
- 9. Secure the cover with one screw.

User's Manual

Removing the internal modem

To remove the internal modem, follow the steps below.

- 1. Save your data and turn off the computer.
- 2. Disconnect the AC adaptor and any other peripheral device.
- **3.** Turn the computer upside down and remove the battery pack.
- 4. Remove one screw securing the modem cover.
- 5. Remove the modem cover.
- 6. Remove two screws and remove the modem board.
- 7. Disconnect the modem cable.
- 8. Secure the modem cover with one screw.
- **9.** Install the battery pack.

Refer to the installation procedures for details.

Glossary

The terms in this glossary cover topics related to this manual. Alternate naming is included for reference.



- adaptor: A device that provides an interface between two dissimilar electronic devices. For example, the AC adaptor modifies the power from a wall outlet for use by the computer. This terms also refers to the add-in circuit cards that control external devices, such as video monitors and magnetic tape devices.
- allocate: To assign a space or function for a specific task.
- alphanumeric: Keyboard characters including letters, numbers and other symbols, such as punctuation marks or mathematical symbols.
- alternating current (AC): Electric current that reverses its direction of flow at regular intervals.
- analogue signal: A signal whose characteristics such as amplitude and frequency vary in proportion to (are an analogue of) the value to be transmitted. Voice communications are analogue signals.
- **ANSI:** American National Standards Institute. An organisation established to adopt and define standards for a variety of technical disciplines. For example, ANSI defined the ASCII standard and other information processing requirements.
- antistatic: A material used to prevent the build-up of static electricity.
- application: A group of programs that together are used for a specific task such as accounting, financial planning, spreadsheets, word processing, and games, etc.
- **ASCII:** American Standard Code for Information Interchange. ASCII code is a set of 256 binary codes that represent the most commonly used letters, numbers, and symbols.

async: Short for asynchronous.

User's Manual 1

- asynchronous: Lacking regular time relationship. As applied to computer communications, asynchronous refers to the method of transmitting data that does not require a steady stream of bits to be transmitted at regular time intervals.
- **AUTOEXEC.BAT:** A batch file that executes a series of MS-DOS commands and programs each time you start the computer. This is no longer necessarily used when booting Windows NT 4.0 and higher.

B

- **backup:** A duplicate copy of files kept as a spare in case the original is destroyed.
- batch file: A file that can be executed from the system prompt containing a sequence of operating system commands or executable files. See also AUTOEXEC.BAT.
- billion byte (Bi.B): A unit of data storage equal to 1,000,000,000 bytes. See also million byte.
- binary: The base two number system composed of zeros and ones (off or on), used by most digital computers. The right most digit of a binary number has a value of 1, the next a value of 2, then 4, 8, 16, and so on. For example, the binary number 101 has a value of 5. See also ASCII.
- **BIOS:** Basic Input Output System. The firmware that controls data flow within the computer. See also firmware.
- bit: Derived from "binary digit," the basic unit of information used by the computer. It is either zero or one. Eight bits is one byte. See also byte.
- **Bluetooth:** A short-range radio technology designed to simplify wireless communication among computers, communication devices and the Internet.
- **board:** A circuit board. An internal card containing electronic components, called chips, which perform a specific function or increase the capabilities of the system.
- **boot:** Short for bootstrap. A program that starts or restarts the computer. The program reads instructions from a storage device into the computer's memory.
- **bps:** Bits per second. Typically used to describe the data transmission speed of a modem.
- **buffer:** The portion of the computer's memory where data is temporarily stored. Buffers often compensate for differences in the rate of flow from one device to another.
- **bus:** An interface for transmission of signals, data or electric power.
- **byte:** The representation of a single character. A sequence of eight bits treated as a single unit; also the smallest addressable unit within the system.

C

- cache memory: High speed memory which stores data that increases processor speed and data transfer rate. When the CPU reads data from main memory, it stores a copy of this data in cache memory. The next time the CPU needs that same data, it looks for it in the cache memory rather than the main memory, which saves time. The computer has two cache levels. Level one is incorporated into the processor and level two resides in external memory.
- capacity: The amount of data that can be stored on a magnetic storage device such as a diskette (floppy disk) or hard disk. It is usually described in terms of kilobytes (KB), where one KB = 1024 bytes and megabytes (MB), where one MB = 1024 KB.
- **Card Station II:** A device that enables one-point connection to a number of peripheral devices and provides additional ports and slots.
- card: Synonym for board. See board.
- CardBus: An industry standard bus for 32-bit PC Cards.
- **Centronics:** A printer manufacturer whose method of data transmission between a parallel printer and a computer has become an industry standard.
- CGA: Colour/graphics adaptor. A video display protocol defined by the IBM Colour/Graphics Monitor Adaptor and its associated circuitry. This protocol supports two-colour 640x200 and four-colour 320x200 graphics, and 16-colour 640x200 and 320x200 text modes.
- **character:** Any letter, number, punctuation mark, or symbol used by the computer. Also synonymous with byte.
- chassis: The frame containing the computer.
- chip: A small semiconductor containing computer logic and circuitry for processing, memory, input/output functions and controlling other chips.
- **CMOS:** Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor. An electronic circuit fabricated on a silicon wafer that requires very little power. Integrated circuits implemented in CMOS technology can be tightly packaged and are highly reliable.
- cold start: Starting a computer that is currently off (turning on the power).
- **COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4:** The names assigned to the serial and communication ports.

- **commands:** Instructions you enter at the terminal keyboard that direct the actions of the computer or its peripheral devices.
- **communications:** The means by which a computer transmits and receives data to and from another computer or device.
- **Compact Flash:** A small removable mass storage device, designed with flash technology, a non-volatile storage solution that does not require a battery to retain data indefinitely.
- compatibility: 1) The ability of one computer to accept and process data in the same manner as another computer without modifying the data or the media upon which it is being transferred. 2) the ability of one device to connect to or communicate with another system or component.
- **components:** Elements or parts (of a system) which make up the whole (system).
- **computer program:** A set of instructions written for a computer that enable it to achieve a desired result.
- computer system: A combination of hardware, software, firmware, and peripheral components assembled to process data into useful information.
- configuration: The specific components in your system (such as the terminal, printer, and disk drives) and the settings that define how your system works. You use the HW Setup program to configure your system.
- **control keys:** A key or sequence of keys you enter from the keyboard to initiate a particular function within a program.
- controller: Built-in hardware and software that controls the functions of a specific internal or peripheral device (e.g. keyboard controller).
- **CPS:** Characters per second. Typically used to indicate the transmission speed of a printer.
- **CPU:** Central processing unit. The portion of the computer that interprets and executes instructions.
- CRT: Cathode Ray Tube. A vacuum tube in which beams projected on a fluorescent screen-producing luminous spots. An example is the television set.
- **cursor:** A small, blinking rectangle or line that indicates the current position on the display screen.

D

- data bits: A data communications parameter controlling the number of bits (binary digits) used to make up a byte. If data bits = 7 the computer can generate 128 unique characters. If data bits = 8 the computer can generate 256 unique characters.
- data: Information that is factual, measurable or statistical that a computer can process, store, or retrieve.
- **DC:** Direct Current. Electric current that flows in one direction. This type of power is usually supplied by batteries.
- **default:** The parameter value automatically selected by the system when you or the program do not provide instructions. Also called a preset value.
- **delete:** To remove data from a disk or other data storage device. Synonymous with erase.
- **Desk Station V Plus:** An expansion device that provides the computer with additional ports, slots and bays.
- device driver: A program that controls communication between a specific peripheral device and the computer. The CONFIG.SYS file contains device drivers that MS-DOS loads when you turn the computer on.
- **dialog box:** A Windows element that requires the user to provide further information, such as number of copies to print.
- disk drive: The device that randomly accesses information on a disk and copies it to the computer's memory. It also writes data from memory to the disk. To accomplish these tasks, the unit physically rotates the disk at high speed past a read-write head.
- disk storage: Storing data on magnetic disk. Data is arranged on concentric tracks much like a phonograph record.
- **diskette:** A removable disk that stores magnetically encoded data used on a microcomputer. Also called floppy disk.
- display: A CRT, plasma screen, LCD, or other image producing device used to view computer output.
- documentation: The set of manual and/or other instructions written for the users of a computer system or application. Computer system documentation typically includes procedural and tutorial information as well as system functions.
- **DOS:** Disk Operating System. See operating system.
- driver: A software program, generally part of the operating system, that controls a specific piece of hardware (frequently a peripheral device such as a printer or mouse).
- dual-scan supertwisted nematic (DSTN) display: A thin-screen, passive matrix colour LCD that meets VGA standards.

Е

echo: To send back a reflection of the transmitted data to the sending device. You can display the information on the screen, or output it to the printer, or both. When a computer receives back data it transmitted to a CRT (or other peripheral device) and then retransmits the data to printer, the printer is said to echo the CRT.

EGA: Enhanced Graphics Adaptor. A video display protocol defined by the IBM Enhanced Graphics Adaptor and its associated circuitry for direct drive TTL displays that supports 16-colour/monochrome 640x350 and 16-colour 640x200 and 320x200 graphics, and 16-colour 640x350 and 320x350 text modes.

erase: See delete.

escape guard time: A time before and after an escape code is sent to the modem which distinguishes between escapes that are part of the transmitted data, and escapes that are intended as a command to the modem.

escape: 1) A code (ASCII code 27), signalling the computer that what follows are commands; used with peripheral devices such as printers and modems. 2) A means of aborting the task currently in progress.

execute: To interpret and execute an instruction.

Extended Capability Port: An industry standard that provides a data buffer, switchable forward and reverse data transmission, and run length encoding (RLE) support.

F

fast infrared: An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.

file: A collection of related information; a file can contain data, programs, or both.

firmware: A set of instructions built into the hardware which controls and directs a microprocessor's activities.

fixed disk: See hard disk.

floppy disk drive (FDD): An electromechanical device that reads and writes to floppy disks. See also diskette.

floppy disk: See diskette.

folder: An icon in Windows used to store documents or other folders.

format: The process of readying a blank disk for its first use. Formatting establishes the structure of the disk that the operating system expects before it writes files or programs onto the disk.

function keys: The keys labelled F1 through F12 that tell the computer to perform certain functions.

G

- gigabyte (GB): A unit of data storage equal to 1024 megabytes. See also megabyte.
- **GND:** Ground. An RS-232C signal used in the exchange of data between a computer and serial device.
- *graphics:* The use of drawings, pictures, or other images, such as charts or graphs, to present information.

н

- hard disk drive (HDD): An electromechanical device that reads and writes a hard disk. See also hard disk.
- hard disk: A non-removable disk usually referred to as drive C. The factory installs this disk and only a trained engineer can remove it for servicing. Also called fixed disk.
- hardware: The physical electronic and mechanical components of a computer system: typically, the computer itself, external disk drives, etc. See also software and firmware.
- **HW Setup:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various hardware components.
- hertz: A unit of wave frequency that equals one cycle per second.
- **hexadecimal:** The base 16 numbering system composed of the digits 0 through 9 and the letters A, B, C, D, E, and F.
- **host computer:** The computer that controls, regulates, and transmits information to a device or another computer.
- hotkey: A TOSHIBA feature in which certain keys in combination with the extended function key, Fn, can be used to set system parameters, such as speaker volume.
- I/O devices: Equipment used to communicate with the computer and transfer data to and from it.
- I/O: Input/output. Refers to acceptance and transfer of data to and from a computer.
- icon: A small graphic image displayed on the screen or in the indicator panel. In Windows, an icon represents an object that the user can manipulate.
- *i.LINK (IEEE1394):* This port enables high-speed data transfer directly from external devices such as digital video cameras.

- infrared port: A cableless communications port capable of using infrared signals to send serial data.
- input: The data or instructions you provide to a computer, communication device or other peripheral device from the keyboard or external or internal storage devices. The data sent (or output) by the sending computer is input for the receiving computer.
- *instruction:* Statements or commands that specify how to perform a particular task.
- interface: 1) Hardware and/or software components of a system used specifically to connect one system or device to another.2) To physically connect one system or device to another to exchange information. 3) The point of contact between user, the computer, and the program, for example, the keyboard or a menu.
- interrupt request: A signal that gives a component access to the processor.
- *IrDA 1.1:* An industry standard that enables cableless infrared serial data transfer at speeds of up to 4 Mbps.

J

jumper: A small clip or wire that allows you to change the hardware characteristics by electrically connecting two points of a circuit.

K

K: Taken from the Greek word kilo, meaning 1000; often used as equivalent to 1024, or 2 raised to the 10th power. See also byte and kilobyte.

KB: See kilobyte.

keyboard: An input device containing switches that are activated by manually pressing marked keys. Each keystroke activates a switch that transmits a specific code to the computer. For each key, the transmitted code is, in turn, representative of the (ASCII) character marked on the key.

kilobyte (KB): A unit of data storage equal to 1024 bytes. See also byte and megabyte.

L

- level 2 cache: See cache.
- **Light Emitting Diode (LED):** A semiconductor device that emits light when a current is applied.
- Liquid Crystal Display (LCD): Liquid crystal sealed between two sheets of glass coated with transparent conducting material. The viewing-side coating is etched into character forming segments with leads that extend to the edge of the glass. Applying a voltage between the glass sheets alters the brightness of the liquid crystal.
- **LSI:** Large Scale Integration. 1) A technology that allows the inclusion of up to 100,000 simple logic gates on a single chip. 2) An integrated circuit that uses the large scale integration.

M

- magiCDisc: A TOSHIBA utility that lets you create a CD-ROM data base for quick access to CD-ROM data.
- main board: See motherboard.
- **maths co-processor:** A circuit built into the processor that is dedicated to intensive math calculations.
- **MDA:** Monochrome Display Adaptor. A video display protocol defined by the IBM Monochrome Display Adaptor and its associated circuitry for direct drive TTL displays that supports a monochrome 720x350 text mode.
- megabyte (MB): A unit of data storage equal to 1024 kilobytes. See also kilobyte.
- **megahertz:** A unit of wave frequency that equals 1 million cycles per second. See also hertz.
- **Memory Stick:** An IC recording media designed to record various kinds of digital content such as still and moving images, music and computer data on a single stick.
- **menu:** A software interface that displays a list of options on the screen. Also called a screen.
- *microprocessor:* A hardware component contained in a single integrated circuit that carries out instructions. Also called the central processing unit (CPU), one of the main parts of the computer.
- million byte: A unit of data storage equal to 1,000,000 bytes.
- MMX: Refers to microprocessors with additional instructions beyond the x86 standard. The instructions were developed on the basis of multimedia code requirements and thus improve the performance of multimedia applications.
- *mode:* A method of operation, for example, the boot mode, standby mode or the hibernation mode.

- modem: Derived from modulator/demodulator, a device that converts (modulates) digital data for transmission over telephone lines and then converts modulated data (demodulates) to digital format where received.
- **monitor:** A device that uses rows and columns of pixels to display alphanumeric characters or graphic images. See CRT.
- **motherboard:** A name sometimes used to refer to the main printed circuit board in processing equipment. It usually contains integrated circuits that perform the processor's basic functions and provides connectors for adding other boards that perform special functions. Sometimes called a main board.
- **MPEG:** Moving picture coding expert group is an industry standard architecture for compression of video signals.
- **MP3:** An audio compression standard that enables high-quality transmission and real-time playback of sound files.

N

- non-system disk: A formatted diskette (floppy disk) you can use to store programs and data but you cannot use to start the computer. See system disk.
- non-volatile memory: Memory, usually read-only (ROM), that is capable of permanently storing information. Turning the computer's power off does not alter data stored in non-volatile memory.
- numeric keypad overlay: A feature that allows you to use certain keys on the keyboard to perform numeric entry, or to control cursor and page movement.

0

- **OCR:** Optical Character Recognition (reader). A technique or device that uses laser or visible light to identify characters and input them into a storage device.
- **OCR wand:** A device that reads, using an optical device, hand written or machine printed symbols into a computer. See also OCR.
- **on-line state:** A functional state of a peripheral device when it is ready to receive or transmit data.
- operating system: A group of programs that controls the basic operation of a computer. Operating system functions include interpreting programs, creating data files, and controlling the transmission and receipt (input/output) of data to and from memory and peripheral devices.
- output: The results of a computer operation. Output commonly indicates data 1) printed on paper, 2) displayed at a terminal, 3) sent through the serial port of internal modem, or 4) stored on some magnetic media.

P

- parallel interface: Refers to a type of information exchange that transmits information one byte (8 bits) at a time. See also serial interface.
- parallel: Refers to two or more processes or events that can occur simultaneously, and without interfering with each other. See also serial.
- parity: 1) The symmetrical relationship between two parameter values (integers) both of which are either on or off; odd or even; 0 or 1.
 2) In serial communications, an error detection bit that is added to a group of data bits making the sum of the bits even or odd. Parity can be set to none, odd, or even.
- password: A unique string of characters used to identify a specific user. The computer provides various levels of password protection such as user, supervisor and eject.
- **pel:** The smallest area of the display that can be addressed by software. Equal in size to a pixel or group of pixels. See pixel.
- peripheral component interconnect: An industry standard 32-bit bus.
- **peripheral device:** An I/O device that is external to the central processor and/or main memory such as a printer or a mouse.
- pixel: A picture element. The smallest dot that can be made on a display or printer. Also called a pel.
- port replicator: See Card Station II.
- **port:** The electrical connection through which the computer sends and receives data to and from devices or other computers.
- **Power Saver Utility:** A TOSHIBA utility that lets you set the parameters for various power-saving functions.
- printed circuit board (PCB): A hardware component of a processor to which integrated circuits and other components are attached. The board itself is typically flat and rectangular, and constructed of fibreglass, to form the attachment surface.
- *program:* A set of instructions a computer can execute that enables it to achieve a desired result. See also application.
- prompt: A message the computer provides indicating it is ready for or requires information or an action from you.

R

- Radio frequency interference (RFI) shield: A metal shield enclosing the printed circuit boards of the printer or computer to prevent radio and TV interference. All computer equipment generates radio frequency signals. The FCC regulates the amount of signals a computing device can allow past its shielding. A Class A device is sufficient for office use. Class B provides a more stringent classification for home equipment use. TOSHIBA portable computers comply with Class B computing device regulations.
- **RAMDRIVE:** Part of the computer's random access memory assigned to simulate a disk. RAMDRIVE is a feature of MS-DOS.
- Random Access Memory (RAM): High speed memory within the computer circuitry that can be read or written to.
- RCA jack: A single-pin connector that carries composite video signals, which include both contrast and colour information. See also S-video.
- restart: Resetting a computer without turning it off (also called 'warm boot' or 'soft reset'). To restart the computer, press Ctrl + Alt + Del while the computer is on. See also boot.
- **resume:** A feature that lets you turn off the power without first exiting a program and retain your data in RAM. When you turn on the computer, the screen appears the same as when you turned it off. Also called standby in Windows 98.
- **RGB:** Red, green, and blue. A device that uses three input signals, each activating an electron gun for a primary additive colour (red, green, and blue) or port for using such a device. See also CRT.
- RJ11: A modular telephone jack.
- **ROM:** Read Only Memory: A non-volatile memory chip manufactured to contain information that controls the computer's basic operation. You cannot access or change information stored in ROM.
- RS-232C: The Electronic Industries Association (EIA) interface standard that describes the 25-pin connector interface and control, data, and status signals that allow asynchronous communications between computers, printers, communications and other peripheral devices.

- **SCSI:** Small Computer System Interface is an industry standard interface for connection of a variety of peripheral devices.
- SD cards: Secure Digital cards are flash memory widely used in a variety of digital devices such as digital cameras and Personal Digital Assistants.
- **serial port:** A communications port to which you can connect devices, such as a modem, mouse, or serial printer.
- **serial:** The handling of data bits one after the other.
- **SIO:** Serial Input/Output. The electronic methodology used in serial data transmission.
- Smart media: A storage card of about one-thirds of the area of a conventional PC card and only 0.76mm thickness. It can be used in equipment that requires a removable memory chip for portability.
- **soft key:** Key combinations that emulate keys on the IBM keyboard, change some configuration options, stop program execution, and access the numeric keypad overlay.
- software: The set of programs, procedures and related documentation associated with a computer system. Specifically refers to computer programs that direct and control the computer system's activities. See also hardware.
- standby: See resume.
- **stop bit:** One or more bits of a byte that follow the transmitted character or group codes in asynchronous serial communications.
- subpixel: Three elements, one red, one green and blue (RGB), that make up a pixel on the colour LCD. The computer sets subpixels independently, each may emit a different degree of brightness. See also pixel.
- suspend: See resume.
- **S-video:** This connection provides separate lines for contrast and colour, which produces a video image superior to that produced by a composite connection. See also RCA jack.
- **synchronous:** Having a constant time interval between successive bits, characters or events.
- system disk: A disk that has been formatted with an operating system. For MS-DOS the operating system is contained in two hidden files and the COMMAND.COM file. You can boot a computer using a system disk. Also called an operating system disk.

Т

- **terminal:** A typewriter-like keyboard and CRT display screen connected to the computer for data input/output.
- **TFT:** Thin Film Transistor. A color LCD technology that applies individual transistors to each pixel enabling fine display control and excellent screen legibility.
- **touch pad:** A pointing device integrated into the TOSHIBA computer palm rest.
- *TTL:* Transistor-transistor logic. A logic circuit design that uses switching transistors for gates and storage.

U

USB: The Universal Serial Bus is a way to connect up to 127 devices through one connector. A new development in 1997, this offers significantly improved ease of use and reliability than earlier expansion methods.

V

- **VGA:** Video Graphics Array is an industry standard video adaptor that lets you run any popular software.
- **volatile memory:** Random access memory (RAM) that stores information as long as the computer is connected to a power source.

W

- warm start: Restarting or resetting a computer without turning it off.
- window: A portion of the screen that can display its own application or document. Often used to mean a Microsoft Windows window.
- wireless LAN: Local Area Network (LAN) through wireless communication. A short-range radio technology designed to simplify wireless communication with other LAN systems based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum radio technology that complies with the IEEE 802.11 Standard (Revision B).
- write protection: A method for protecting a diskette (floppy disk) from accidental erasure.

Z

ZV port: Zoomed Video port dedicated to high-performance video data transfer.

Index

| AC adaptor, 1-4, 2-14 additional, 1-11 indicator, 6-3 DC IN indicator, 6-3 DC IN 15V, 2-5 ASCII characters, 5-8, G-1 Diskette drive, 2-10 Display, 1-5, 2-7 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Battery Display controller, E-1 Documentation, 1-2 DVD-R/-RW drive, 2-13 DVD-ROM drive, 2-11 Charging notice, 6-9 Charging time, 6-8 extending life, 6-11 indicator, 6-2 Environmental Requirements Equipment setup | AC adaptor, 1-4, 2-14 additional, 1-11 connecting, 3-5 ASCII characters, 5-8, G-1 B Battery battery pack, 6-4 care and use of, 6-5 charging, 6-8 charging notice, 6-9 charging time, 6-8 extending life, 6-11 indicator, 6-2 installing, 6-13 monitoring capacity, 6-9 operating time, 6-8 optional charger, 1-11 pack, 2-6 real time clock, 6-5 removing, 6-12 replacing, 6-11 safety precautions, 6-5 saving power, 6-10 types, 6-4 Boot mode, 3-7 Boot Priority, 7-6 C CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, 2-12 Certification, A-3 Certification agencies, B-1 | DC IN indicator, 6-3 DC IN 15V, 2-5 Diskette drive, 2-10 Display, 1-5, 2-7 opening, 3-6 Display controller, E-1 Documentation, 1-2 DVD-R/-RW drive, 2-13 DVD-ROM drive, 2-11 E Environmental Requirements, A-1 Equipment setup computer placement, 3-2 general conditions, 3-2 Ergonomics lighting, 3-4 seating and posture, 3-3 work habits, 3-4 |

User's Manual 1

Communications, 1-7

| F | K |
|--|--|
| Fn + Ctrl, 5-3 Fn + Enter, 5-3 Fn + Esc (Sound mute), 5-4 Fn + F1 (Instant security), 5-4 Fn + F10 (Arrow mode), 5-3 Fn + F11 (Numeric mode), 5-3 Fn + F12 (ScrLock), 5-3 Fn + F2 (Power save mode), 5-4 Fn + F3 (Standby), 5-4 Fn + F4 (Hibernation), 5-4 Fn + F5 (display selection), 5-5 Fn + F6 (Display Brightness), 5-5 Fn + F7 (Display Brightness), 5-5 Fn + F8 (Wireless setting), 5-5 Fn + F9 (Touch pad), 5-5 Fn+F10 (Arrow mode), 5-6 Fn+F11 (Numeric mode), 5-7 | Keyboard, 1-5, 7-8 F1F12 function keys, 5-2 Typewriter keys, 5-1 Windows special keys, 5-6 Keyboard indicators, 2-9 Keypad overlay, 5-6 L LAN, 4-20, 7-9 LAN jack, 2-5 M Media care, 4-14 Microphone jack, 2-2 Modem, 4-15 built-in, A-2 Modem jack, 2-3 Moving the computer, 4-22 Multimedia, 1-6 |
| Hardware, 1-1 Headphone jack, 2-2 Heat dispersal, 4-23 Hibernation mode, 3-8 Hot keys, 5-4 Hotkeys Arrow mode, 5-3 Display Brightness, 5-5 display selection, 5-5 Hibernation, 5-4 Instant security, 5-4 Numeric mode, 5-3 Power save mode, 5-3 Sound mute, 5-4 Standby, 5-4 Touch pad, 5-5 Wireless setting, 5-5 HW Setup Boot Priority, 7-6 Display, 7-5 Keyboard, 7-8 LAN, 7-9 Password, 7-2 USB, 7-8 window, 7-1 | Multimedia, 1-6 N Numeric keypad, 5-6 O optical media drives, 4-3 loading discs, 4-3 removing discs, 4-7 writing CDs, 4-8 Options, 1-11 P Panel power on, 6-15 Parallel port, 2-4 Password, 7-2 starting the computer by, 6-14 PC card slot, 2-2 Pointing device, 1-5 Ports, 1-6 DC IN 15V, 2-5 External monitor port, 2-4 Headphone jack, 2-2 LAN jack, 2-5 Microphone jack, 2-2 Modem jack, 2-3 Parallel port, 2-4 PC card slot, 2-2 TV out port, 2-4 |

| Power | R |
|---|--|
| indicator, 6-3 panel power on, 6-15 Power button, 2-8 | Real time clock battery, 6-5 Restarting the computer, 3-11 Retaining data with power off, 6-10 |
| turning off, 3-7 turning on, 3-6 | S |
| Power conditions, 6-1 | Security, 1-7 |
| Power indicators, 6-2 | Security lock, 2-4 |
| Power-up modes, 6-14 Preinstalled software | Self Test, 9-4 |
| Restoring, 3-12 | Setting up, 3-1 Soft keys, 5-2 |
| Problems, 9-1 | Soft Keys |
| AC power, 9-5 | Alt Gr Key Combinations, 5-2 |
| analysing symptoms, 9-2 Battery, 9-6 | Software, 1-2, 1-7 |
| CD-RW/DVD-ROM drive, 9-9 | Special features, 1-8 Specifications, A-1 |
| Diskette drive, 9-11 | Standby mode, 3-10 |
| External Monitor, 9-14 | Stereo speakers, 2-8 |
| Hard disk drive, 9-8 hardware and system checklist, | Supervisor password, 7-9 System indicators, 2-1, 2-8 |
| 9-3 | |
| initial precautions, 9-1 | T |
| Keyboard, 9-7 LAN, 9-16 | Touch pad, 2-8, 4-1 control buttons, 2-8 |
| LCD panel, 9-7 | Troubleshooting, 9-1 |
| Memory expansion, 9-13 | TV out port, 2-4 |
| Modem, 9-15 | U |
| overheating, 9-5 Password, 9-6 | USB, 7-8 |
| PC card, 9-11 | USB diskette drive, 2-10, 4-2 |
| Pointing device, 9-12 | USB port, 2-5 |
| power sources, 9-4 preliminary checklist, 9-2 | Utilities, 1-10 |
| Real Time Clock, 9-16 | V |
| self test, 9-4 | Video modes, E-1 |
| Sound system, 9-14 | Video RAM, 1-3 |
| support from TOSHIBA, 9-17 system start-up, 9-4 | Video-out jack, 1-6 Volume control, 2-1 |
| USB, 9-13 | W |
| Wireless LAN, 9-16 | •• |
| Processor, 1-3 | Wireless communication Indicator, 2-2 |
| | switch, 2-1 |
| | wireless LAN, H-1 |
| | Wireless LAN, 4-19 Writing CDs, 4-8 |
| | writing ODS, 4-0 |